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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXIX ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 17, 1896. PRICE FIVE CENTS

IT IS ALL BRYAN'S WAY

New York Convention Is Slated To Indorse Democracy.

HINKLEY CALLS TO ORDER

John Boyd Thacher Is Selected as Gubernatorial Nominee.

INDORSEMENT PLANK HAS BEEN PREPARED

Sub-Committee on Resolutions Passed on It Late Last Night—Convention is Harmonious.

Buffalo, N. Y., September 16.—The democratic convention held a session of just one hour and eighteen minutes today and adjourned until tomorrow morning without effecting a permanent organization. It was free silver from the moment ex-Senator Thomas E. Grady took the gavel as temporary chairman.

His first utterances in favor of Bryan and Sewall and the restoration of silver were greeted with tumultuous applause, which showed plainly where the convention will stand.

Later on a resolution indorsing Bryan and Sewall and the Chicago platform, offered by J. W. Ridgway, of Kings, was greeted with cheers, but under the rules was referred without action to the committee on resolutions. The latter body put in several hours' work and agreed to present a platform tomorrow which will indorse the Chicago platform as a whole and pledge the support of the democracy of the state to the Bryan and Sewall ticket. Thomas Ryan, ex-Mayor of Syracuse, seems to be the most prominent running mate for Thacher in sight.

The convention is one of the quietest and most orderly that the democrats of the state have held in recent years. Not even a band was present at the session today. About 3,000 people were in attendance. The committees practically completed their work this evening and it is expected that one session tomorrow will be sufficient for the adoption of the platform and the naming of a ticket.

Ex-Congressman H. H. Rockwell, of Elmira, an original silver man, will be permanent chairman. Lewis W. Pratt, an office holder under President Cleveland, will present the name of John Boyd Thacher for governor.

Congressman William Sulzer's name may be presented, but there will probably be no others. No fight over platform or nominations is expected and the convention will fall far shore of being the exciting affair that was promised by the leaders.

Music hall, in which the democratic state convention met today, will seat about 3,000 people.

Tammany's delegation and the accompanying braves marched into the hall in a body. They arrived at 12 o'clock, and were the first delegates to take their seots. The absence of standards to indicate the seats of the different delegations caused some confusion. The fact that not a single portrait had a place among the decorations caused some comment.

The galleries were thrown open, and all unreserved seats were quickly filled after the arrival of Tammany. Other delegations came in rapidly, and at 12:15 o'clock two-thirds of the delegates were in their places.

John C. Sheehan and James W. Hinckley arrived at 12:28, and were cheered. Congressman Sulzer came in a moment later and was greeted with shouts and applause from the galleries.

Convention Is Called to Order.

James W. Hinckley, chairman of the state committee, called the convention to order at 12:30, and announced that the state committee had selected Thomas F. Grady, of New York, for temporary chairman.

The chair appointed Norman E. Mack, of Buffalo, and Norton Chase, of Albany, to conduct the senator to the platform.

Mr. Grady started in at once with his address and soon roused hearty applause.

The selection of the committees followed. H. H. Rockwell offered a resolution that a committee be appointed by congressional districts to report to the convention an electoral state ticket, comprising two electors at large and two electors from each of the thirty-four congressional districts. This was adopted. All other resolutions were referred, among them being this by James W. Ridgeway, of Kings county:

> Resolved, That the democracy of the state of New York, in convention assembled at the city of Buffalo, do hereby most heartily indorse and approve of the platform adopted by the national democracy at the Chicago convention in July last, and we hereby unreservedly and unequivocally ratify and approve of the nominees of said convention, William Jennings Bryan and Arthur Sewall, and pledge them our earnest and cordial support in their gallant fight for the maintenance of democracy and democratic principles.

A communication from district assembly No. 75 Knights of Labor of Brooklyn, was offered.

The communication demanded the enforcement of anti-trust laws by the attorneys general of the state and of the United States, and asked the party to pledge itself to the enactment and enforcement of a law making it a criminal offense for a corporation to issue stock in excess of the actual cash capital invested by the stockholders in the corporation.

Mr. Jennings, of Erie, offered a resolution favoring the deduction of mortgages from the value of property before assessing for taxation.

A resolution for government control of railroads was offered.

Senator Guy, of New York, offered a resolution favoring a modification of the laws relating to employes and employers. It was referred.

The committee on platform was notified to meet at 5 o'clock p. m. The convention then adjourned until tomorrow at 10 a. m.

Committee on Electors Meets.

The committee on electors met at the Iroquois hotel this afternoon, but owing to the fact that the various delegates were not aware that it was necessary to appoint men on this committee, it was found that only about a third of the districts were represented. It was impossible, therefore, to make out a complete list of electors to present to the convention tomorrow, and the work cannot be finished until the missing delegates are supplied by their respective districts.

After the committee had organized by electing Senator Charles P. McClelland, of Westchester, as chairman, the following electors at large were chosen:

Robert P. Bush, of Horseheads; Benjamin Wood, of New York. District electors were also selected.

Rockwell for Permanent Chairman.

The committee on permanent organization also met in the Iroquois hotel this afternoon and organized, with Edward M. Grout, of Kings, as chairman, and George H. Brewster, of Addison, as secretary.

The committee selected Hosea H. Rockwell, of Elmira, permanent chairman of the convention, and the other temporary officers were made permanent.

The committee on credentials met at 4:30 o'clock p. m. Charles M. Bulger, of Oswego, was elected chairman.

The committee on resolutions met shortly after 5 o'clock p. m. at the Gennessee. Bernard J. Yorke, of Kings, was made chairman.

The committee was confronted with a stack of resolutions and proposed planks a foot high, and the indications are that their session will be a prolonged one.

J. W. Hinckley declined re-election to the state committee from his, the eighteenth, district though urged to accept by the members of the delegation. A. H. Greene was elected in his place.

Chairman Hinckley wired to Senator Murphy this morning asking him to accept the place on the national committee which would be made vacant by the resignation of William F. Sheehan.

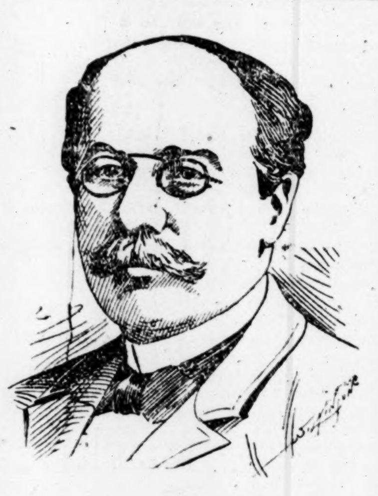
While the convention was in session he received the following telegram in reply:

"I would not accept under any conditions. I favor Frank Campbell for the place.
"EDWARD MURPHY."

A conference of anti-Thacher delegates was held this afternoon, and James W. Ridgway was urged to stand in opposition to the Albany man. He declined to be a candidate, and declared himself out of the contest.

The subcommittee on resolutions met at 10 p. m. and remained in consultation for an hour and prepared that portion of the platform relating to state issues and drafted that on national issues. There were planks touching every conceivable question presented, but all were tabled with the exception of one or two. The plank relating to national issues, which the subcommittee presented to the full committee at 11 o'clock, was as follows:

> We hereby unreservedly ratify and approve the platform adopted by the democratic national convention at Chicago. We indorse the nomination of William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, for president, and of Arthur Sewall, of Maine, for vice president, and pledge them our hearty support.



JOHN BOYD THACHER, New York.
He Is Slated for the Gubernatorial Nomination by the Convention.

The platform will be an unusually short one.

The Tammany delegates held a meeting tonight at the Genessee and devoted several hours to discussing the advisability of supporting Thacher or Sulzer for the governorship nomination. A vote was taken upon the question and resulted in Thacher receiving 88 and Sulzer 11 votes. The unit rule, after some discussion, was adopted by a vote of 98 to 1. This chokes off Sulzer's eleven Tammany supporters when it comes to bailoting in the convention.

NAMED SARGENT FOR GOVERNOR

Connecticut Democrats Nominate a Full State Ticket.

New Hoven, Conn., September 16.—The democratic state convention came to order at 10:50 o'clock this morning with nearly every delegate in his seat.

Chairman Davis opened the business of the convention by ordering the reading of the lists of committees on organization, credentials and resolutions. He then introduced William Kennedy, of Naugatuck, as chairman of the convention, who delivered an address.

Alexander Troup moved that a committee be appointed to confer with a committee of the people's party, the object being that the latter party secure representation on the electoral ticket. This was carried, the committee was appointed and the convention adjourned until 1 o'clock.

The convention reassembled at 1:15 o'clock and spent half an hour in appointing committees on rules, campaign clubs and distribution of literature. The committee on ogranization reported making the temporary organization permanent. Judge L. N. Blydenburg then read the platform which was an unreserved indorsement of the Chicago platform.

The resolutions were adopted as read with cheers. At 3 o'clock Judge L. N. Blydenburg, of New Haven, took the platform to nominate Joseph B. Sargent, of New Haven, for governor, and this was done by acclamation.

C. A. Crandall, of Norwich, was nominated for lieutenant governor.

The new state committee was then chosen, and presidential electors selected.

The ticket was completed as follows:

Treasurer, Asa Ross, of Thompson; comptroller, Edwin M. Ripley, of Unionville.

RIGHT OF SPEECH WAS DENIED.

Silver Orator Arrested by Police and a Riot Averted.

Cleveland, O., September 16.—There is an old ordinance here requiring persons to get permission before making public speeches on the public property, but it has never been enforced.

Yesterday Howard Dennis was making a free silver speech from a stand in the square when a policeman ordered him to desist. Dennis was placed under arrest. Immediately a thousand men shouted:

"Come on and tear down the log cabin!"

From the cabin floats a banner advertising a McKinley excursion to Canton. Prompt action by the police saved the cabin from destruction.

After the arrest of Dennis the log cabin part of the square was jammed with excited populace. Threats of all kinds were heard, and the police were kept busy maintaining order. Four or five hundred men shouting they desired the right of free speech moved towards the city hall. The crowd did not stand on ceremony, but bolted into the mayor's office. The mayor was not in and a dozen leaders, headed by Colonel W. S. Lipps, ran to see Director of Police Abbott. Lipps, pale with rage, demanded to know by whose order Dennis had been arrested. Abbott replied:

"I understand he was making an incendiary speech."

"He was not!" shouted Lipps.

Abbott tried to pacify them, but they returned to the square vowing they would fight for their rights if necessary. When they arrived at the square a consultation was held and there local labor leaders and free silver men attempted to address the crowd and were arrested. Mayor McKissen appeared and was hissed. He begged for a hearing, and when quiet was restored, he said the police had exceeded their authority and that he would see that the men were released, and in future whoever saw fit to speak from the stand would be protected in his right of free speech. Shouts of approval came from the crowd and several short speeches were then made.

THROUGH TWO STATES

Bryan Makes Speeches in Tennessee and North Carolina.

KNOXVILLE WELCOMES HIM

Democratic Crowds Cheer Him on His Way Along the Line.

GREAT RECEPTION ACCORDED AT ASHEVILLE

Nebraskan Speaks to an Audience of 20,000 Persons—Slept at Charlotte Last Night.

Knoxville, Tenn., September 16.—Mr. Bryan was arising at 7 o'clock when a reception committee of twenty-five Knoxville delegates boarded the train at Oliver Springs. Hon. J. W. Sneed headed the committee. Two hundred members of the Oliver Springs Silver club also boarded the train and accompanied Mr. Bryan to Knoxville.

At Clifton Mr. Bryan had just told the crowd that he never neglected the opportunity to let the people hear a free speech, when his train started. "But you won't hear this one," he added, as the rear car drew rapidly away.

Knoxville is the seat of republicanism in eastern Tennessee, but its streets were crowded with people this morning to see the democratic nominee. The train on which Mr. Bryan made the journey from Lexington, Ky., reached the Southern railway station at 8:30 a. m.

Excursion trains from all the surrounding districts had brought in carloads of farmers to swell the crowds of Knoxville people who thronged the streets. Escorted by the reception committee, Mr. Bryan was conveyed to a stand erected in front of the courthouse. Here he was introduced by ex-Governor Robert L. Taylor. On the stand were Chief Justice Snodgrass and Judges Beard, Caldwell, McAlly and Wilkes, of the supreme court of Tennessee, and Judge Clark, of the United States district court.

A crowd that approached in size the great gathering assembled by Mr. Bryan yesterday at Lexington greeted the nominee at the courthouse. Estimates of the size of the concourse crowded into court square ran as high as 20,000. Mr. Bryan was loudly cheered and his speech was frequently applauded. He said:

"It gives me great pleasure to meet the people of East Tennessee, who have assembld here in such great numbers. I am sure that when I speak for an independent financial policy my words will strike a responsive chord in the hearts of these mountain people, because the mountain people of the world have always been friends of independence and liberty. You can find among them those who are confident in their strength and who, therefore, are not willing to bow the head or bend the knee to the oppressor. I come to you as a representative of a principle paramount in this campaign. It is the right of 70,000,000 people to have just the kind of financial system that they want, whether any foreign nations help to have it or are willing for us to have it. (Great applause.)

"In this campaign, as never before in this country, have the lines been drawn between those who believe in the possibilities of America and those who believe in abject dependence upon foreign nations; and if this nation is not great enough to have a financial policy of its own, it ought to annex itself to some power that is great enough to take care of our people. (Applause.) Against the maintenance of a gold standard for one year, or forever, the democratic party has arrayed itself. We are opposed to a gold standard. We have declared an honorable opposition to it. We have commenced a war of extermination against it, a war that will not cease while there is any party or any considerable number of men who are attempting to fasten this foreign yoke upon an independent people. (Applause.)

Is Not Under False Pretenses.

"I seek no votes under false pretenses. I want no one to vote for me under this misunderstanding. If there is anyone who believes that the gold standard is a good thing, or that it should be maintained, I warn him not to cast his vote for me, because I promise him that it will not be maintained in this country longer than I am able to get rid of it. (Cheers and applause.)

"My friends, when you find a party which tells you what it wants, and tells you how it is going to get it, and what, in the judgment of those who advocate it, the effect of that policy will be, you have the right to conclude that they are honestly believing in the justice of the cause which they represent, and when you find people who use the term 'sound money' without telling you what sound money means, when you find people talking about an honest dollar and then dealing dishonestly with the people with whom they come in contact, you have a right to believe that they are not entirely devoted to the cause of the people whom they are not willing to take into their confidence. We assert that when they attempt to build a financial system upon a money which they cannot produce, that they are building up an insecure structure upon an invisible foundation, and are insulting the intelligence of those who mean what they say, and say what them mean." (Applause.)

Mr. Bryan then explained what the term 16 to 1 means, and told why there was no danger of a flood of silver. He also explained the way the money is put into circulation, and while he was in the midst of the explanation some one yelled, "Mark Hanna is going to put it into circulation."

"That is increasing the circulation," answered Mr. Bryan, "just before election in order to contract it after election." (Great applause and cheers.)

Mr. Bryan, in this connection, asked the people not to crowd him, and repeated what he said yesterday about being afraid of monopoly, and consequently not wanting to shake hands with a few to the exclusion of the many.

Mr. Bryan reached the Southern railway station to continue his journey at 9:45 o'clock a. m.

Speaks at Morristown.

The train on which Mr. Bryan left Knoxville for Asheville was a special engaged by the Knoxville committee and the candidate was provided with every comfort en route.

W. W. Bowen, assistant general superintendent of the Southern railway, who ac-

Continued on Second Page.

WARREN IS CAPTURED

Negro Thought To Be the Rapist Was Caught Yesterday.

MAY HAVE BEEN LYNCHED

People Stirred to the Highest Pitch of Indignation.

THREAT TO BURN HIM PROBABLY CARRIED OUT

Swear To Avenge the Horrible Crime Committed in Randolph County Last Monday.

Cuthbert, Ga., September 17.—3 a. m.—(Special.)—Lum Warren, the negro who so brutally assaulted Mrs. John Bass, the wife of a well-known farmer, at her home some miles from this town, has probably been captured, and by this hour his body may have been consumed at a stake placed at the scene of the terrible crime.

All yesterday and last night this county and those adjacent have been shaken with the wildest excitement. Reserved men, who would hold aloof from the thought of lynching, have been stirred to the highest pitch of indignation, and everywhere the country has been alive with bands of determined men who wished to avenge the horrible deed.

The negro supposed to be Warren was captured yesterday morning. He was in the deep recesses of Chickawatchie swamp, where he had taken refuge. Two farmers, who were with a posse which had been hunting for the negro since the deed, came upon him in his hiding place and placed him under immediate arrest. The negro at first refused to move, but two rifles were quickly held at his head, and he was marched out to the open ground.

The news spread rapidly. It became known in this town that the man had been captured and vehicles of all descriptions were put in use. The posse were hurrying with the prisoner in the direction of the Bass home. Some wished to lynch him on the spot, but the advice of cooler heads prevailed and it was decided to await his identification.

There seems to be no doubt but it is the negro who committed the horrible crime. Preparations were made late in the night to have him cremated. The last heard of the man was when a posse took him very late in the night in the direction of the crime. Nothing has been heard from the scene since midnight, but there is no doubt that the negro was lynched, and if the decision of the crowd held out he was burned at the stake.

Description of Warren.

Warren is a dark ginger cake negro, about twenty-eight years old, weighs about 160 or 170 pounds, about six feet high, wears No. 10 shoe, has long face, white front teeth, rather broad, dark eyes with rather weak expression; slender build, with very broad shoulders, walks erect with head well up.

GEN. BUCKNER WINS APPLAUSE.

Mentions Bryan and the Crowd Cheered with Wild Enthusiasm.

Memphis, Tenn., September 16.—General Simon B. Buckner, vice presidential candidate of the national gold standard party, and Colonel John R. Fellows, of New York, this evening addressed an audience of 3,000 people in the auditorium.

In the course of his speech, General Buckner mentioned the name of the democratic presidential nominee and no sooner had the word "Bryan" left his mouth than the house was the scene of a wild demonstration.

The cheering continued until the chairman of the meeting was compelled to ask the audience to give the general a respectful hearing. But it was several minutes before the audience quieted down enough for the general to remark with considerable feeling that he would not speak unless the people desired to hear him.

Colonel Fellows followed Buckner and devoted himself almost exclusively to financial issues.

WATSON SPEAKS IN LINCOLN.

Georgian Talks to Nebraskans of the Pending Campaign.

Lincoln, Neb., September 16.—The Lansing theater was crowded to the doors this afternoon, the attraction being Hon. Thomas E. Watson's address on the issues of the campaign.

Mr. Watson's speech was a defense of the populist national platform and in no sense did the vice presidential candidate refer to Mr. Sewall or to the recent election in Maine.

Mr. Watson warmly eulogized Mr. Bryan and was particularly emphatic in declaring that under no circumstances would he withdraw from the race. He left tonight for Alma, Neb., where he speaks tomorrow, and will go from this state to Colorado.

COMPLETE FUSION IN ILLINOIS.

Democrats and Populists Make a Satisfactory Combine.

Chicago, September 16.—Complete fusion between the democrats and populists of state and electoral tickets was effected today at a meeting held at the Sherman house.

Under the agreement reached the resignations of three democratic electors—Thomas L. Casey and George P. Foster, of Chicago, and George L. Lecrone, of Effingham—were tendered and accepted and the vacancies filled by the populists.

Andrew L. Maxwell, populist, was substituted for state auditor in place of Gore, withdrawn.

WILL BE NO FUSION IN INDIANA

Democrats and Populists Cannot Agree in Hoozier State.

Indianapolis, Ind., September 16.—The democratic state executive committee was in session here today considering the question of fusing with the populists.

The populists are making big demands that the democrats won't grant. Another thing that stands in the way of fusion is the threat of the sound money leaders to put a state ticket in the field. There now seems little prospect of fusion.

Debs's Attorney Runs for Congress.

Chicago, September 16.—The democrats of the third district today nominated Clarence S. Darrow for congress. Darrow was attorney for Eugene V. Debs and until recently was a populist.

TRIAL MUST PROCEED

Judge Refuses a Continuance in the Ryder Case.

JURORS HAVE BEEN DRAWN

It Will Be Several Days Before a Jury Is Selected.

MANY LADIES ARE IN ATTENDANCE

Relations of Both Ryder and His Victim Were in the Courtroom Yesterday.

Talbotton, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—The Ryder case opened this morning with more than usual interest. The question of continuance was the vital question of the hour. The question was in the minds of all, shall the courts always be the means of delaying the law?

More than the usual number of ladies were present this morning. Most of them were there as witnesses, but neither they nor the counsel knew what they were expected to testify.

Among these were Mrs. Owen and Miss Lizzie May—the mother and sister of the deceased. On the left, sitting among the attorneys and near the prisoner's seat, were Dr. Ryder's mother and his sister, Mrs. McCarthy, accompanied by two or three lady friends, and Professor Ryder.

The state introduced an affidavit from Mrs. Addie Stinson saying that she would not swear to the things stated in Dr. Ryder's affidavit.

The defense insisted upon a continuance and claimed that in the absence of the brothers and physician of the accused a trial should not be had.

The court held that as the affidavits of physicians had been made four days ago, he had decided to wire those physicians and find if those men could leave their wives now.

Awaiting a reply to these telegrams the court heard argument upon the motion for continuance, and Messrs. Carson and Guery for the defense and Martin and Hatcher for the state made strong and eloquent arguments.

Judge Martin argued that the absent parties who would swear that the prisoner was often in such condition from disease of the head and ear that he had moments when his reason and memory were dethroned, knew no more about the matter than the mother, sister and brother of the accused, who are present. He said that Dr. Felix Johnson, who was the companion of Ryder's boyhood, could swear to his condition in boyhood, but could not swear that he was insane at the time of the homicide, for the doctor was not present and had not seen Ryder for years. He said also that Dr. C. A. Ryder, a dentist, who is claimed to be an expert in the anatomy and diseases of the head because of the studies he had to pursue in his profession of dentistry, could not swear that Ryder was insane at the time of the homicide, for Dr. Ryder was not in Talbotton and had not seen his brother for months; that it was necessary to have only the condition of the accused at the time of the killing, and the witnesses in question were not necessary to a fair trial of the case, as there were others here who would swear to the same thing.

Defense Urges a Continuance.

The defense insisted on all the privileges given by the law and said that the prisoner had a right to a continuance regardless of the opinions of anyone; that the absence of what he claimed were material witnesses gave him the right to continuance. At 12 o'clock the attorneys had closed argument and the court awaiting reply to telegrams, announced that his decision would be given after the reassembling of court.

Motion Is Overruled.

At 2 o'clock Judge Butt overruled the motion for continuance.

In overruling the motion for a new trial Judge Butt said:

"I do so for the reason that I believe the state of the public mind in this county is in as good a state to give the accused a fair and impartial trial as it ever will be. If I had not believed he could have a fair trial in this county I should certainly have granted a change of venue.

"As to those absent witnesses, I shall require the state to put in writing what it agrees to admit that Mrs. Willis will swear to, and at any time during he progress of this trial the defense can get the other three witnesses here their evidence shall be taken."

While he attorneys were arranging these details the judge called for the jury box and proceeded to draw off traverse jurors.

This was continued for some time and the names drawn were watched very closely by the attorneys.

The jurors were called off and court adjourned until tomorrow to give time to summon jurors. The selection of jurors will perhaps consume several days and every step of ground will have its legal battle as the trial goes on.

STORY OF DR. RYDER'S CRIME.

How He Crept Up and Fired Upon His Victim in the Dark.

Dr. W. L. Ryder, who is on trial for his life at Talbotton, is well connected all over the state. He has two or three brothers who stand high and are men of means. He stood well in Talbotton previous to the brutal killing of Miss Owen.

The story of the killing is replete with tragedy. For a long time Dr. Ryder had been paying attention of the most marked sort to the young lady, but she had given him no apparent encouragement. He was deeply devoted to her. The killing occurred Sunday night at the residence of Mr. J. H. McCoy, in Talbotton. Her home was at Pleasant Hill, eleven miles from town. On the morning before the killing Dr. Ryder had paid a visit to the young lady at her home in the country. A number of young people were there. Late in the afternoon the entire party, including Miss Owen and her sister, returned to Talbotton and the two young ladies stopped at Mr. McCoy's. At night several of the young people at Mr. McCoy's, including Miss Lizzie May Owen, sister of Miss Sallie Emma, who was killed, went to services at the Methodist church. Miss Sallie Emma remained at Mr. McCoy's and Mr. H. A. Persons called. After 9 o'clock the party returned from church and Dr. Ryder who

Continued on Second Page.

DOES NOT APPLY TO SEABOARD.

President Hoffman Says Judge Speer's Order Refers to Southern.

Baltimore, September 16.—President R. Curzon Hoffman, of the Seaboard Air-Line, today said that after consulting with the legal department of the system he had decided that the injunction of United States Judge Speer, ordering the roads engaged in the rate war to restore the tariff in effect September 5th, did not apply to his line, as the rates it has been and is now quoting conform with the laws.

"While the Seaboard Air-Line is mentioned in the order," said Mr. Hoffman, "the injunction is really directed at the Southern Railway Company and its allies, whose reduced rates apply only to points in competition with the Seaboard, while our tariff applies to all points on the system. Therefore, it will not be necessary for us to withdraw our rates."

McCLURE WAS ANXIOUS TO DIE.

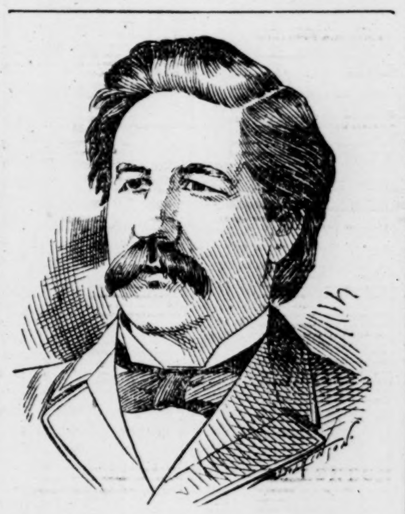
Knoxville Citizen Kills a Man Who Assaultes Three Women.

Knoxville, Tenn., September 16.—(Special.) Richard McClure, a young countryman, was killed in the resident portion of this city today by W. T. Coleman, a man of family.

McClure was drinking and rode up to a residence, dismounted, entered the house and attempted to assault a woman, who fled. Then he caught another who, after a considerable fight, made her escape, running to the home of Coleman, closely pursued by McClure.

When McClure entered the house he was put out by Coleman, who then started for the police, but the screams of his wife brought him back to find that McClure had attacked Mrs. Coleman again.

McClure grabbed Coleman and said he would kill him and was about to put his threat into execution when Coleman shot and killed him. Coleman was arrested and released on a small bond.



LLEWELLYN POWERS, OF MAINE.
He Was Elected Governor Over His Democratic Opponent.

MET HIS DEATH BY HOT METAL.

Furnace Blows Out, Causing Death and Horrible Suffering.

Chattanooga, Tenn., September 16.—(Special.)—The Embreville furnace blew out today and the hot metal completely enveloped one man named Dug White, burning him to a crisp.

Half a dozen other men were seriously burned and two of them will probably die. The cause of the blew-out has not yet been ascertained.

SHOT HUSBAND THREE TIMES.

Negro Woman Empties Pistol in the Presence of Her Children.

Raleigh, N. C., September 16.—(Special.)—Sophia Kelley, colored, shot her husband three times in the presence of their five children, near Fayetteville, today, and then left the house, leaving him dying.

TO PROTECT CZAR AND CZARINA.

Russian Imperial Party Will Be Closely Guarded Upon Arrival.

London, September 16.—Lord Salisbury had a long consultation this afternoon at the foreign office with Dr. Robert Anderson, one of the assistant commissioners of the metropolitan police force, with the result that elaborate preparations are being made at Scotland Yard for the safety of the czar and czarina upon their arrival at Leith on September 21st, on their way to visit the queen at Balmoral.

Orders have been given that no one shall be allowed upon the landing stage where the Russian imperial party will debark, except persons attired in court dress.

The landing stage will be guarded by hundreds of police and the route taken by their majesties will be lined with troops.

TRIPLE ALLIANCE SUGGESTED.

United States, Great Britain and Italy Can Prevent Use of Force.

London, September 16.—The St. James Gazette, in an article commenting upon the indifference of the European powers in regard to the Turkish massacres, proposes the formation of an alliance between the United States and Great Britain, in which Italy might possibly join.

"Alone among the nations of the earth," the Gazette says, "the Americans can understand the impulse driving a free people into war in order to rescue the oppressed. If the three powers mentioned should present a joint demand to the government at Constantinople it is improbable that any serious employment of force would be necessary."

BELL WILL BE TAKEN TO LONDON

Alleged Dynamiter Declined To Talk When Arraigned.

Glasgow, September 16.—Edward Bell, the alleged dynamiter, who was arrested here Saturday, was again arraigned in court this morning and ordered to London, for which place he will start this evening in charge of officers from Scotland Yard.

Bell declined to say anything before the magistrate here, and would not even speak to the officers who were guarding him. After he was returned to his cell he continued his cool demeanor and maintained his absolute reticence.

IS WARM FOR WEYLER

Gets in Trouble by Trying To Force a Financial Policy.

BANKERS WON'T BE PATRIOTIC

Spanish Soldiers Make Evidence Against an American.

PLACED DOCUMENTS AMONG HIS PAPERS

Daughter of the Family Saw the Act and Appealed to General Fitzhugh Lee.

Havana, September 16, via Key West, Fla., September 16.—The money question is the all-absorbing topic of the hour. Ever since General Weyler issued his famous decree ordering the Spanish bank's paper money to be accepted at par with gold it was foreseen that serious complications would arise, because not having the government's proper guarantee it could not be accepted as a circulating medium.

The government is doing all in its power to sustain the value of the paper, theatening with severe penalties all who refuse to accept it on the same same basis with gold. The Spanish bank, with the assistance of the government, in order to uphold its paper, announced its willingness to accept it in payment of drafts on Spain, but one of the local bankers—as a test case—solicited from the bank a draft on Spain for $15,000. The bank refused on the ground that it could not furnish bills to bankers who did not admit its paper in payment of their exchanges. By repudiating its own paper the bank has initiated a crisis in financial circles, which has upset the money market, and, there is every reason to believe, will end in a commercial panic.

Many efforts are being made to avert disaster by inducing General Weyler to allow the quotation on exchange of the paper currency, that everybody should know its exact intrinsic value, but it seems, Weyler stands firm on his decree, and does not allow the least variation of his orders. The result is that ever since then the stock and gold exchange has not done any operations, and all quotations are considered nominal.

On the other hand, all the bankers, in order to evade the penalties of Weyler's decree, by refusing the acceptance of paper in payment of drafts, have decided to close their exchange departments, alleging that they have no funds abroad to check against—except when they are offered gold in payment—then the drafts are furnished.

The governor of the Spanish bank called a meeting of all the bankers three days ago to see how the financial difficulty could be solved, but no definite agreement was reached, and the situation continues the same. As a natural consequence of this state of affairs the exportation of gold and silver is being carried on to a great extent, all the outgoing steamers carrying considerable quantities of the precious metals to Spain and the United States, this being attributed to the great distrust existing among the wealthy classes regarding future prospects, which certainly are not bright.

Spanish Treachery Practiced.

The announcement that the wholesale arrests of prominent citizens made Sunday last was simply a government plot to remove what it believes obnoxious persons has been fully confirmed, at least in the case of Mr. Alfredo Hornandez Huguet, the American citizen arrested.

When the police overran his house in search of incriminating papers, his daughter saw one of the men introducing a suspicious document among his papers, and seizing him by the arm strongly protested against the infamous act he was committing, but it was of no avail, for they carried that document as convincing proof of his guilt.

She then went to see Consul Lee and told him her tale, and when the consul asked her if she had the courage to lay the facts before General Weyler, she unhesitatingly assented. It is understood both went to see the general, and that he refused to listen to her, on the ground that he was not the judge that had to decide the case, and that she should give her testimony to the judge who is investigating these matters.

Military Operations at a Standstill.

The military operations are practically on a standstill. No fighting is reported on either side. It is reported that the rebels are making a strong concentration of forces all around the country, pesumably obeying Gomez's orders for the coming campaign, which it is said will be tremendous.

All sorts of wild rumors are afloat as to his future intentions. Some believe he will come with fire and sword, laying everything waste in his track, destroying all the sugar estates, farms, villages and towns he meets on his way; others, that he will simply come and make a big fight in this province.

The real truth cannot be ascertained, for Gomez is too wise a man to let everybody know his plans, but the general presumption is, that he will re-invade the central provinces with a large force very soon, and come into this section to do general fighting, and, as it appears he has considerable war material at his disposal, exciting times are expected.

BIG CHANGE IN FIFTEEN HOURS.

Negro Steals a Horse, Is Caught, Tried and Convicted in a Day.

Toccoa, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—C. L. Mize went to his stable yesterday morning to feed and found his horse missing. He investigated and found tracks leading toward Clarksville, where court is in session. He pursued and overtook the animal in charge of a negro named Williams, who had stolen him.

Mr. Mize took charge of the negro and turned him over to the sheriff. A true bill was at once found by the grand jury and the case was called in court.

Williams pleaded guilty and was sentenced to twelve months in the chaingang. The sentence was passed just fifteen hours after the horse was stolen.

PEAR AND PLUM TREES DAMAGE

San Jose Scale Makes Its Appearance in North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., September 16.—(Special.)—The state agricultural department is advised of the appearance at Durham on pear and plum trees of the much dreaded San Jose scale insect which has done immense damage to California fruit trees. It is its first appearance in North Carolina.

EVANS IS BLAMELESS

Liquor Commissioner Says the Governor Did Not Get a Cent.

WAS A SHORT INVESTIGATION

Board Hears a Half Dozen Witnesses and Adjourns.

INQUIRY WAS NOT AT ALL SEARCHING

Legislature About the Only Body That Can Look Thoroughly Into the Sensational Charges.

Columbia, S. C., September 16.—(Special.) Those who have been on the inside were not surprised when the board of control at midnight tonight postponed any action on the dispensary investigation until its next meeting in October.

The board was not expected to go deep into the matter, and it did not. It had no power to call for documents or persons. The statement of Bookkeeper Scruggs that if anyone was getting commissions they would not be foolish enough to have that fact appear on the vouchers, explains a good deal.

The board did not go beyond the vouchers. The legislature will be the only body to make a thorough investigation. A vast volume of testimony was taken, but little new was developed.

Governor Evans and his brother, Barney, were among the witnesses. The governor early showed a desire to run the proceedings, cutting in at all times. Mixson's attorney and members of the board protested against this, but the governor was not subdued.

Bookkeeper Scruggs told how he had been told by Governor Evans to act as his personal representative in the dispensary and to endeavor to detect Mixson or others in fraud. He thought he had caught Mixson in getting $21,000 in rebates, but it had been turned into the treasury. He had also considered Secretary of State Tompkins implicated, but subsequent events did not show it. Scruggs then told how he visited Cincinnati and found that Mixson's son had been getting rebates from the Live Oak Company.

Mixson's sons elaborated their story, already told, and declared their father knew nothing of their doings.

Liquor Commissioner Mixson was on the stand for several hours. Nothing new was got out of him. He denied ever getting a cent of rebates and declared he did not believe Evans had.

The governor testified that he never got a cent of money out of the dispensary. He told of the rumors of wrong-doing in that institution, and how he had instructed Scruggs to watch Mixson. He had not told the attorney general because he had no evidence on Commissioner Mixson and the young Mixsons were not state employes.

A somewhat comical incident occurred when Secretary of State Tompkins said he had heard that the present board, sitting in hearing this case, had received rebates. Members of the board became excited and demanded specifications. Tompkins would not specify, but said every man connected with the dispensary had been suspected of filling his pockets.

When all the evidence was in, at 8 p. m., the board proceeded to consider in secret, and at midnight the action indicated was decided on.

GOV. EVANS NOW CLAIMS FRAUD

Defeated Candidate Says the Returns Have Been Manipulated.

Columbia, S. C., September 16.—(Special.) Governor Evans has created a little stir by announcing that he has discovered evidences of fraud in the recent primary. He has received many letters, he says, from all parts of the state, and also this affidavit:

"We do hereby affirm that we were the managers for the election for the primary held at Ritter's Cross Roads, in Colleton county, on the 8th day of September, the same being on Tuesday; that we remained at the polls all day and until the closing of the polls; that we assisted in the tabulation of the votes cast on that day and that forty-three votes were cast for J. G. Evans and none for J. H. Earle; that since then we notice published in one of our county papers a tabulated report which seems to have the authority of our executive committee, giving the entire vote of our poll to J. H. Earle, which is surely wrong.

"J. P. THOMAS, Clerk of Board.
"E. C. DUNCAN, Manager.

"Personally appeared before me J. P. Thomas and E. C. Duncan and made oath that the written statement is correct.

"Sworn to before me, this 12th day of September, 1896.

"S. SANDERS, Notary Public."

Governor Evans says that it is not his intention to protest the election of Earle unless he receives information which would lead him to believe the majority credited Earle could be overcome.

Coppell Buys Another Road.

Lynchburg, Va., September 16.—The sale of the Lynchburg and Durham branch of the Norfolk and Western railroad took place at the Twelfth Street station at 3 o'clock this afternoon. There was only one bid, and that was made by George Coppell, of the reorganization committee, the price paid being $500,000, the minimum allowed by the decree of the court.

Every day engagements are entered into, and marriages are made between people who have no business to be married. Women enter into the most serious obligation of life without the proper physical equipment for it. When a woman marries, she tacitly makes the declaration that she means to become the mother of children. This declaration ought also to mean that she is physically able to perform what she undertakes. The bearing of a child is all too frequently an injustice to both mother and child. The woman who expects to bear intellectual and physically healthy children, should be herself in strong and vigorous health. The organs that make her a woman should be free from any taint of disease or weakness. If they are not, the child will have a bare chance for health, and the mother may easily make herself a weak, nervous, semi-invalid for the rest of her life. Female weakness of any kind—whether hereditary or acquired—may be cured by the right sort of treatment. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is designed for the treatment and cure of just this one class of diseases and no other. It works in a perfectly rational way directly on the organs affected. It cleanses them of all impurities; allays any inflammation that may be present—and that generally is present in sickness; restores the organs to their natural, healthy, regular action—prepares them for the accomplishment of woman's greatest work, and if taken during gestation, the time of parturition will be comparatively safe and painless.

The "Favorite Prescription" is not a cure-all, and if the general system is run-down, Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery should be taken in connection with the "Favorite Prescription." These two medicines together have the most wonderful influence on a woman's health. They will round out the hollows in her cheeks, bring redness to bloodless lips, and brightness to lack-lustre-eyes. At all drug stores.

THROUGH TWO STATES

Bryan Makes Speeches in Tennessee and North Carolina.

Continued from First Page.

companied the party, attached his private car to the train for the use of Mr. Bryan. Among those who made the trip with the democratic candidate were those from Knoxville; J. B. Pound, who had charge of the train; Judge R. M. Burton, of the chancery court of appeals; Chairman G. W. Henderson, of the Knoxville reception committee, and Judge John K. Shields, member of the national committee from Tennessee. Colonel Julian S. Carr, of Durham, chairman of the North Carolina state reception committee, was on board.

Others from North Carolina who made the trip were: Joseph Daniels, of Raleigh; national committeeman; W. F. Randolph, of the Asheville reception committee, and E. J. Hale, representing Clement Manly, chairman of the state democratic committee.

The first stop was at Mossy Creek, where several hundred people cheered Mr. Bryan. It was announced in behalf of the candidate that he would speak as little as possible today.

The Bryan party arrived at Morristown at 10:45 a. m.

Mr. Bryan mounted the platform erected beside the track and was introduced to an audience of 2,000 people by Hon. John T. Shields, of Morristown. Mr. Bryan spoke very briefly, urging all to make a silver speech on election day by putting a cross in the right place.

On the platform was a large lithograph of Mr. Bryan frozen into a cake of ice. Mr. Bryan said he hoped it did not indicate he would receive a chilly reception in Tennessee.

Mr. Shields replied that it only signified that the democratic candidate this year was cool-headed. The train stopped at Morristown five minutes.

Candidate Bryan reached Hot Springs at 1:20 p. m. It was his first stop in North Carolina, and he was met by the Asheville reception committee, headed by John Y. Jordan, who had come down on a special car. Mr. Bryan made a speech to a big crowd at Newport, the last place where the train stopped in Tennessee.

Unique Reception at Asheville.

Asheville, N. C., September 16.—Candidate Bryan was never given a reception more unique than that given him today in this famous mountain resort. Reaching Asheville at 3 o'clock, eastern time, he was met by a great cavalcade, men and women, mounted on all kinds of horse flesh, from spirited thoroughbreds to hard-worked mules. Mr. Bryan was conveyed to the Battery Park hotel in a gayly decorated carriage drawn by four horses, and with him and the members of his party galloped the mounted escort. The ladies who formed part of it were attired in best fitting riding habits and formed an agreeable feature of the procession. Mr. Bryan's carriage was driven rapidly and the horsemen rode furiously along the dusty streets, many of them shouting as they went and waving their hats in excess of enthusiasm. It was a wildly hilarious sight, exceedingly picturesque, and the tired candidate enjoyed it.

Luncheon was served at the Battery Park hotel to Mr. Bryan and the most prominent members of the Tennessee and North Carolina contingent E. P. McKissock, the manager of the noted hostelry, was the host and sat at the head of the table with Mr. Bryan at his right. Cutting short the luncheon, the party proceeded again under escort of the horsemen and horsewomen, estimated to number more than a thousand, to a natural amphitheater near the Southern railway depot, where the candidate addressed an immense audience.

People from all over western North Carolina, East Tennessee, north Georgia and South Carolina, swelled the Asheville contingent to a large figure. Hundreds had come in from the mountains on horseback and in wagons. The sides of the hill on which the concourse was gathered were a solid mass of humanity. Estimates of the crowd range as high as 20,000.

Mr. Bryan was introduced by Hon. Locke Craig. The enthusiasm shown was of the heartiest kind. When he had finished speaking Mr. Bryan was taken to the Southern depot and left at 5 o'clock, eastern time, for Charlotte, on a special train, furnished by the North Carolina state democratic committee.

The trip of Candidate Bryan through the North Carolina mountains from Asheville to Hickory tonight was made in a special train of four cars and one sleeper, with a drawing room for Mr. Bryan's special accommodation. He will travel through North Carolina by this means and will not abandon the train until he leaves the state at Rocky Mount, Friday. The train was furnished by the North Carolina state reception committee, of which Colonel Julian S. Carr, of Durham, is chairman. A number of the members of the committee will remain with Mr. Bryan during his North Carolina itinerary.

Among those on board the train are: Judge Avery, of the state supreme court; William A. Guthrie, populist candidate for governor; Locke Craig, democratic elector; Josephus Daniels, national committeeman; United States Marshal Carroll and United States Marshal Allison, of the eastern and western North Carolina districts, respectively; ex-Congressmen Crawford and Alexander, Clement Manly, democratic state chairman; Hal Ayer, populist state chairman, and Cyrus B. Watson, democratic candidate for governor. The cars composing the train were decorated with bunting and campaign devices.

Looks at the Home of Zeb Vance.

At Mr. Bryan's request the train was stopped at Black Mountain in order that the nominee might see the home of the late Senator Zeb Vance. A couple of hundred people cheered him there.

Tar barrels burned brightly at Marion when the Bryan special reached that mountain town at 8:35, and lighted up the figures of several hundred people, who hurrahed for the candidate. Mr. Bryan told them something about the silver question in a very husky voice.

There were more burning tar barrels at Morganton, the seat of all the state asylums. People were packed solidly on both sides of the track for a hundred feet or more. They shouted as Mr. Bryan appeared on the rear platform of his car and made some remarks about the money question.

The stirring North Carolina town of Hickory gave Mr. Bryan a royal reception when he arrived on his special train at 9 o'clock tonight. Fully 5,000 people, numbering many from near-by places, welcomed the nominee with loud shouts when he appeared on the temporary platform erected near the Southern railway tracks. Mr. Bryan made a fairly long talk, discussing the money question in the same general lines that he has pursued in his previous speeches. He was frequently interrupted by applause. He left for Charlotte at 9:45 o'clock.

At Hickory three pickpockets, who had been following the party, were put off the train. They represented themselves as telegraph operators sent along to transmit press matter. They said they were from Chicago.

Will Spend Sunday in Washington.

Mr. Bryan reached Charlotte at 11:45 o'clock tonight. He had retired to his berth in the sleeper attached to his special train between Statesville and Charlotte, feeling somewhat fatigued.

At Statesville, where the Bryan special arrived at 11 o'clock, Mr. Bryan was conducted to a platform a hundred yards from the railway station and addressed a large gathering. His remarks were frequently cheered.

Mr. Bryan has decided to spend Sunday in Washington, returning there from Baltimore Saturday night.

HINES ON HIS CASE

Tells of the Circumstances of the Prosecution at Sandersville.

SAYS ENMITY CAUSED IT

Was Acquitted by a Jury a Few Days Ago—Felt Confident All Along, He Says.

The recent trial of Judge James K. Hines, at Sandersville, on the charge of larceny after trust has created a good deal of talk among the people of the state, owing to the prominence of Judge Hines.

The charge against him was made while he was a candidate for the gubernatorial chair in 1894, and his recent acquittal and vindication once more bring the matter before the public.

"During my campaign for governor in 1894," said Judge Hines yesterday, "I was charged in the public prints by Charles M. Tyson with misapplying funds belonging to Mrs. Addie S. Lawson, of Washington county. This charge was heralded in all the daily and weekly papers throughout the state. At the time I replied to the same in the communication which appeared, if I remember correctly, only in the columns of The Constitution.

"At the March term, 1896, of the Washington superior court, I was indicted for this offense. I immediately demanded a trial, and the trial was refused. Under the law of this state I spread my demand for a trial upon the minutes of that court, and under this law the state was compelled to give me a trial at the last term of the Washington superior court or I would stand discharged. At the last term of this court I was tried and was acquitted by the jury at once.

"I made an investment for Mrs. Lawson, which, owing to the panic which came along shortly thereafter, was lost to me, but owing to the fact that her husband and myself had been bosom friends for many years and in order that it might not be said that his children had lost by my bad management, I assumed, without legal liability, the payment of this amount so lost to the administrator of her estate and the guardian of her children. The charge and the indictment were the off-spring of the personal hatred of the prosecutor to me.

"I had no fear of the result from the beginning, and while it was unpleasant and annoying to have this charge made, I was absolutely confident of my ability to make a showing which would completely vindicate my honor and intergrity. The jury, composed largely of my political opponents, unanimously found that the charge was untrue and unfounded."

BART THRASHER'S BODY AT REST

Alabama Outlaw Buried by His Father—Story of Painter.

Birmingham, Ala., September 16.—The remains of Bart Thrasher, the outlaw and desperado killed Monday evening, were sent to Big Springs and buried today beside the grave of his father, who was killed three or four years ago by Detective Barnes Morgan, and also by the grave of Lige Thrasher, a younger brother, who was shot down by a sheriff's posse.

At noon today W. B. Painter, from Ellijay, Ga., father of Lester Painter, the young man who was with Thrasher at the time of the shooting and who was also killed, arrived in the city. He wept like a baby when he took a look at his son. A subscription was taken up, and the father insisted upon carrying the body back to Georgia for burial this afternoon. C. H. Cole, the deputy sheriff who shot the two desperadoes, told Mr. Painter the whole story of the life of his son while in Alabama for the last five months. Mr. Painter says his son left Ellijay in May.

He wrote home once, saying he was working for a man named Woods, at Coalburg. Lester was arrested for breaking into McHan's store at Ellijay. The father told him that if he would earn some money he could settle the case before it came up for trial in October. Lester, who was nineteen years of age, came to Alabama and fell in with Thrasher.

H. C. Cole today is, perhaps, the best known man in Alabama. He is essentially a quiet man. He talks most when spoken to. He has no false modesty, neither does he ever appear anxious to tell others of the work he has accomplished in ridding north Alabama of the two worst desperadoes since Rube Burrows's time, Jim Morrison and Bart Thrasher.

Cole is five feet eleven inches in height. He is sparse built. Some would take him for six feet high and some for not more than five feet ten inches tall. He has a small, somewhat round head. His hair is red—regular red that knows no other name. It grows rather thickly upon his head, with a tendency to curl. His upper lip is ornamented with a somewhat sparse moustache of the same color, and a very small goatee of still the same shade appears on his nether lip. His lips are thin and his jaws are square. Although a quiet man, speaking always in a moderate tone of voice, one cannot look at him attentively without gathering the impression that he is a man of good nerve.

Cole has slain four men in the past two years, two of them noted desperadoes. The other two were negroes. One of the negroes was a pal of Lee Harris and Abe Mitchell, the noted robbers and murderers, who slew Pleas Merriwether, Groceryman James F. Thornton and Farmer E. Y. Daniel, at East Lake. The other negro was killed while resisting arrest.

YOUNG GIRLS.

Their Conduct and Health Often Mystifies Their Mothers.

Young girls often feel and consequently act, very strangely.

They shed tears without apparent cause, are restless, nervous, and at times almost hysterical. They seem self-absorbed, and heedless of things going on around them. Sometimes they complain of pain in lower parts of body, flushes of heat in head, cold feet, etc.

Young girls are not free from incipient womb troubles.

Mothers should see to it that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is promptly taken; all druggists have it. The girl will speedily be "herself again" and a probable danger be averted. Any information on this subject, or regarding all female ailments, will be cheerfully given free by Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Write her

"JIM, THE PENMAN"

Is This the Man Who Has Flooded Griffin with Counterfeits?

ALONZO WILSON ARRESTED

Many $1 and $2 Bills Skillfully Raised to $10 and $20 by the Use of Acids, Pen and Ink.

The local government officials think they have captured the counterfeiter who has been operating on a large scale in Spalding county, near Griffin.

The man suspected is Alonzo Wilson. He was brought before United States Commissioner Broyles yesterday by Deputy United States Marshal J. S. Whatley.

The evidence was such that Judge Broyles bound the prisoner in $1,000 bond. As he was unable to raise the amount he was sent to the Fulton county jail where he now is.

A complete counterfeiting outfit was discovered in Wilson's trunk. It consisted of pens, ink, paints, glue, wire, acids, etc. The principal counterfeiting practiced in Spalding county consists in raising $1 bills to $10 bills and $5 bills to $50 bills, etc.

The direct charge on which Wilson was arrested is for altering a $2 bill to a $20 bill.

The counterfeit greenback was passed on J. T. Manley, of Griffin, a few days ago. The man who is charged with passing the counterfeit on Mr. Manley is Joe Killingsworth, who lives a short distance from Griffin.

Wilson was boarding with the Killingsworths and it is supposed that he and Joe were confederates. Joe has escaped and has not been seen since the night that the troubl occurred.

A few nights ago Wilson and Killingsworth went to Manley's room and had a little game of poker, it is said. Manley was acting as banker for the game and he testified yesterday that Killingsworth asked for $5 worth of chips, and when they were handed him he gave the counterfeit $20 bill in payment. Manley says he returned $15 in change, never suspecting that he was bing swindled.

Wilson when put on the stand swore he knew nothing about the counterfeit money, but Secret Service Agent J. M. Wright produced the counterfeiting tools as evidence against him.

The way the counterfeiting apparatus was discovered was related in the evidence. When Wilsin failed to pay his board the trunk was levitd on and opened. The counterfeiting apparatus was discovered and also several photographs and letters which identified the trunk as belonging to Wilson.

Wilson admitted that the articles found in the trunk belonged to him, but said that they were used for working in gold wire and twisting the wire into names.

A purse was also found in Wilson's trunk containing a counterfeit nickel. Several bills were also found that had been raised to higher denominations and some of the alterations had not been completed. This was considered sufficient evidence to demand a large bond and it was accordingly fixed at $1,000.

Wilson is suspected of many other similar offenses. He and his confederate are believed to have flooded a great deal of spurious money upon the people of Spalding county.

The officers are giving Killingsworth a hot chase, but have not captured him. Wilson will tell nothing against his friend.

New Evidence in the Moody Case.

Deputy Marshal W. J. Duke was sworn yesterday in the continuation of the Moody case. Moody is the man who helped Mac Miller, a supposed moonshiner, to escape from the officers in Haralson county a few weeks ago.

Deputy Marshal Duke testified that Moody tried to bribe him to tear up the warrant issued against him and that he afterwards tried to bribe Deputy Marshal Scott to do the same thing.

Love S. Bonner, of Haralson county, was examined and sentenced to jail in default of a $300 bond. Bonner is charged with hiding several barrels of brandy from the revenue officials.

Other Cases Tried.

Robert Parker, of Haralson county, was brought before the commissioner, charged with assisting Bonner, but he was discharged.

DYNAMITERS CAUSE A PANIC.

London in Fever of Excitement Over the Recent Arrests.

New York, September 16.—A special cable dispatch to The Sun from London says that the consternation and horror of the English people over the revelation of the dynamite conspiracy are more interesting than the latest disclosures of the plot itself. If printers' ink could produce a panic, London would be on the verge of nervous prostration after glancing at the columns of the usually solemn and unemotional public journals today.

Never before have they so bristled with all the startling devices of sensational journalism. The Daily Telegraph, for example, begins an almost panicky leading editorial thus:

"England learns today how appalling has been the danger from which she has been rescued. That there should have been a great dynamite conspiracy plotted in secret and silence by men who are enemies of the human race; that just at the moment when their plans were ripe, the police should have surprised and arrested the ringleaders, and that one of the men, the chief of the band, should be a criminal wanted for the last fourteen years, all these facts are elements in a story at once vivid, dramatic and terrible."

The same newspaper commences a many-columned account of the conspiracy with a great scare head, beginning in the blackest letters ever used in its columns: "Great Dynamite Plot Against England."

All the newspapers in the country treat the matter in the same fashion. This will give some indication of the popular sensation which has been created and which has distracted attention even from the critical horrors in the east that has raised public sentiment throughout England to a high state of indignation. The sultan, in fact, has to thank Tynan and his fellow conspirators for bringing him some relief in an emergency, which President Cleveland's Venezuela message furnished in December last.

RUCKMAN'S ASSASSIN LYNCHED.

Morris, Who Helped Kill a Cattle Dealer, Swung Up by a Mob.

Wichita, Kan., September 16.—The bitter feeling against Ben S. Morris, one of the negroes who murdered John Ruckman, a prominent cattle dealer, culminated in a lynching at Watonga, Oka., last night.

The enraged citizens stormed the jail, overpowered the jailer, dragged the terrified negro forth, strung him up to the nearest tree and left his body hanging there.

The entire Anti-Horse Thief Association is scouring the country for his accomplice, who, if caught, will meet the same fate as Morris.

TRIAL MUST PROCEED

Judge Refuses a Continuance in the Ryder Case.

Continued from First Page.

had also been to church returned and called at the McCoys'.

Dr. Ryder appeared in his usual spirits. He talked with the young people for a few minutes in the brightly lighted hall. Miss Sallie Emma and Mr. Persons were not in the hall at the time, but sat just inside the door in the parlor. Dr. Ryder did not talk with them, but confined his conversation to the young people in the hall. He left after a few minutes.

From McCoy's he went to the Weston house. He roomed at this place and went at once to his room.

Remaining a few minutes there, he came down and went to his dental office across town. Staying there but a short time, he returned to his room at the Weston house, where his stay was also short. From there he went to the McCoy residence, about three hundred yards distant.

He stepped lightly into the hall upon which the parlor door opened. This was slightly ajar. He crept up to the door, his double-barreled shotgun in hand and peered inside the parlor. Miss Owen was standing, laughing at some light remark made by Persons, when Dr. Ryder looked in. Ryder aimed his deadly gun at the young lady and fired twice in quick succession. One of the discharges tore away the lower left side of the young lady's face, causing instant death. A few stray shots from the second discharge struck Mr. Persons, causing slight wounds. There was no one in the hall at the time as the young people had retired.

After the shooting Dr. Ryder ran rapidly to the street, throwing his gun over the pickets into the McCoy grounds. Directly he was seen to enter his dental office, and, some one following, discovered him in the act of drinking something from a phial, which afterwards proved to be morphine.

Dr. Ryder then rushed violently into the street and ran rapidly in the direction of the old Pearson fish pond. A search party was quickly organized and after a little time he was found in an insensible condition, lying near the southern edge of the pond, bleeding from one or two stabs inflicted by some sharp instrument about the region of the neck.

He was thoroughly under the influence of the powerful drug and had lost all power of locomotion.

A day or two after the killing Dr. Ryder was removed to the Bibb county jail to prevent violence being done him. He has been there since until on Sunday last, when he was carried to Talbotton.

TWO CONVENTIONS IN COLUMBIA

Both Republican Wings in South Carolina Will Meet Today.

Columbia, S. C., September 16.—(Special.)—There will be a political novelty here tomorrow. Two state republican conventions have been called to meet in the statehouse at the same hour, both proposing to put out electoral tickets and nominate a state ticket.

The republican party split two years ago. One faction under the leadership of E. M. Brayton, the national committeeman and ex-internal collector, and Lawson D. Milton, a prominent young lawyer of this city, was known as the "lily whites." The old liners, designated as the regulars, were under the leadership of E. A. Webster, the state chairman, also an ex-collector of internal revenue. Soon after the split, many whites who had been all their lives aligned with democracy, but who were sore at the turn taken in state politics under the Tillman administration, went over to the lily whites. At one time quite a number of white republican clubs were formed, something heretofore unknown in this state. But this organization was not composed exclusively of whites; as a rule, the younger school of negroes, the educated ones in the towns and cities, joined the whites.

There was no test of strength between the factions until the meeting of the national convention in June. The regulars held their meeting first, indorsed McKinley and sent McKinley delegates to St. Louis. The lily whites indorsed no candidate and elected a mixed delegation. After a hard fight, the regulars were seated.

While there has been no agreement, the object of the meeting of both conventions tomorrow is to come together if a compromise can be arranged, and make a concerted effort to do something at the next election. It is argued that with their forces combined, with the loss to the regular democratic ticket of the gold democrats, who live principally in the towns, and the light vote in the country, occasioned by the fact that under the new constitution all voters must have registered this year, and that the country registration has been very light, the republican ticket will stand a better chance of success than it has done for eighteen years. In addition to this, of late years the democrats have got out of the habit of voting at the general election, and if the republican vote was polled it would be an unpleasant surprise to them.

While the large majority of the whites are unquestionably for free coinage, the number of whites who will cast their ballots for Palmer and Buckner will surprise many who have not gone all over the state. Georgia is more certainly for free coinage than South Carolina.

HER ASSAILANT SAFE IN JAIL.

Negro Who Assaulted Mrs. Maxey Is Arrested.

Athens, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—Sheriff B. E. Overby, of Oconee county, rode through the county from Watkinsville to Athens last night with John Spratling, the negro, charged with assaulting Mrs. Clarence Maxey, of Oconee county.

When Sheriff Overby ran across the negro last night about 11 o'clock he carried him to Mrs. Maxey's, where she identified him positively.

The sheriff bound him securely, put him in his buggy and started for Athens. The ride was seven miles and shortly after midnight Spratling was lodged in the Clarke county jail.

LaGrange Female College Opens.

LaGrange, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—The LaGrange Female college was opened this morning for the year. The list of boarding girls from out of town runs up to eighty-six, not including many of the last year's students who will come in between now and Monday.

That Pleasing Paralyzing Pie!

How good it looks! How good it is!........ And how it hurts. Why not look into the question of Pill after Pie? Eat your pie and take Ayer's Pills after, and pie will please and not paralyze.

AYER'S
Cathartic Pills
CURE DYSPEPSIA.

BLUE AND GRAY VETS

Pennsylvania Soldiers Marching to Antietam Once More.

SOUTHRONS GREET THEM

Once Foes, Men Mingle in the Friendliest Manner.

GENERAL PICKETT'S WIDOW WAS PRESENT

Monument to Dead Will Be Unveiled Today and Old Army of Potomac Will Be Present.

Washington, September 16.—Veterans of the blue and gray, en route to the field of battle of Antietam, held a reunion in Washington today, under the auspices of the Philadelphia brigade officially known as the Second brigade, Second division, Army of the Potomac.

They go to Antietam tomorrow morning to dedicate the monument erected in memory of their comrades who fell in that battle.

The members of the Philadelphia brigade, to the number of several hundred, under command of General John W. Frazier, reached the city at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in a special train over the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. Among the prominent members of the party were Governor Hastings and staff, Mayor Warwick, President Miles, of the select council; President Hartman, of the common council, and nearly all of the members of both councils; General James A. Beaver and Archbishop Ryan.

One of the pleasantest incidents of the trip occurred immediately after the arrival of the Philadelphians in the station.

At the exit gateway stood Mrs. Pickett, widow of the famous hero of Gettysburg, wearing upon her bosom a broad ribbon badge of the Daughters of the Confederacy. It quickly became known who the handsome matron was, and she was shaken hands with cordially by the visitors as they passed through the gate.

President R. Byrd Lewis, Mr. L. S. Brown, Mr. Franklin H. Hackey, Mr. John T. Callahan, Colonel Treutland, Dr. S. E. Lewis, Captain John H. Lewis and other members of the Confederate Veterans Association, of this city, met Pickett camp at the excursion train depot of the Pennsylvania road.

There was a warm welcoming and the grizzled men who wore the gray and the ladies accompanying them went at once to their hotels to remove the travel stains and get ready for the reunion.

There was a large audience assembled in Central hall this afternoon when the hour of 2 o'clock approached and included in the gathering were prominent Grand Army men, members of the patriotic societies, many of the well-known confederate veterans and a number of ladies.

Mr. Truesdells welcomed the visitors on behalf of the citizens of the national capitol. At the conclusion of Colonel Truesdell's remarks an eloquent and feeling invocation was pronounced by Rev. J. W. Sayers, chaplain of the department of pennsylvania, Grand Army of the Republic. It was a powerful prayer of thanksgiving and created a deep impression.

Colonel John W. Frazier, the commander of the Philadelphia Brigade Association, was greeted with applause as he stepped forward to address the gathering. There was somewhat of politics in his speech, as well as patriotism and fraternity between the blue and the gray.

The remainder of the afternoon's exercises was as follows:

"The North," Hon. Charles F. Warwick, mayor of Philadelphia.

"A Reunited People," Archbishop P. J. Ryan, of Philadelphia.

Song, "The New Rosette," Miss Louise Nannette Orndorff, of Baltimore.

"Army of the Potomac," General James A. Beaver, of Pennsylvania.

"Army of Northern Virginia," General William R. Aylett, of Virginia.

"The Meaning of the War," Charles Emory Smith, of Philadelphia.

In the course of his address, General Aylett reproduced and read, amidst great applause, a resolution drafted by himself while confined in the old capital prison on behalf of his associate prisoners of the Army of Northern Virginia, deploring and denouncing the assassination of President Lincoln, "at a time when he was so much needed to restore peace to the country."

The address of Archbishop Ryan, the only civilian on the programme, was of unusual interest.

The visitors from the north and south and a large number of their friends, residing in Washington, met again tonight in Central hall and enjoyed the pleasures of a genuine camp fire, with the accompaniments of bacon, hard tack, beans and coffee. The intellectual treat was of a high order and the addresses were full of historic interest. The exercises began at 7:30 o'clock and the following was the programme:

"Pennsylvania and Gettysburg," General D. H. Hastings, governor of Pennsylvania.

"Poem," written for the occasion, Mrs. Virginia Frazer Boyle, of Tensessee.

"Philadelphia," City Councilman George Hawkes, of Philadelphia.

"Grand Army of the Republic," General Ivan N. Walker, of Indiana.

Mrs. Pickett was a prominent figure on the platform at the afternoon meeting in Central hall.

RAILROAD CONDUCTORS MEET.

Twenty-Ninth Annual Session Elects Officers for the Year.

Richmond, Va., September 16.—The Railroad Conductors' Association of the United States and Canada met here yesterday in its twenty-ninth annual session. After the transaction of routine business, the following officers were elected:

President—John T. Keith, Pittsburg and Lake Erie railroad.

First Vice President—James W. King, Missouri Pacific, Kansas City, Mo.

Second Vice President—W. R. Hill, Grand Trunk, Toronto, Canada.

Third Vice President—Walter Hutchings, Norfolk and Western, Hagerstown, Md.

Fourth Vice President—T. E. Haley, Chicago Great Western, St. Joseph, Mo.

Grand Secretary and Treasurer—Edwin Morrell, P. C. C. and St. Louis railroad, Columbus, O.

Members of the Executive Committee—Rufus Sniveley and Val Fitzpatrick, Columbus, O.

Speaker for Next Year—W. O. Beckley, Wabash railroad, St. Louis.

Banking Board Has a Bank.

Omaha, Neb., September 16.—The Midland State bank's north side institution of this city, is in the hands of the banking board, as a result of a long and steady withdrawal. Its dtposits were about $65,000.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.
CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.
CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

SCHOOL BOOKS,
New and Secondhand,
And all kinds of school supplies. A useful present presented with each purchase, at
JOHN M. MILLER'S,
39 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

Rich Red

Blood is absolutely essential to health. It is secured easily and naturally by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, but is impossible to get it from so-called "nerve tonics," and opiate compounds, absurdly advertised as "blood purifiers." They have temporary, sleeping effect, but do not CURE. To have pure

Blood

And good health, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has first, last, and all the time, been advertised as just what it is—the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Its success in curing Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Nervous Prostration and That Tired Feeling, have made

Hood's
Sarsaparilla
The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable and beneficial. 25c.

It Will Work Wonders With This Generation of Men.

Thousands of dollars would be saved if all could have the benefit of a Pure Linen Finish laundry work. Linen will wear twice as long, look better and save you money. Avail yourself by sending to the popular

TrioSteam Laundry
79-81 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
Liberal Commission to Agents in Other Towns.

A CARD FROM THE
CORONA COAL CO.

Owing to the popularity of the Corona Coal Co. and its established reputation as a superior grate coal, having been used in this market for the past seven years, dealers have quoted prices on our coal and delivered cheaper grades of coal instead, which not only does the patron injustice, but injures the reputation of our coal. For the protection of those who prefer to use our coal we will publish monthly those firms who are authorized to sell Corona coal. The Corona coal can now be obtained from our own yard, No. 243 Decatur street, and the following firms: P. L. Ardis, W. R. Wells, J. N. Austin, C. C. Willingham, J. W. Callaway, T. M. Moore, S. M. Wilson, Cumberland Coal Co., G. I. Bass, J. H. Moore and H. H. Stowers.

CORONA COAL COMPANY,
T. P. STROUD,
C. H. STANTON,
Managers
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If you are going to the Mountains or Sea Shore, why not carry a Hammock and Croquet Set? We have Hammocks and will make a special price on them for the next week. Our Croquet Sets are always cheap, and the quality the best.

TENNIS GOODS
IN ALL THEIR DETAILS.

Rackets Nets, Poles, and everything to make a court complete. Write for special catalogue on the above lines.

Housefurnishing Goods
— AND —
BUILDERS' HARDWARE!

Our line of samples of Builders' Hardware is beautiful, and we request that you call and look at them whether you want to buy or not. Estimates furnished willingly.

The Clarke
Hardware
Company,
35 PEACHTREE ST.
ATLANTA, GA.

CYCLE CLEANING

This new departure will be entertained by every one who Rides a Wheel.

FOR $1.00 PER MONTH YOU CAN HAVE Your Bicycle cleaned externally and oiled three times, Taken apart, cleaned, readjusted, oiled once. Lamps cleaned, supplied with oil and wick. Checked day or night. All for $1 in Advance. Experts only employed on repairs of all descriptions. Punctures, only 25c. Send postal or call phone 1814.

SOUTHERN CYCLE FITTINGS CO.,
45 NORTH BROAD STREET.
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TRADE MALYDOR MARK
INJECTION
THE 1 TO 4 DAY CURE
FORMALE AND FEMALE
For Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Leucorrhœa Spermatorrhœa, and all unhealthy sexual discharges. Free Syringe.
No Pain, No Stain. Prevents Stricture and all forms of Private Diseases of both Male and Female, for $1.00.
At Druggists, or sent to any address.
"Injection Malydor is 'The Best' of all similar remedies."
DR. HENRY RENT, Biddeford, Me.
MALYDOR MFG. CO., Lancaster, O., U.S.A.

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True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

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Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.

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Other Towns.

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ONA COAL CO.

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Nets, Poles, and every-
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R MONTH YOU CAN HAVE
leaned externally and oiled three
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CYCLE FITTINGS CO.,
TH BROAD STREET.
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INJECTION
1 TO 4 DAY CURE
lect, Leucorrhœa Spermatorrhœa, and
sexual discharges. Free Syringe.
Stain. Prevents Stricture and all
Diseases of both Male and Female.
or sent to any address, for $1.00.
r is "The Best" of all similar remedies.
DR. HENRY RENT, Biddeford, Me.
C. CO., Lancaster, O., U.S.A.

MORRIS $5,000 SHORT

Postal Manager in Macon Speculated in Cotton.

LOSSES TO CITIZENS PAID

Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Agent Puts the Shortage Near $6,000—No Clew to Missing Man.

Macon, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—F. W. Dillingham, of New York, representing Hubbard, Price & Co., has been in the city several days investigating the affairs of their late representative here, Henry Morris, ex-manager of the Postal Telegraph Company.

Dillingham finished his labors tonight and departed for New York.

Instead of Morris being short with Hubbard, Price & Co. $2,000, as was first supposed, Dillingham says the amount is between $5,000 and $6,000. Dillingham thinks that when Morris disappeared he took with him in cash from $1,000 to $2,000. The balance he believes Morris lost speculating in cotton futures on his own account. He says the shortage of over a thousand dollars occurred within a few days of Morris's flight. It could not have run for any length of time without detection by Hubbard, Price & Co.

Suspicion was first aroused by the telegram forged in the name of the American National bank, which claimed there were $2,000 at the bank to the firm's credit. Besides this amount, Dillingham has ascertained, since his arrival here, that Morris was short another item of $2,000 and a third item of $1,000, besides smaller sums, his total shortage being at least $5,300.

These sums represent money paid by Macon people to Morris as the representative of Hubbard, Price & Co. to invest in cotton. They were patrons of the New York firm and paid the money to Morris over his counter in the office of the Postal Telegraph Company. It is said these parties hold receipts from Morris which read to the effect that so many dollars were received from such a person to be transmitted over the wires of the Postal Telegraph Company to Hubbard, Price & Co.

Dillingham has carefully ascertained the amount due each Macon patron because of Morris's crookedness and has settled with them. He says the firm could not afford to permit any of their patrons to lose anything. It is not known if Hubbard, Price & Co. will ask the Postal to reimburse them for their losses by Morris. It is presumed they will do so, but neither Dillingham nor Judge Hugh Washington, Hubbard, Price & Co.'s attorney at Macon, will say anything on this feature of the case. Dillingham says he has no idea where Morris is. Not the slightest trace of him has been discovered since his sudden disappearance a few weeks ago.

Dillingham says Morris made from $150 to $200 per month during the cotton season as their Macon agent. The season lasts about five or six months.

In the odd months, of course, his earnings were not so large. In addition to this, he was paid $90 per month as the Postal's manager.

Negro Shot Through the Neck.

Macon, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—At Central City park an unknown white man shot a negro in the throat with a pistol this afternoon. The bullet went through and was cut from under the skin on the back of the neck.

BAR ASSOCIATION COMMITTEES.

President Goetchius Names the Gentlemen Composing Them.

Columbus, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—Hon. Henry R. Goetchius, of the Columbus bar, president of the Georgia Bar Association, today announced the standing committees of the association for 1896-'97.

The list has been forwarded to the publisher for insertion in the annual report of the last meeting, which will shortly appear.

The following is the list of the committees:

On Jurisprudence and Law Reform—Pope Barrow, chairman, Savannah; J. B. Cumming, Augusta; A. G. King, Atlanta; Clifford Anderson, Macon.

On Judicial Administration and Remedial Procedure—R. T. Dorsey, chairman, Atlanta; J. M. Terrell, Greenville; Joel Branham, Rome; J. H. Martin, Hawkinsville; John I. Hall, Macon.

On Legal Education and Admission to the Bar—S. B. Hatcher, chairman, Columbus; F. D. Peabody, Columbus; W. W. Gordon, Jr., Savannah; W. M. Hammond, Thomasville; James Bishop, Jr., Eastman.

On Grievances—A. J. Cobb, chairman, Athens; T. A. Hammond, Jr., Atlanta; W. A. Wimbish, Columbus; Bolling Whitfield, Brunswick; W. R. Leaken, Savannah.

On Federal Legislation—C. L. Bartlett, chairman, Macon; J. W. Park, Greenville; W. G. Brantley, Brunswick; W. A. Little, Columbus; George Hillyer, Atlanta.

On Memorials—John W. Akin, chairman, Cartersville; Washington Dessau, Macon; Dupont Guerry, Macon; C. P. Steed, Macon; L. C. Levy, Columbus.

On Interstate Law—Thomas J. Chappell, chairman, Columbus; N. J. Hammond, Atlanta; Hoke Smith, Atlanta; P. W. Meldrim, Savannah; A. S. Erwin, Athens.

On Legal Ethics—J. W. Hill, chairman, Greenville; A. H. Russell, Bainbridge; B. M. Davis, Macon; Harper Hamilton, Rome; J. H. Bount, Jr., Macon.

THE REPAIR KIT

For all Accidents to the

BICYCLE RIDER

IS A BOTTLE OF POND'S EXTRACT

The Cyclist's Necessity.

Unequaled for Quickly Healing

All Lameness and Soreness of Muscles, Abrasions, Wounds, Bruises, Rheumatism, etc.

Rub thoroughly with POND'S EXTRACT after every ride to keep the muscles supple, pliant, strong.

Try Pond's Extract Ointment for Piles.

Avoid Substitutes—Weak, Watery, Worthless.

POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 Fifth Avenue, New York.

HOWARD IS HEARD IN ELBERTON

Voters Are Addressed by the Democratic Congressional Nominee.

Elberton, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—Hon. W. M. Howard, democratic nominee for congress from this district, today addressed a very large crowd at the courthouse. As yet Mr. Howard has no opposition, as the populists have not put out a man since Mr. Gambrell declined, and the republican voters are so few that their nominee, Henry, will play no part in the race.

Mr. Howard showed that free silver had been a part of democracy since Jefferson's time, and followed up the silver history as it has played in our nation's history. Mr. Howard also spoke fully and clearly of the Hinton pardon, injected into the gubernatorial fight by the very man who said he was innocent of the crime and who tried to prove it.

BRANTLEY SPEAKS AT QUITMAN.

Nominee for Congress from the Eleventh Makes Votes.

Quitman, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—Hon. W. G. Brantley, democratic nominee of this, the eleventh, district for congress, spoke here at a democratic rally today. There were present about 500 of Brooks county farmers.

He made an able argument for the democratic platforms, state and national. His argument for the free coinage of silver was especially able and made many converts. He completely routed every position of the populists.

FLEMING SPEAKS IN SYLVANIA.

Congressional Nominee Helps Democracy in Screven County.

Sylvania, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—The democrats of Screven had a large and enthusiastic rally here today. Hon. W. H. Fleming, of Augusta, was present and delivered a clear and able speech.

Mr. Fleming has strengthened the democracy of the county for the coming fight. During the afternoon, W. W. Sheppard and Thomas Morgan, of Savannah, delivered short speeches.

CAMPBELL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

County Has Colored Nominees—Hendrix and McHenry Speak.

Fairburn, Ga., September 16.—(Special.) The republicans of Campbell county held a mass meeting here today and nominated a candidate for representative and a full ticket for county officers, all the nominees being colored.

Captain J. C. Hendrix, candidate for congress, addressed the meeting. Mr. Hendrix was followed by Jackson McHenry, of Atlanta, who spoke in support of the republican national ticket, but called on the republicans to support Governor Atkinson for re-election.

MONEY LENDERS WON'T PAY TAX

Two Rome Citizens Decline To Comply with the License Laws.

Rome, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—An injunction against the city of Rome was filed this afternoon by Attorney M. B. Eubanks, asking that the mayor and council be restrained from collecting a banker's license tax from W. J. West and J. R. Cantrell.

The two gentlemen have been engaged in the brokerage and money lending business, and the council decided Monday that they were liable for the license. Mr. Eubanks, their attorney, discovered that the tax act of 1894 refuted that part of the city charter and exempted bankers, money lenders and loan negotiators, electric light and gas companies from specific taxes.

A temporary order was granted and the hearing of the case is sent for September 25th.

If the injunction holds good, the bankers and money lenders may claim the refunding of licenses paid during last year. This will cut off about $500 from the city's income.

GIN AND COTTON WERE BURNED

Cedartown Loses Seven Thousand Dollars by Fire.

Cedartown, Ga., September 16.—(Special.) The big cotton ginnery of the Featherstone Maufacturing Company caught fire this afternoon at 5 o'clock from a hot box, and the entire plant, with several bales of cotton, was totally burned. One thousand dollars insurance was carried, but the loss will be about $7,500.

Young Men Leave Hartwell.

Hartwell, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—Messrs. W. Edgar McCurry, Arthur S. Richardson, John G. Richardson, Orrin Roberts and Thomas J. Brown left this morning for Athens, where they will resume their studies at the state university.

Mr. George Thomas Magill, oldest son of Colonel J. H. Magill, editor of The Hartwell Sun, will leave tomorrow for Gilmore, Tex., where he will study law under his uncle, Colonel Lon Eberhardt.

Iron Rod Makes Dangerous Wounds.

Gibson, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—A serious difficulty occurred today at Mitchell, a town eight miles from here on the Augusta Southern railroad.

Lock Peebles and John C. Logue quarreled about some rent. Logue struck Peebles four blows with an iron rod, inflicting dangerous wounds on the head.

Lost an Arm by a Gin.

Jersey, Ga., Stptember 16.—(Special.—W. H. Brown, while superintending the ginnery of J. A. McGarity, had his hand caught in the gin saws and mangled to such an extent that amputation was necessary.

MORTUARY.

Rev. W. C. Young, Danville, Ky.

Louisville, Ky., September 16.—Rev. William C. Young, D.D., president of Center college, died at Danville this morning. He was one of the most prominent educators in the south.

NEW CHARTER WAS OBTAINED.

Purchasers of Railroads Meet in Carolina and Organize.

Columbia, S. C., September 16.—Judge Henry Crawford and Mr. Ryan, of the firm of Thomas & Ryan, purchasers of the Port Royal and Western Carolina, and Port Royal and Augusta roads in this state, accompanied by Mr. Stobo Simpson, arrived here last night on a special.

These gentlemen were here until 1 o'clock today. While here they got a charter from the secretary of the state for the reorganized Port Royal and Western Carolina railroad. It was obtained under the name of the Charleston and Western railway. Before the charter could be secured it was necessary to elect directors and officers. The corporators met and selected the following directors: J. B. Cleveland, Samuel Thomas, Thomas F. Ryan, Henry Crawford, J. O. C. Flemming, D. A. P. Jordan, J. A. Brock, Avery Patton and J. P. Doughty.

The new board elected the following officers: J. B. Cleveland, president; Henry Crawford, first vice president and general counsel; W. A. C. Ewen, vice president and treasurer.

The capital stock of the company is $2,000,000, of which $800,700 has been paid in.

It is generally understood that the Port Royal and Augusta road, the last to be purchased by Messrs. Thomas and Ryan, will be reorganized and chartered under the same name, making the whole one system. Augusta, Ga., is the junctual point of these two lines. The one goes to the sea coast, to Port Royal harbor, the other to the most fertile portion of the upper Carolina.

Georgia Southern and Florida Increase.

New York, September 16.—The Georgia Southern and Florida road earned gross for July $80,563, an increase of $5,044, and net $31,104, increase of $4,926.

UNIVERSITY IS OPEN.

Exercises in the Chapel Were Conducted by Chancellor Boggs.

OVER TWO HUNDRED STUDENTS

Every Department Thoroughly Equipped for Excellent Work—Societies and Athletics.

Athens, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—The University of Georgia opened its ninety-sixth session today. The opening exercises at the chapel were conducted by Chancellor Boggs.

The registration of students is going on steadily, but not until tomorrow will it be known how many students are in attendance. A careful estimate of the number, however, puts it over 225, which brings it up to the opening of last year.

The law class is especially prosperous this year. The opening will show fully thirty young men, while the professors in charge believe the entire session will show an attendance of fully fifty. There is one feature of interest connected with this department, and that is that numbers of young men are attending the school for the purpose of equipping themselves in the knowledge of law, not to practice it, but to enable them to better conduct their business affairs.

This year a new feature of the university work will be the division of the school of ancient languages into separate schools of Greek and Latin, presided over by Professors Bocock and Hooper, respectively. The same is true concerning a division of the department of English. Professor Riley presiding over one section and Professor Morris over the other. Professor Morris has assumed charge of the department of modern languages, and is assisted by Mr. Adam Boggs.

The literary societies will be made to flourish this year. The law compels every student to become a member of one of these societies.

The atheletic association of the university will meet tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock at the chapel. The programme of athletic affairs for the year will then be mapped out and several officers of the different departments of athletics will be chosen. There is considerable new material for the football team, and Captain Warner will start his work as trainer under favorable surroundings.

The Thalius Dramatic Club will be organized at once.

The university boys have passed resolutions on the deaths of Professor Rutherford and Professor Willcox, who passed away since last commencement. The committee submitting the resolutions consisted of Messrs. W. S. Cothran, J. M. Hunt, W. B. Kent, H. Dodd and J. W. Mason.

Coach Warner arrived today and the college football players are now in training. Nally and Price, of last year's team, will probably return to college.

MERCER AND WESLEYAN OPEN.

Macon's Two Educational Institutions Begin the Year's Work.

Macon, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—The fall term of Mercer university opened today. The enrollment of pupils is the largest ever known on the opening day in the more than fifty years' life of the institution. Ninety new pupils enrolled today. This number is in addition to the old pupils of last year, who have returned in full force.

Wesleyan Female College.

Wesleyan Female college commenced its new year today with a large matriculation of young ladies from Georgia and other states. The enrollment was the largest in years and the new president, Rev. Dr. John D. Hammond, is greatly encouraged.

Andrew Female College Opens.

Cuthbert, Ga., September 16.—(Special.) Andrew Female college, Cuthbert's old and famous institution of learning, which has done such a grand work for female education since its organization, in 1854, opened its fall session today.

Monroe Female College Opens.

Forsyth, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—Monroe Female college opened here this morning for the fall term.

FELL FIFTY FEET AND ESCAPED

Workman Takes a Long Drop with Serious Injury.

Athens, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—Yesterday afternoon a white workman named Peurifoy, while at work repairing the Macon and Northern railroad bridge over the Oconee river, five miles from Athens, lost his hold and fell backwards into the river.

The fall was sixty feet and Peurifoy struck on his hip and side in four feet of water. He was badly bruised and stunned, but miraculously escaped serious injury.

Congregation To Select a Preacher.

Athens, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—The Presbyterian congregation will select a preacher in a few weeks to succeed the late Dr. Charles W. Lane. That committee will report to the congregation Sunday morning such recommendations as they see fit to make and two weeks from Sunday the church will make a call.

Smith Shot at Culp.

Athens, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—W. B. Smith, a young white man living just beyond the paper mill, was put in Clarke county jail today charged with shooting at his brother-in-law, R. H. Culp, Jr.

Smith went by Culp's house at Princeton last night and fired at him until his pistol was emptied. None of the balls took effect.

WATER COMMISSIONER RESIGNS.

Shorter College Opens for the Term. Another Lawyer in Rome.

Rome, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—W. W. Vandiver has tendered his resignation as a member of the water commission of Rome, he having removed from the city. His successor will be elected at the next regular meeting. The commission has floated most of the bonds issued and is working hard to get into a position that will warrant the putting in of a system of filters.

The little son of Colonel R. C. H. Lavender, agent of the Southern Railway Company, fell from the platform at the depot last evening and broke his arm.

Mr. Edgar Green, who has been reading law under Dean & Dean, was admitted to the bar today. He passed a very creditable examination.

DEATH IN DRINKING WATER.

A Physician Tells of a Prevalent Cause of Fever.

In conversation with a distinguished physician of this city yesterday he said that there were some cases of typhoid fever in the city, but not as many as there were a year ago. "It is a remarkable fact," he said, "that in every case of fever I have had this year and last year, I have traced it to drinking water from a well. I am almost certain that 90 per cent of all fever cases in this city can be traced to this cause. The well water in the city is very cold and very clear—in fact as clear as any water can be, and this deceives a great many people who use well water for drinking purposes. The properties that poison the water have the effect of clarifying it. Nevertheless the poison is in the water. The people ought to be warned against drinking well water. It is an easy matter to detect the poison, and I have never made an investigation of water where I had cases of fever that I did not detect the causes of the disease. Some action ought to be taken to prevent the use of well water by our citizens."

Miss Lyle Doing Well.

Miss Minnie Lyle, who was seriously injured in a runaway on Haynes street Tuesday night, is still in a critical condition at the hospital.

McGRAW'S ERROR LOST A GAME.

Cincinnati Shuts Pittsburg Out Twice in One Day.

Baltimore 6, Boston 8.

Baltimore, September 16.—McGraw's errors gave today's game to Boston. Corbett pitched the last four innings and but one hit was made off him. Attendance 2,018. Score:

R. H. E.
Baltimore.. .. .. ..2 0 1 0 3 0 0 0—6 14 3
Boston.. .. ..0 2 2 3 1 0 0 0 0—8 13 1

Batteries—Pond, Corbett and Robinson; Stivetts and Bergen.

Chicago 1, Cleveland 4.

R. H. E.
Cleveland.. .... ..1 0 1 0 2 0 0 0 *—4 8 4
Chicago.. .. ..0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1 4 3

Batteries—Cuppy and Zimmer; Griffith and Donahue.

Philadelphia 6, New York 2.

R. H. E.
Philadelphia.. .. ..2 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 2—6 12 2
New York.. .. ..0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0—2 8 3

Batteries—Carsey and Grady; Meekin and Wilson.

Washington 11, Brooklyn 2.

R. H. E.
Washington.. .. .. ..0 2 1 0 2 0 0 6—11 16 2
Brooklyn.. .. .. ..0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—2 6 5

Batteries—Mercer and Farrell; Stein and Burrell.

Pittsburg Lost Two to Cincinnati.

First game— R. H. E.
Pittsburg.. .. .. ..0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 6 4
Cincinnati.. .. ....1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—11 9 0

Batteries—Hastings, Hughey, Boyle and Merritt; Rhines and Gray.

Second game— R. H. E.
Pittsburg.. .. .. ..0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 5 1
Cincinnati.. .. ....0 0 3 0 1 0 0 0 0—4 5 1

Batteries—Hawley and Sugden; Dwyer and Gray.

Today's Entries at Gravesend.

First race, five-eighths of a mile—Tragedian 113, Freliance 113, Absentee 113, Buddha 113, Estaca 113, Maud Adams 110, Ben Ronald 110, Grey Bird 110, Miss Prim 110, Trayant 110, Dr. Jim 110.

Second race, one mile, high-weight handicap—Glenmoyne 140, Hafling 135, Declare 132, The Swain 130, Howard Mann 129, Kingstone 122.

Third race, five-eighths of a mile Flatland stakes—Plaudita 95, Simonian 95, Box 108, Virginia Water 100, Ludwigshafen 105, Arbian 93, Inspirer 93, Chic 92, Naughty Girl 90, Hi-Daddy 90.

Fourth race, one and one-eighth miles—Marshal 109, Buck-Wa 104, Long Beach 102, Connoisseur 102, Premier 92, Chugnut 89.

Fifth race, one mile—The Winner 115, Muskalonge 110, Cassette 101, Argentina 101.

Sixth race, three-fourths of a mile—Ameer 113, Tinge 112, Agitator 112, Preston 109, Juno 103, Zanone 103, Runaway 112.

Entries at Oakley.

First race, five-eighths of a mile—Connie Lee 107, Angelus 104, Charina 104, Miss Bramble 101, Timorah 101, True Light 101, Ella "T" 98, Earth 98, Lady Louise 98, Pouting 98, Mellie 95, Izeyl 95.

Second race, three-fourths of a mile—Logan 117, Egbart 117, Domingo 112, Robinson 108, Qui Vive 108, Mobalaska 108, Pete 108, Irish Lady 103.

Third race, sexen-eighths of a mile—Judith 110, Sir Vassar 104, Romance 104, Hoffman 104, Silver Smith 101, Rampart 98, Fuero 98, The Eunuch 95, Helen Mar 95, Katie "G" 95, Florence "S" 95, Ulysses 101.

Fourth race, three-fourths of a mile, the "Garnett"—F. F. V. 123, Dr. Catlett 118, Don Clarendo 115, Parthomay 115, Meadow Thorpe 115, Viscount 115, Ben Brown 115, John McElroy 115, Oscuro 110, Dominica 110, Fleschmann 110.

Fifth race, one and one-sixteenth miles—Assignee 119, Semper Ego 107, Ramiro 102, The Bachelor 99, Harry McCough 99.

WAS A FIERCE FIGHT.

J. W. South and John Bates Have an Exciting Encounter.

James D. South, of the Fulton cotton mills, and John F. Bates, bookkeeper for Sciple's Sons, had a lively scrap on Kimball street about 8 o'clock last night. As a result Bates is suffering from a bruised mouth and South is locked in the station house on the charge of assault with intent to murder.

The differences between the two men grew out of a trial in the police court Tuesday afternoon. For a number of months the citizens near North and Hemphill avenues have been molested by a gang of young white boys, who would congregate around the corners and make the midnight hours hideous for the nearby residents.

Tuesday seven of the boys were arrested. One among the number was Judson South, a son of one of the principals in last night's battle.

At the trial Tuesday afternoon Bates was one of the main witnesses against the boys. His testimony was damaging and much bitter feeling was shown between the two sides. The boys were all fined $3.75 each.

The result of the trial made South angry. Last night at the hour South knew Bates would return home from his work he is said to have concealed himself in a little grove near the corner of Plum and Kimball streets and waited for his victim.

Jackson Still Unconscious.

Tobe Jackson, the white man who was drugged and robbed while on duty at the Standard ice factory in West End Monday night, is still in a precarious condition at his home on Glenn street. He has never entirely recovered consciousness and has not been able to tell anything of his experience. The police are working on the case but no clew to the stranger seen in the neighborhood at the time Jackson was found, has been discovered.

A Sad Death.

Mrs. Sallie Lou Greene, wife of W. E. Greene, died at her late home, 689 Capitol avenue, at 9 o'clock last night. She had been ill only a short while. Her death was peculiarly sad, as she had been married less than a year.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Death of Miss Maudie Campbell.

Miss Maudie Campbell, aged twenty years, died at the home of her father, J. J. Campbell, in Campbell county, yesterday. She had been sick for some time. Funeral this morning at Owl Rock, Campbell county.

LAIRD SCHOBER AND CO.

Value.

THE agitation today is value. It is for you to decide the issue. I therefore offer to the trade the BEST SHOES for the PRICE.

Sole agent for

LAIRD, SCHOBER & CO.'S SHOES AND SLIPPERS.

R. C. Black

35 WHITEHALL STREET.

aug 23—3m sun tues thur 3p.

VINEGAR.

Mott's pure cider vinegar, five years old, costs a few cents per gallon more than that manufactured from commercial chemicals, but saves dollars on doctors' druggists' and undertakers' bills.

For sale by

A. W. FARLINGER,

325, 327 and 329 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

SUTTON IS SENT UP

Jury Convicts Him of Stabbing and He Gets a Twelve Months' Term.

ASSAULTED WALTER RUTLEDGE

Many Burglary Cases Were Disposed of in Judge Candler's Court and the Docket Is Nearly Clear.

W. H. Sutton, a white man well known in the city, was placed on trial in the Fulton superior court yesterdy on a charge of assault to murder. The jury in the case remained out several hours and a verdict was not reached until dark.

The jury reduces Sutton's crime from assault to murder to the offense of stabbing and he was sentenced to a term of one year in the penitentiary. He was charged with using a knife with almost deadly effect on the person of Walter Rutledge, while the ltter was drunk.

The case was a hard-fought one and Solicitor Hill made one of his strongest efforts of the present term to convict the prisoner. He branded Satton in his strongest terms, and said that his offense was one of an unusually outrageous character. Sutton did not deny that he stabbed Rutledge, but asserts that the drunk man entered his home and insulted Mrs. Sutton. Sutton and Rutledge had been out all night and early in the morning they turned up at Sutton's home, where the trouble occurred.

Sutton ejected Rutledge and followed him to the yard, where he attacked him with a knife and dangerously cut Rutledge about the neck and head. Mr. W. H. Terrell defended Sutton and he amde a strong plea for his client. All of the parties reside near the Exposition cotton mills.

Lee Gentle was fined $200 in the superior court for shooting at G. W. Guild several weeks ago. He was arraigned on a charge of assault to murder, but his offense was reduced and the court imposed the amount stated as above, the costs to be included.

The shooing was done on August 12th, last. Gentle is a barkeeper and he had a dispute with Guild, a street car man, shooting at him. His offense was reduced to the charge of shooting at another.

Many Burglary Cases Tried.

Judge Candler disposed of quite a number of burglary and robbery cases yesterday. The criminal docket was nearly cleared and only a few more cases remain to be tried at this term of court.

The Trio laundry burglars were arraigned yesterday morning and three out of four negro defendants were convicted. The prisoners are all young boys, Charles Moore, Mart Jenkins, Joe Brown and Anderson Pitts. They were charged with breaking in the laundry and stealing a large number of shirts and collars and cuffs. Joe Brown established an alibi and he was turned loose.

Charles Moore was sent up for twelve months and Mart Jenkins got the same term. Anderson Pitts said that he was the leader of the gang and the court took him at his word and senenced him to a term of two years in the penitentiary.

Tom Fuller was arraigned for burglary, but the evidence was not sufficient and he was discharged. He was accused by Detective T. A. Barrett with robbing the Lowry hardware establishment some time ago.

Five Years for Driver.

Will Driver and Edgar Loyd were defendants in a burglary case. Detective Wooten arrested them for breaking in the house of F. H. Lambert and stealing some valuables. Driver was convicted and sentenced to a term of five years. Loyd was given a verdict of not guilty.

Detective Barrett had a case against Driver for burglary in another instance, but it did not stick and the negro was discharged on that count.

Joe Varner and Will Campbell were arraigned on a charge of burglary. Detective Barrett was the prosecuting officer. Varner was turned loose for want of evidence. Campbell got twelve months.

Mangum Gets a Year Term.

Henry mangum was convicted of robbing the house of A. L. Fincannon and he was given the heaviest sentence of the day, ten years in the penitentiary.

Mangum was discharged on a second case against him.

Crarles Thomas, charged with snatching Miss Edna Tinsley's pocketbook, on August 10th was convicted and sent up for one year.

George Chapman was given twelve months for burglary. He is afflicted and Judge Candler ordered him sent to the public works to be looked after by County Physician McDaniel.

A CROCKERY HOUSE.

It Will Locate in This City on Peachtree Street.

Mr. B. L. Lillienthaul, formerly of Palatka, Fla., has moved to this city and rented a store on Peachtree street. He will open up about October 10th a wholesale and retail crockery establishment. He has been a resident of Palatka, Fla., for twenty-two years and comes to this city convinced that there is a splendid opportunity here for his special line.

He will associate with him Mr. F. S. Cox who, for a number of years, was connected with Dobbs, Wey & Co., and more recently with J. M. High & Co. He and Mr. Cox leave tonight for New York, where they go to make purchases.

TROUP IS FOR ATKINSON.

Prominent Merchant Says the People Will Vote Straight in That County.

Mr. G. A. Philpot, of Harrisonville, Troup county, one of the leading merchants and planters of his section, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Philpot is at the front in democratic ranks of Troup county, and he says that county is overwhelmingly for Governor Atkinson and the democratic nominees for the legislature. Mr. Philpot comes from the heart of the county, and he says that the people will vote the straight democratic ticket this year.

Mr. Philpot is one of the extensive cotton planters in his county. He says that the crop is short by nearly one-third, and that with the present good weather the farmers of Troup will clear their fields by October 10th, six weeks earlier than ever before. The farmers are holding their cotton in that section, waiting for better prices.

WEST POINT MAKES COMPLAINT.

Citizens Say They Are Discriminated Against in Freight Rates.

A date was set yesterday for a hearing before the railroad commission of the complaints of the city of West Point, Ga., against the Atlanta and West Point railroad and he Western Railway of Alabama.

The citizens of West Point claim that the Atlanta and West Point railroad discriminates against them in the matter of freight rates. The rates, they say, on goods from Philadelphia and other cities are higher to West Point than it is to cities far below West Point.

The complaints were filed in the office of the railroad commission some time ago and the hearing was set for October 1st. The case is an interesting one and the railroad companies will be called on to show their reasons for discriminating against the cities.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

New and Secondhand,

And all kinds of school supplies. A useful present presented with each purchase, at
JOHN M. MILLER'S,
39 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

sept4-tf

GOLD MEDAL HIGHEST AWARD AND DIPLOMA OF HONOR &c AWARDED TO

A. K. HAWKES

THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL AWARDED TO ANY OPTICIAN.

THE MOST POPULAR GLASSES IN THE UNITED STATES
HAWKES CRYSTALIZED LENSES TRADE MARK
SOLD IN 8000 CITIES AND TOWNS
NEVER PEDDLED.
ESTABLISHED 1870

OCULISTS' PRESCRIPTIONS
—AND—
REPAIR WORK
.........A SPECIALTY.........
and old frames readjusted without charge.

12 Whitehall Street,
Headquarters for the U. S.

La PALOMA CUBANA CIGAR FACTORY

LLORENS, PACETTI & CO., Proprietors.

THE ONLY GENUINE
CUBAN CIGAR FACTORY IN ATLANTA,
IMPORTERS OF HAVANA LEAF.

We have bought sufficient Havana leaf to enable us to work for several years. The people of Atlanta are cordially invited to visit our factory and see for themselves just what we are doing. You can find

OUR BRANDS

In all the leading cigar stands in the city. We solicit a trial. Our cigars are guaranteed to be

CUBAN HAND-MADE
AND OF THE
VERY BEST QUALITY

Office and Factory—8½ W. Alabama Street.
aug30—1m

MANLY VIGOR

ONCE MORE in harmony with the world, 2000 completely cured men are singing happy praises for the greatest, grandest and most successful cure for sexual weakness and lost vigor known to medical science. An account of this *wonderful discovery*, in book form, with references and proofs, will be sent to suffering men (sealed) *free*. Full manly vigor permanently restored. Failure impossible.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

GALVANIZED IRON—APOLLO.

First-class work of all sorts is done with Apollo. Some sorts can be well-enough done with inferior iron. It don't pay.

Apollo takes less time and saves money. You can't afford to use refractory iron.

Apollo obeys the tool, and makes no fuss.

Apollo Iron and Steel Company,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

"Beard Choppers"

Don't want good razors, but good barbers do. We sell the best razors made. Most of them are warranted.

You can't keep a razor from pulling a man's beard if you don't use a good strop. We can suit any barber on earth in a razor strop, both in price and quality.

We sell anything a barber needs, from shaving soap to a barber's chair—from a lather brush to a washstand. We are agents for the great Columbia Chair. Barbers out of town will save money by writing to us before buying.

LOWRY HARDWARE CO.,
60 Peachtree and 57 N. Broad Sts.,
Atlanta, Ga.

sun tues thurs

FOR RENT OR LEASE.

The three-story building with basement, corner Alabama and Loyd Sts., formerly occupied by Jack's Steam Bakery. It has a front of 50 feet on Alabama street, and will make a splendid wholesale house. Has railroad trackage. W. A. Hemphill.

THE "NATIONAL DOMOCRATS."

CONVENTION CALLED

To Meet in Convention Here on September 23d—The Official Call.

To the Democrats of Georgia:

The recent national democratic convention at Indianapolis was held for the purpose of reasserting and upholding the principles of democratic faith upon which depends the honor and welfare of the American people, in order that true and loyal democrats throughout the union might unite their patriotic efforts to avert disaster from our country and ruin from our party.

By virtue of the powers in us vested by the delegation from Georgia at that convention, we hereby issue this call to the democrats of Georgia for a state convention to be held in the city of Atlanta at 12 o'clock, noon, on Wednesday, September 23, 1896.

All democrats throughout the state who believe that the action taken and platform adopted at Indianapolis more truly represent the long established and recognized principles of the party, are earnestly urged to proceed at once to organize in their several counties, and to send representatives to the convention at Atlanta provided for in this call.

W. M. HAMMOND, Chairman,
Of Thomas County.
B. P. JONES,
Of Lowndes County.
H. H. PERRY,
Of Hall County.
EBEN HILLYER,
Of Floyd County.
J. RANDOLPH ANDERSON,
Of Chatham County.
THOMAS F. CORRIGAN,
Of Fulton, Member of National Executive Committee from Georgia.

Thomas H. Northen. Walker Dunson.

NORTHEN & DUNSON,

Real Estate and Loans.

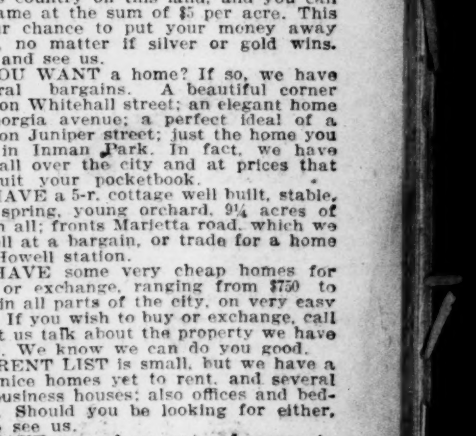
TO LOAN—Two sums, $3,000 and $1,200, in bank to loan from 1 to 5 years.
FOR RENT—Desk and space in our office, 409 Equitable building.
NEW HOUSE, Piedmont avenue, east front, lot well shaded, for sale at $6,500. Make us an offer for it.
WASHINGTON ST.—8-room house, lot 54x140, north of Richardson street, for $5,500.
KIMBALL ST.—7-room house, large lot, covered with oak grove, $8,000.
BALTIMORE PLACE—New 7-room house, north front, reduced from $7,000 to $6,250.
BARGAIN in central property, near center of city, 50x200, alley side and in rear, for only $20,000.
MONEY TO LOAN—6 and 8 per cent. Office 409 Equitable. Telephone 1208.

ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate Loans & Renting Agents

$2,200—For an elegant lot in block and a half of Peachtree, on one of best cross streets, 50x143, very cheap.
$5,000—Piedmont avenue house and lot, 8 rooms, cheap
$1,200—Store and 4-room house, Marietta street; rents for $12.50 per month.
$7,500—Beautiful Peachtree lot, must go. One of the prettiest on street.
$1,000—5-room house on electric line, corner lot.
$2,250—For two elevated nice lots on paved street, north side; splendid investment.
$500—Decatur lot, three-quarters of an acre, shaded.
TELEPHONE, 363. Office, 12 East Alabama street.

FOR RENT—NO. 104 EDGEWOOD AVE.



GORDON SCHOOL BUILDING.
Suitable for Manufacturing Purposes. Gas, Water and Steam heat. For terms apply to Roby Robinson, No. 12 Equitable building.

ISAAC LIEBMAN & SON,
Real Estate, Renting and Loans, 28 Peachtree St.

Telephone 1075.
1,300 ACRES in Greene county; Georgia railroad runs through this land for a half mile; one mile from depot; land lies perfect, not washed, about one-half cleared, balance original forest hard wood; would make a splendid stock farm or hay fields. In fact, you can raise anything that grows in this country on this land, and you can buy same at the sum of $5 per acre. This is your chance to put your money away safely, no matter if silver or gold wins. Come and see us.
DO YOU WANT a home? If so, we have several bargains. A beautiful corner home on Whitehall street; an elegant home on Georgia avenue; a perfect ideal of a home on Juniper street; just the home you want in Inman Park. In fact, we have them all over the city and at prices that will suit your pocketbook.
WE HAVE a 5-r. cottage well built, stable, fine spring, young orchard, 9¼ acres of land in all; fronts Marietta road, which we can sell at a bargain, or trade for a home near Howell station.
WE HAVE some very cheap homes for sale or exchange, ranging from $750 to $2,500, in all parts of the city, on very easy terms. If you wish to buy or exchange, call and let us talk about the property we have to sell. We know we can do you good.
OUR RENT LIST is small, but we have a few nice homes yet to rent, and several good business houses; also offices and bedrooms. Should you be looking for either, call to see us.
WE HAVE several amounts of money in bank here to place, and if property is worthy of the loan we can fix you up all O. K. ISAAC LIEBMAN & SON.

Real Estate Bargains

5-r h. and hall, E. Ellis, 50x150, $3,300.
7-r. h., Courtland avenue, $3,000.
Three 2-room houses near W. Fair, $500.
45x146 Merritts avenue, $1,300.
4-r. h., paved st., 40x130; $50 cash, $15 per month, 8 per cent, $1,250.
Good nice Capitol avenue lot, east front, 50x200; terms to suit, $1,000.
13½ acres 5 miles from carshed, to exchange, $1,800.
Good farms to exchange for city property. J. B. ROBERTS.

G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR.

G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate and Renting Agent,

14 Wall St., Kimball House.

I have for sale a splendid piece of property on Whitehall street, between Windsor and Hood streets, that I can sell at a sacrifice.

This lot fronts 60 feet on Whitehall street and runs back one hundred and twenty feet to Orange street.

The location is one of the best in the city for large tenement houses, and can be built upon so as to pay a handsome interest on investment.

Also a beautiful lot on Georgia avenue, near Loyd street, that can be bought at a bargain. This locality has been greatly improved in the last twelve months by a number of new homes.

Several charming homes in West End at reduced prices.

I have for rent two stores in the Kiser building, on South Pryor street. These stores are in the center of the city and are suitably located for any business.

G. W. ADAIR.

The Constitution.

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ATLANTA, GA., September 17, 1896.

ONE DOLLAR
GETS
ALL THE NEWS.

A subscriber sends in a postal card reading thus:

> Editor Constitution—Please put that card in your paper once more about one borrowing another one's paper. No one likes to read his paper after it has been borrowed and read by others, for the news seems second-handed, and the borrowers are as able to subscribe for the paper as I am. Put it in large type so they will not miss seeing it.
>
> SUBSCRIBER.

For the purpose of enabling all to get the news of the campaign The Daily and Sunday Constitution will be sent to any address until the 10th of November for

ONE DOLLAR.

The Common People.

Strikingly at variance with the pulpit ravings of such narrow-minded theologians as Dr. McArthur and Bishop Newman, who have quit the Lord's business to uphold the waning cause of Mark Hanna, is the simple, dignified and non-partisan tribute pronounced upon the common people by Dr. J. F. Carson, pastor of the Central Presbyterian church, of Brooklyn, last Sunday.

Without indulging in offensive epithets or displaying aught of that spirit of intolerance which had so often proceeded from the pulpit during the campaign which is now pending, this devout man of God, in the fervent plea that impressed everyone in his congregation, upheld the rights of the common people of America.

To this populous element, he claimed, the nation was indebted not only for its security in time of war but also for that abiding patriotism which, in time of peace, is the sleepless guardian of its prosperity.

He furthermore contended that from the ranks of the common people had sprung the leaders of thought and action who had figured in the affairs of this nation since the birth of its independence. As this element had been the country's stronghold in the past, it would continue to be its tower of strength for all time to come.

In this connection, it is best to quote the exact words of the preacher:

> It is from the plain people that the great leaders of thought come. The great leaders of the world have come from the plain people. The common people are the parents of uncommon people. He whose name is above every name came from a manger. He before whom the angels bow was a carpenter.
>
> Recognize the possibilities of your position. Your home may have in it tonight one whom God has destined to rule the world. Plain people have given to the world its leaders. Throw about your home all those sacred environments that may improve it.

How nobly do these simple words of religious truth contrast with the bitter epithets which have now and then proceeded from the pulpit during this campaign. How strikingly do they accord with the spirit of that greatest of all preachers who had little in common with the usurers of his day and who was himself, in the truest meaning of the term, a man of the people.

Intolerant of Free Speech.

One of the most sacred rights which the constitution of this country guarantees to those living under its protection is the right of free speech; and yet that right has been trampled upon in the most outrageous manner by the police authorities of Cleveland, O.

Such indeed was the flagrant manner in which this principle of the constitution was violated in that city last Tuesday afternoon that the mayor himself, in a brief speech of apology, found it necessary to make amends to his fellow citizens for the gross indignity to which they had been subjected.

In another column of The Constitution the details of this shocking outrage are given in full. A bare perusal of the dispatch is sufficient to fire the soul of every man who has a drop of Americanism in his blood.

Under a despotic form of government, such a trespass upon the right of free speech would not be surprising, but in this country, where the rights of the people have always been respected, it is a most alarming and dangerous innovation. It only serves to illustrate the spirit of intolerance which has grown out of the advocacy of the single gold standard. There is nothing in the republican policy of finance which appeals to the support or sympathy of the people. Having been shouldered upon them without their consent, it can only be maintained by stifling the voice of free speech and trampling upon the rights and liberties to which they are entitled.

Such an outrage as the one in Cleveland, occurring as it did in the shadow of Mark Hanna's own home, will secure for the democratic ticket the support of thousands who believe in upholding the constitution of the United States.

As to Arthur Sewall.

Mr. James L. Smith, president of the Bryan Silver Club, at Oglesby, Tex., writes to The Constitution to ask if Hon. Arthur Sewall, the democratic nominee for vice president, is president of a national bank, president of the Marine Protective Association, or has any connection with a railroad corporation. Mr. Smith says in his letter that "both democrats and populists have confidence in the honesty and integrity of The Constitution, and for this reason" he asks for information in regard to such business connections of any nature that might concern the business standing of Mr. Sewall.

The Constitution knows of Mr. Sewall, of Maine, as a prominent shipbuilder of Maine and as president of a national bank. As to whether he is a member of a Marine Protective Association, we do not know. As he is a shipbuilder, however, it is probable that he may be a member of a marine association, just as it is probable that a prominent farmer may be a member of the grange, or the alliance, or some association looking to the mutual benefit of agriculturists. We do not know whether Mr. Sewall has any connection with a railroad; but for the sake of argument, admit that he has.

The main thing that we know of Arthur Sewall is this: that for many years he has been in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver. He has held this view and asserted it in the face of the fact that he is a capitalist and the president of a national bank, and in the face of the fact that the public sentiment around him has been and is violently in favor of the gold standard. The opposition to Mr. Sewall that is based on his bank connection is both blind and ignorant. The Constitution is of the opinion that Mr. Sewall's position in favor of free coinage at a time when he had nothing to gain by it but a good deal to lose, is as high a tribute as could be paid to the people's cause. More than that, it is a tribute to his own earnestness and patriotism, and to his strength of character.

Some of the populist brethren have placed their opposition to Sewall on the ground that he is president of a national bank. But it is both foolish and unjust to insist that because a man is a national banker he cannot be patriotic, or because a man has capital he must necessarily be opposed to the interests of the people and the sworn enemy of democratic principles. The populists who arm themselves with such an unjust argument make an attack on the character and integrity of one of the brightest and most zealous leaders of their own party—Mr. H. W. Reed, of Georgia.

It is true that Mr. Reed has recently resigned the position of president of the Brunswick National bank, but the fact remains that while he is a "capitallist," and has money invested in a national bank, he is now managing the campaign of Hon. Thomas E. Watson. Is he to be denounced for these things and placed under the ban of suspicion? Manifestly, such denunciation and such suspicion would invite the disgust of all honest and patriotic men.

The Constitution has been advocating the restoration of silver for nearly twenty years, and for a long part of that time Arthur Sewall, of Maine, has shown in various ways that he is ardently in favor of the financial principles on which the people of this country base their hopes. That he has been unselfish and patriotic in his advocacy of free coinage is a fact that admits of no question, and the fact that, as a banker and capitalist, he has taken a larger view of the question than the majority of national bankers—being willing to sacrifice temporary gain and profit in order to restore prosperity to the toiling masses—is abundantly to his credit. It should attract to his support every man who believes in the principles for which the democratic party is contending.

If it could be shown that Mr. Sewall has all the business connections with which he has been credited—and even more—the fact would only show that he holds his principles and his political convictions above and beyond the selfish considerations of business. When the people find a man of that kind, it is their duty to themselves to sustain him and hold up his hands.

It is a very bad cause, indeed, that has to be sustained by throwing mud at a man who places his principles above the selfish considerations of personal gain; and we think that President James L. Smith, of the Bryan Silver Club, of Oglesby, Tex., will heartily coincide with this view.

Why Such a Radical Change?

Scarcely three years have passed since Senator John M. Thurston, of Nebraska, who is now advocating the single gold standard with so much political venom, was counted as one of the most zealous friends of bimetallism in this country.

Such indeed was the cordial manner in which he espoused the cause of the white metal, that he openly declared war against the money power of the nation and was equally as bitter in denouncing the advocates of the single gold standard as he is now in denouncing the advocates of free coinage.

Seldom has a public man undergone such a radical and complete change of mind as that presented in the singular case of the Nebraska senator.

In a contribution from Senator Thurston's pen, which appeared in The Social Economist, for August, 1893, the senator employs this remarkable language:

> I have no doubt the remonetization of silver in the United States would speedily and certainly appreciate the price of silver, not only in this country, but throughout the whole world. No matter what other governments do, this country ought not to eliminate silver from use as a coin metal. Any legislation in that direction will be looked upon by the common people as in the interest of the money power for the express purpose if increasing the purchasing power of money and decreasing the selling price of everything produced by human toil. It is a fact, which should not be overlooked by statesmen, that the price of American silver and the price of American wheat reached low-water mark on the same day.

Entertaining such strong and positive views on the silver question three years ago, it is not surprising that people should be at a loss to explain his intolerance at this time. As a humbug, Senator Thurston is a howling success, though as a statesman, he is a prodigious failure.

Hanna's Insolent Insult to the People.

The Springfield Republican appears to have come recently to a very clear understanding of the nature and expectations of the gold campaign, as carried on through the manipulations of Mark Hanna. Whether our contemporary is enamored of them is a question which, by straining, will admit of a doubt, but that it clearly perceives the nature of the performance that is now going on admits of no doubt whatever.

For instance, The Republican prints the statement that has recently been made on the authority of the Hanna managers in regard to the surprising changes that have taken place recently among the republican farmers in Iowa, and this is the only comment it makes:

"In view of these facts, we beg to repeat that what Hanna wants is more cash and less confidence."

That is all. Not more arguments nor more facts, but more cash. This is the demand of all who are connected with the campaign which the money power has instituted for the perpetuation of the slavery imposed upon the people and their resources by the gold standard. Not a day passes but the honest voters of the United States are not insulted by the demands of the Hanna syndicate for cash.

The big bankers and bondholders in the neighborhood of Wall street and other financial centers have already contributed millions, but still they are asked for more. Now, what is the meaning of this constantly increasing demand for more money that comes up from those who are carrying on the campaign of the gold syndicate? Fortunately, Hanna, the chief bottle washer, has not left the people in doubt. He has insolently asserted that money is all that is necessary to carry an election in the United States. He has publicly made this attack on the manhood and integrity of the American people, and he emphazsies it every time he demands more money from the eastern plutocrats.

This matter is as important as the main issue. It goes to the root of things. The Hanna crowd is not only demanding that the gold standard shall be indorsed, but, with the insolence and arrogance of their class, they have challenged the honor of every American voter. They have declared: "If we cannot convince the people by arguments or persuade them by logic, we can buy them like cattle when they come to the polls. To do this we must have more money."

This is the nature of the appeal that Hanna is making to the plutocrats. To all intents and purposes, the campaign of argument has been abandoned. The Hanna syndicate has enough money to place a gold pamphlet in the hands of every voter in the United States—enough money to send hessians like Cockran and Schurz into every village in the country. But there is only a show of a political campaign going on. Mr. McKinley refuses to get ten feet away from the family cuspidor, and all that can be heard is the hoarse voice of the everyday political hack who recites the speech prepared for him by the typewriters in Wall street.

Behind all this is the declaration of Hanna that money is all that is necessary to carry an election in the United States. He is preparing to make this declaration good, and, to that end, he continues to make loud demands for more cash. When, therefore, the public observes the calm confidence with which the New York editors discuss the outlook, in the face of their knolwedge that an overwhelming majority of the voters are opposed to the gold standard, it may be taken for granted that this serenity is based on an implicit belief in the ability of Hanna and his agents to suppress the voice of the people by the use of money.

If the voters of the United States have not lost the power to resent the insults of the bloated agent of the plutocrats, they will give Hanna and his employers an object lesson at the polls next November that will last them for several years to come.

It will be interesting to note how the Hannacrats propose to settle the Madeline Pollard issue that has been sprung on them.

Because Grover Cleveland has abandoned the democratic organization, The New York Evening Post refers to it as an "isolated" party! We have frequently remarked that Editor Godkin is one of the most doocid lucid essayists on the British-American press of the metropolis.

Instead of preparing to take off his coat, Senator Hill seems to be anxious to remove his pantaloons. Editor Dana's attention is respectfully called to this.

In Wall street the money power is keeping up the price of stocks, but it allows old and conservative business firms to go to the wall for lack of money. Meantime, prices of farm products go down.

Georgia will make a comfortable reply to Maine.

No doubt Mr. Hanna expects to carry Kentucky. If money could buy the vote of the state, he could carry it.

Buckner was a silver man, they say, until his wife inherited a cool million.

There will be no difficulty in counting the gold vote in the south.

Louisville also seems to be a free silver town. And Watterson is many a mile away!

Bryan's Triumphal Tour.

From The Augusta Chronicle.

There has never been a political tour in this country that was more of a triumphal march than Bryan's stumping tour. The outpouring of the people cannot be laid down simply to idle curiosity. It is the deep interest which the people feel in the young leader and the cause he represents. Bryan is a winner.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

Pullin' Candy.

I remember just as well—
Everything was handy,
Moonlight over field an' dell—
We a-pullin' candy.

All the boys an' all the girls
(Sweetest was Mirandy!)
Blue eyes, brown eyes, golden curls—
We was pullin' candy.

O the fun we had that night!
Cabin floor was sandy,
Fiddle jest a-goin' right—
We a-pullin' candy.

Only trouble I could see
Was that sweet Mirandy
Pulled my heart away from me—
First prize, pullin' candy!

It is one thing to write about the "Song of the Reapers" and another thing to hear it. In Georgia just at this time, it really rings in this fashion:

"Cotton's ginnin' mighty slow
Way down here in Georgia;
Just can't pay up half I owe,
Way down here in Georgia.

"Got ter send the boys ter school,
Way down here in Georgia;
Take the mortgage off the mule,
Way down here in Georgia.

"Moonshine fellers got no pull
Way down here in Georgia;
Take that jug and fill her full,
Way down here in Georgia!"

They tell of a Georgia candidate who offers to gin cotton free for everybody who will sign a contract to vote for him. Another one—a candidate for coroner—finding a family that contained twelve votes, jerked his coat and shingled the house for them. The Georgia candidate means business this financial year.

September.

The horn of the hunter is heard on the hill,
The mist of the moonshine is over the "still;"
It's September—
Remember!
In Georgia.

The voice of the candidate's heard on the stump;
The rabbits are scared, and they give him the jump;
It's September—
Remember!
In Georgia.

The call of collectors is loud at the door.
(It strikes me I've gazed on that statement before!)
It's September—
Remember!
In Georgia.

An eastern poet tried to commit suicide because his poem was declined by an editor. This statement is going to have a bad effect in the literary world. Editors will certainly take advantage of it until they kill off a million or two.

The Turn of the Tide.

"How's the election?"

"I'm 'feared they'll beat you!"

"Why, I was ten votes ahead just now?"

"That's right, but the Jones family has arrove, an' thar's fifteen sets o' twins in it, all votin' size!"

Some of the Georgia candidates will encounter more ice at the poll than even Nansen did.

We have received the prospectus of a new literary magazine. Some of the contributors are mentioned by name, but the pallbearers have not been designated yet.

—F. L. S.

CAMPAIGN CLIPPINGS.

Columbus, O., Evening Press: The gold organs still continue in the business of suppressing Mr. Bryan's speeches. And yet they call themselves newspapers!

Nashville American: Mr. McKinley has not accepted the invitation of the labor organizations of Chicago to have a joint debate with Mr. Bryan in that city, and what is more, he will not.

Evansville Courier: Hanna says he will not let McKinley make a show of himself and stump the country. Shades of Lincoln, Garfield and Blaine defend us. Mr. Harrison, what do you think of this insult?

Chattanooga News: Kentucky is no more to be judged by Maine than it is by Denmark; nor can Illinois any more appropriately be compared to Vermont than to Poland.

Columbus, O., Evening Press: Lincoln once said: "God must love the common people—he made so many of them." Had this great-hearted man never made any other observation worthy of preservation, this one would have informed the world as to his wisdom and character.

Nashville Sun: Mr. Hanna is doubling up on his daily excursions to Canton and will keep Mr. McKinley busy from now until the date of the election. It really begins to look a little as if somebody's "skeered."

St. Louis Republic: Bourke Cockran is to speak in St. Louis. It will be interesting to observe whether or not he receives anything like the reception accorded to Bryan.

New York Journal: The Maine election emphasizes the lesson of Vermont—that is to say, it proves that Mr. Bryan can expect no votes from the northeastern corner of the union. But he needs none there. He can be elected without a single vote from north of the Potomac and east of the Wabash, although it is to be hoped, for the sake of the national welfare, that New York and New Jersey at least will break the sectional division.

SPARKS FROM GEORGIA.

LaGrange has just built a large cotton mill and other enterprises and as a result improvement is apparent in all lines of business. The Reporter, in its last issue, states that there are between sixty and seventy-five residences now in course of construction.

Savannah complains that she can't get vessels enough for her heavy shipments of cotton. The export of grain is more profitable, and the ship owners stick to grain.

North Georgia mining interests are looking up. The Paulding county gold fields are being developed and are proving very productive.

The growth of the Rome public schools indicates a very rapid increase of population.

Richmond county has at the least 10,000 bona fide voters. Over 9,000 polls have been returned by the tax receiver.

A Political Ingrate.

From The Kansas City Times.

Mr. Cleveland has turned his back on the men who twice elected him president and brazenly made common cause with the men who once defeated him. A majority of his party at Chicago refused to indorse his administration because it has been prolific in blunders that came near wrecking the democratic organization of the country. Despite his mistakes, there still remained in almost every county in every state in the union some few democrats who persisted in believing that Mr. Cleveland, while differing from the great body of the party that had honored him so often and so highly, would remain a loyal democrat and abide by the finding of the grand national council of his party.

GOSSIP OF THE DAY.

"I have made a careful study of the situation," said Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, in a recent interview, "and I am thoroughly convinced that Bryan will be elected in November. I am willing to stake my political hopes on it and my reputation as a prophet, too, that McKinley will not carry fifteen states in the union; and he can have the five yankee states to begin with."

Senator Blackburn is a man of the people and one of the best campaigners in the United States. His views, therefore, on the democratic situation are entitled to some weight.

One of the most influential supporters of the democratic nominee in this campaign is Senator Murphy, of New York. On account of a severe illness from which he has not yet entirely recovered, Senator Murphy has been unable to take a very active part in the campaign. Still he has been in communication with democrats all over the state and is doubtless as familiar with the situation as any one can possibly be.

"I have been watching the political movement closely," said he to a correspondent of The St. Louis Republic last Monday, "and I am confident that Mr. Bryan will be elected, and I expect to see him carry New York state. The republicans are doing the shouting now, but after the Buffalo convention has completed its work you will see a marked change in the situation."

Referring to the non-committal attitude of Senator Hill in regard to the Chicago ticket Senator Murphy gave it as his opinion that the democratic leader would soon declare himself on the side of the people.

"I admire Senator Hill," continued he, "and we are on the best of terms, newspaper reports to the contrary notwithstanding. I shall always esteem him as one of my warmest friends and look upon him as a really great leader. But he made a mistake in going to Chicago with Mr. Whitney and his friends, and in that way identifying himself directly with the goldbugs. The senator played good politics, though; and as he stayed till the convention was over I don't see how he can refuse to indorse the ticket."

Touching upon other phases of the campaign, Senator Murphy proceeded:

"Senator Gorman did a splendid thing in standing up for the Chicago nominations. He did not wait a minute. He is certainly a great politician. After all, I don't see how a real democrat can do otherwise. The national convention is the high court of appeals of the democratic party. Mr. Bryan's nomination was not secured by hook or crook, but fairly and squarely. And the same is true of the platform. Both were carried by a good majority. The national convention has settled the money question by adopting a free silver plank. As true democrats, we must stand by our party and the platform it has adopted and we will go forth 'conquering and to conquer.'

"Mr. Bryan is a wonderful young man. He has the power of rousing enthusiasm. He is quite as magnetic as Blaine was. His next coming to New York wil be a tour of triumph. I know Mr. Bryan personally. He often used to come over to the senate cloakroom and chat with Senator Allen and myself. He is honest, earnest, industrious—a self-made man, and stainless in his personal record."

In regard to the use of boodle in the campaign, Senator Murphy said:

"Of course we have not much to fall back on as compared with the big checks that Mr. Hanna receives, but the people are tired of plutocratic rule and they will resent the introduction of so much money in the presidential canvass. As soon as te Buffalo convention adjourns and the full ticket is in the field—national, state, county and city—all will go to work with a will, and it will be nip and tuck from now till next November. In every village and town there will be a small army at work for the success of the ticket."

The Brookly Citizen draws the following parallel between Cleveland and Benedict Arnold:

"Substantially the same motives have moved Cleveland that moved Benedict Arnold. The latter thought himself a bigger man than George Washington, and the former because so puffed up with flattery and self-conceit that he deemed himself unjustly treated when democrats would not raise him to the pinacle occupied by Jefferson. Arnold was intrusted with the defense of the strongholds of the Hudson, which in the judgment of the British would, if secured, give them complete ascendancy in the struggle. Cleveland was entrusted by the democracy with the powers of the presidency, which in the judgment of the republicans, will, if secured, enable them to terminate for all time the rebellion of the common people against the tyranny and robbery of the great monopolies. The British offered Arnold high rank in their service in return for his treason; the mugwumps and republicans have all agreed to celebrate Cleveland as the greatest democrat in existence or who ever existed in return for his treachery.

"The result will be very much the same in both cases. Cleveland has had to fly to the arms of his party's foes before being able to consummate his designs, just as Arnold had to fly to the British camp. Washington did not lose the defenses of the Hudson, nor will the democracy lose the powers of the presidential office. The patronage for the time being is, indeed, at the disposal of the enemies of the democracy, but the real control is lodged with the people, and they are to speak in November."

To show the base methods employed by the republicans in this campaign a workman in one of the leading establishments of New York writes in the following strain:

"I am employed as foreman in a large cloak house on Pine street. I was approached by one of the firm two weeks ago and asked if I would try and form a McKinley campaign club among the men working under me. My employer told me midday political meetings would be held near the shop, and he intended giving an extra half hour at lunch time to all those who wished to attend.

"Knowing that were I to refuse to do it, I would be discharged, I spoke to several of the workmen whom I had overheard talking republicanism. They seemed to think it was a grand scheme, and started in to enroll the men. They got thirty-five names. Some held off, telling me they would rather walk the streets and beg than join a republican club and pledge themselves to support the ticket.

"I was again approached Friday morning by the same member of the firm, and enrollment blanks from the Democratic Honest Money League were given to me, requesting me to try and get the signatures of those who refused to join our McKinley club, together with names of the club names. Every man in the shop signed it, but I don't know how many will keep their pledge."

Notwithstanding the coercive policy adopted by the republicans in this campaign it will be a different matter to suppress the voice of the people in November.

SOME SOUTHERN STORIES.

There are three brothers in Monroe county, North Carolina, who went through the civil war and were in all the principal battles in which the Army of Northern Virginia took part, and neither one of them received a scratch from the time they volunteered in 1861, until they surrendered at Appomattox. Their names are G. N. Stinson, D. D. Stinson and P. C. Stinson. They are all living and are good citizens.

A Kentucky tramp called at a residence and solicited food. The lady gave him some biscuits. The tramp thanked her and then stepping off a few yards, threw the biscuits at the windows of the house, breaking the glass in every one of them. Then with the remaining biscuits he put the family to flight.

Captain Hackett, of the United States engineer corps, at St. Augustine, is making a study of the water hyacinth, which is proving a serious menace to the navigation of the St. Johns river above Palatka, for the purpose of ascertaining how it can be destroyed. Some of the farmers along the river are experimenting with the foliage of the hyacinth as cattle feed. If live stock will eat it, it may transpire that the extirpation of the growth will not be desirable.

POLITICS IN GEORGIA.

Governor Atkinson came up from Brunswick yesterday morning and spent the day in his office at the capitol. He did not talk at any length about the progress of the campaign, but in response to a question said:

"I am thoroughly satisfied with the outlook. The democrats from one end of the state to the other are earnestly at work, and if they keep it up until election day, as I believe, of course, they will, the results wil be most gratifying. Georgia is sure to go on record with a spendid democratic victory this year."

The governor left last night for Trenton. He addresses the people of Dade county there today.

Charman Clay was back at headquarters yesterday, and put in the busiest day imaginable. He spent Tuesday in Canton and brought back good reports from Cherokee.

"The outlook is very favorable there," said he. "I find that many populists resent the nomination of Wright, and they are strongly against wiping out the local option law. The general report is that the men who are the genuine prohibitionists do not like to see the populist effort to ride into power at their expense, and will resent it at the polls, and that the populist leaders do not like Wright, because he has never declared himself a populist. I believe Cherokee will be found all right and by a good majority."

Chairman Clay expects to remain at headquarters until the day of the state election. He necessarily has a great deal of work on his hands; very many letters to answer, speakers to supply, and has, as its executive head, to give constant direction to the campaign. He is an ideal chairman, combining rare executive ability and good judgment with intense enthusiasm in his work. And he inspires his associates with the same enthusiasm. As one of the members of the state committee put it last night: "It certainly won't be Steve Clay's fault if we don't have fifty thousand majority in the state campaign. He is certainly doing his part toward bringing about that result, and I wouldn't be surprised if it reached that figure."

Hon. Carter Tate was among yesterday's callers at democratic headquarters. "You are going to hear good reports from the ninth district—mark my prediction," he said, when asked about conditions in the counties of his district. "We had a hard fight in some of them two years ago, and it is no walkover, by any manner of means, now; but the indications are that we will carry some counties which we lost before, and I believe the district as a whole will give Governor Atkinson a considerably better majority than he received in 1894. I find that not only is the party stronger than it was two years ago, but Governor Atkinson is personally stronger with all the people. His splendid administration has commended him to all the people, for he has shown that he is ever watchful of the interests of the state and of the people."

Congressman Tate has been making an active canvass of his district. He has been speaking almost continuously during the past few weeks, and will continue at it until the state election, though he is forced to take a few days' rest just now on account of his health. He was almost overcome with heat in Gwinnett on Tuesday.

"Yes, you'll hear good reports from the ninth," he added to Chairman Clay.

Hon. Fleming duBignon is of the opinion that Governor Atkinson will have a majority of 40,000. He so expressed himself to a Savannah newspaper man, saying: "The state ticket will be successful by increased majorities. In middle and north Georgia, particularly, the temperance people are allied with the democracy. These people say that all that has been done for prohibition has been done under democratic government—even under democratic auspices. They are willing to trust the result to local option. These people will not go into the populist campaign on account of prohibition. North Georgia, where independentism and republicanism flourish, is practically united for the democratic ticket. I believe Governor Atkinson and the state ticket will be elected by at least 40,000 majority."

Mr. duBignon was asked if it was true that the colored vote would be practically solid for Governor Atkinson.

"I think it will be," he answered. "The populists have made some very desperate and despicable attacks on Governor Atkinson. They have distributed circulars and pictures through the state among the negroes. This has enabled the governor to reply and he has come back with his answers with great effect. It has enabled him to show that he has been a friend of the colored race. He has had a chance to show the reforms he has made in the convict system and elsewhere. He has made a strong canvass on this line and has got at the colored people in a way which has made him votes."

The papers are teeming with politics and political stories. The Spring Place Jimplecute tells this on a populist candidate:

"We heard a stemwinder on Populist Candidate McGarrity yesterday from a gentleman who knows. It was to the effect that he had, early in the present campaign, proposed to Colonel Buck, Georgia's republican boss, that if he (Buck) would control the republican vote of this district to McGarrity he (McGarrity) would, in event of election, vote for a republican speaker of the next national house of representatives, vote for all republican tariff measures, and stated that he didn't know but that the republicans were about right on the money question."

Here is political gossip from The Covington Enterprise:

"In many sections of Georgia the people are anxious to see Hon. R. U. Hardeman elected governor two years from now. Dick Grubb, of The Darien Gazette, says that in his opinion General C. A. Evans will be elected governor without opposition in 1898. A dashing young statesman by the name of Steve Clay may also be a conspicuous figure in that campaign."

The local contest in Chatham will bring out a very large vote, and it is now pretty well settled that both the liberals and citizens will vote the straight state ticket. This will give Atkinson a fair, square majority in Savannah alone of 4,000, according to The Savannah Press.

Says the Columbus Enquirer-Sun:

"While Colonel Cary Thornton has been duly 'notified,' he has not yet girded his loins and waded into Charley Adamson. When he does Charley will emerge victoriously flourishing the colonel's hirsute appendage."

The Brunswick Times-Advertiser says that "the speech of Governor Atkinson at Magnolia park was one that will gain him many votes."

Covington has organized a democratic club, starting with a roll of 200 members.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Chicago News: The English may abolish the house of lords as fast as they like, but a duke will be worth $5,000,000 in the American market for another generation at least.

Florida Times-Union: The toothpick shoe is rapidly going out of fashion. It must have been invented by a man in the last stages of paresis.

Los Angeles Herald: The fact that Turkey's indebtedness amounts to $750,000,000 no doubt accounts for the dilatoriness of her Christian creditors. Christianity is as subservient to the filthy lucre among nations as with individuals.

Denver Times: The distinguished Joseph Chamberlain begs to differ from the distinguished Lord Russell so far as to say that neither arbitration nor conciliation is possible without an international police force to give them substance.

Early in the Game.

Frmo The Griffin News.

Our contemporaries are inquiring if McKinley will take the stump. Our best information is that he is already stumped.

MEN WHO WILL FIGHT

Executive Committee of Fulton County League Named.

PLANS MADE FOR CAMPAIGN

Headquarters Have Been Engaged by President Mallard.

BRYAN MAY COME TO ATLANTA SOON

Telegram Received Stating That He Will Be Here if Necessary. What He Says.

The Young Men's Democratic League of Fulton county has entered actively into the field.

Since the reorganization of the club last week President W. J. Mallard has been engaged upon the work of revising the roll and getting the organization in firm shape.

The committees have been made out and from this time until the close of the campaign a warm fight will be waged.

Headquarters has been engaged for the league in the room adjacent to the state democratic headquarters in the Kimball house. Here the office work will be done under the supervision of President Mallard.

Yesterday the executive committee was announced. It is made up of thorough democrats, all of whom ardently support the national and state democratic tickets. Following is the executive committee in full:

County at large—J. J. Spalding, chairman; Albert Howell, Jr., James W. Austin, Robert Adamson, James F. O'Neil.
First ward—J. M. Mayson, Walter P. Collier.
Second ward—Walter R. Brown, Arnold Broyles.
Third ward—E. L. Lumpkin, W. E. Adamson.
Fourth ward—J. B. Stewart, Hamilton Douglas.
Fifth ward—Frank Lester, Charles S. Northen.
Sixth ward—Charles Rice, Fulton Colville.
Seventh ward—Malvern Hill, Sam Wilkes.
Battle Hill—Gellam Morrow.
Blackhall—John K. Murphy.
Edgewood—Ed L. Harralson.
Peachtree—Frank West.
East Point—J. B. McConnell.
South Bend—Thomas Pool.
Buckhead—Charles W. Pope.
Collins—James Mathews.
Bryants—Robert E. Knight.
Cooks—Will Gilliland.
Oak Grove—Thomas J. Anderson.
Adamsville—John T. Jones.

The campaign committee has not yet been named by President Mallard. This will be made out in a day or two and announced as soon as possible.

A call has been issued for a meeting of the executive committee for this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Following is the call:

Headquarters Young Men's Democratic League, September 16th, 1896.—The executive committee of the Young Men's Democratic League of Fulton county will meet Thursday afternoon at 4 o 'clock in the room adjoining democratic headquarters on the second floor of the Kimball house. A full attendance is urged. By order of

J. J. SPALDING, Chairman.

Bryan May Come.

It is probable that Bryan will make a trip to Atlanta soon. In reply to his telegram requesting the nominee to come President Mallard received the following yesterday:

Lexington, Ky., September 15.—W. J. Mallard, Jr., Atlanta: Thanks for invitation. Time engaged to October 8th. May come later if necessary. W. J. BRYAN.

W. J. DONOVAN SHOT AND KILLED

No One Witnessed the Deed, but It Is Declared Accidental.

Mr. Wylly J. Donovan, of Wadley, Ga., who is well known in Atlanta, was accidentally killed at his home yesterday by a pistol shot. He married Miss Katie Howard, a daughter of the late Colonel A. G. Howard, of this city, several years ago.

The news of the tragedy comes in the following telegram, which was received last night:

Wadley, Ga., September 16.—(Special.)—About 7 o'clock this morning our town was thrown into a state of excitement over the accidental killing of Mr. Wylly J. Donovan, a member of the firm of Evans & Donovan, of this place. Mr. Donovan lived several blocks away from his place of business and on leaving the store at night carried his pistol.

This morning he came to the store, going into the office to put away his pistol and money as was his habit. When he reached his office the morning's mail was handed him. He began reading his mail and called to his partner that cotton had gone up twenty-five points. Almost instantly the report of a pistol was heard. Mr. Cheatham rushed into the office and found Mr. Donovan lying on the floor in a dying conditio.

Medical aid was summoned, but when the doctor arrived Mr. Donovan was dead. There was no eye-witness to the deed. Drs. Battle and Holmes examined the body, probing for the ball, and from the direction which the ball plowed its way through the body they decided that the killing was accidental. The coroner's jury found that the killing was accidental.

JENKINS IS FOUND.

Was in Hogansville When He Heard That He Was Wanted Here.

H. T. Jenkins, who is wanted by Judge Candler, of the superior court, on a charge of contempt of court, is out of the city, but he read in The Constitution of the issuance of an attachment against him and during the morning he telegraphed Judge Candler of the fact, stating that he would return to Atlanta and appear before the court voluntarily.

Jenkins is wanted in connection with the Bass murder case. One of the witnesses in the case of Columbus Johnson, charged with the murder of Bass, asserts that Jenkins has repeatedly attempted to intimidate her and prevent her from testifying against the negro, Johnson.

Oldest and Youngest Judges Meet.

The oldest and youngest of the Georgia judges sat together on the bench yesterday. Judge Hansell, the venerable judicial officer of the southern circuit, and Judge Candler, te oldest and youngest judges in the state, respectively, are the wearers of the judicial ermine refered to. Judge Candler was visited by Judge Hansell and Judge W. N. Spence, the latter of the Albany circuit, both of whom came to Atlanta yesterday to ask Judge Candler to hold court for them next month. Judge Spence will exchange with Judge Candler the second week in October, and he will preside in the southern circuit later. The visiting judges watched the course of proceedings in the criminal court and they were much pleased with the conduct of affairs by Judge Candler.

A Solid Platform.

From The Sparta Ishmaelite.

One of the young lady teachers at the institute last week replied to the suggestion that she ought to marry that she couldn't afford to exchange a $80 job for a 10 cents husband. That is a pretty solid platform to stand on.

Editor Glessner's View of It.

From The Griffin News.

The election of Bryan, who reported McKinley's nomination at St. Louis, will put fresh hopes into the hearts of the newspaper men. We all can't be presidents, but we will be glad to know it is only because there are not enough presidencies to go around.

RAISE COUNTY TAXES

DeKalb Commissioners Increase the Tax Rate Twenty-Five Cents.

NEW COURTHOUSE IS WANTED

Old Landmark To Be Replaced with a Modern Structure.

RAISE IN TAX CAUSES A VIGOROUS PROTEST

New Building Estimated To Cost $25,000 and Will Be Begun in a Short While.

The old county courthouse that for more than seventy years has marked the county seat of DeKalb, will be torn down and a new temple of justice erected on the site.

In order to accomplish this change the county commissioners have levied a special county tax for the purpose of raising a fund of $25,000.

The special tax has met with the approval of many citizens of the county, and at the same time it has met with a vigorous protest from several hundred taxpayers.

The proposed change was made several years ago, and in order to test the matter an election on the question of the issuance of bonds was called. The bond issue was voted down by the people, and since that time nothing further has been done toward securing a new courthouse.

A few days ago the board of county commissioners of DeKalb county met and levied the special tax, making the state and county rate about $1.35, which is 30 cents per hundred more than is collected by Fulton county.

This raise caused a division among the taxpayers, and while there are many who stated they would willingly pay the increase, there were many others who claimed that the rate was excessive and burdensome, and made the statement that they would fight the proposed change.

The object of the commission in making the special levy is to raise $25,000, all of which will be expended upon the new building. The old courthouse is in a very dilapidated condition, and the building seems almost ready to crumble beneath its own weight. The building has been the center of the public square at Decatur for more than seventy years, and is one of the oldest landmarks in this part of the state.

Modern Building Wanted.

The commissioners desire a modern and substantial building that will accommodate all the various departments of the county. The present building was erected when DeKalb county was sparsely inhabited and its citizens were poor. The building at that time was large enough for all demands, and within its walls was room for all the county officers.

DeKalk county is now one of the wealthiest counties in the state, and ranks in order among the largest and best. The business of the county has greatly increased within the last few years, and there is not even room for the tax receiver's and the sheriff's offices. At last session of the grand jury that body was not able to hold its sessions in the courthouse, and a hall in the Masonic building was rented for the purpose.

The county commissioners have been quietly looking into the matter for some time, and although the bond issue was voted down by the people at the election called about three years ago, they had not given up their idea of having a modern courthouse.

The proposed building is to cost $25,000 and will be a model courthouse in every detail of construction. The building will be of stone and brick and the floors are to be laid in stone and marble tiling and the interior is to be fitted up in the latest and most approved manner. When the new building is completed the property immediately surrounding the public square will probably be sold and used for residences, as the business part of the town does not reach as far as the square. Other improvements are promised to follow the new courthouse.

The Need Said To Be Urgent.

Colonel Milton A. Candler, who is attorney of the county of DeKalb, stated yesterday that the proposed improvement was urgent and the need for a new building was exceedingly pressing.

"The present building," said he, "is about seventy years old. It was first built when DeKalb county was Henry county. In 1842 the building was destroyed by fire, but the walls were repaired and added to, making the present building.

"The county officers have no room for the transaction of their business and the sheriff and county tax receiver have to go about from place to place without having any desk room or cabinet for the filing of their papers. The valuable books of the county lie about on the floors and the papers are scattered about in a disorderly manner. I believe that a portion of the alleged shortage of Mr. Mason was due to the disorder of the office."

The tax rate last year was $1.10, the same as it was in Fulton county, and the increase has caused much comment among those who oppose the action of the commissioners.

While there are but few who deny the need of a new courthouse, there are many who censure the action of the commissioners, it is said, because the people had voted down the issue of bonds at one time and now believe that the commissioners should not have taken this action without conferring with the people upon the matter.

The levy will doubtless be insisted upon by the commissioners, and it is said that work on the new building will be started as soon as the old building can be wrecked and the ground prepared for the new foundation.

When you reach home worn out with overwork, or oppressed by the heat, bathe the face and hands, or whole person, with Pond's Extract and water. Nothing is so refreshing and invigorating. Beware of imitations.

LUCAS FOUGHT THE PEDDLER.

A Negro Strikes a Man Who Wanted To Make a Collection.

Henry Lucas, a negro man, was bound over to the city criminal court yesterday on the charge of assault and battery, Olie Hodge, an Italian peddler, swearing out the warrant. It seems that the wife of Lucas was indebted to the peddler to the amount of 85 cents, which there was some difficulty in collecting. About a week ago Hodge went to the house of the negro and demanded the money. This angered Lucas and he struck the Italian several times over the head with a heavy stick, inflicting some very painful wounds. His bond was fixed at $100, which he succeeded in making.

THE "Monarch" BRAND SHIRTS ARE GUARANTEED GOODS

THIS IS YOM KIPPUR

It Is the Most Sacred Day Observed by the Jewish People.

TIME OF FASTING AND PRAYER

The Day of Atonement Being Celebrated the World Over—Services All Day in the Temple.

Today is Yom Kippur, the Jewish day of atonement, the most sacred day of the year to the Hebrews the world over.

Yom Kippur began at 6 o'clock last evening. It will end at 6 o'clock this evening. It comes every year ten days after Rosh Hoshanah, the Jewish New Year's day. It is the 10th day of the month of Tishri, which is the seventh month of the Jewish year.

The Jews celebrate this sacred day with absolute fasting, touching neither meat nor drink for twenty-four hours. They observe the following biblical order, found in Leviticus xvi, 29:

"In the seventh month on the 10th day of the month shall ye afflict yourselves, and abstain from work, whether it be one of your own country or the stranger that sojourneth unto you."

Yom Kippur is the real New Year's day of the Jews. Rosh Hashanah is the first day of the seventh month, which they celebrate as New Year's day, the ten days elapsing between that time and Yom Kippur are devoted to preparation for the more sacred day which begun last evening.

The services of Yom Kippur began at 7 o'clock last night in the Jewish temple, at the corner of Garnett and Forsyth streets. The temple was crowded and the musical programme was beautifully rendered. Professor O'Donnelly presided at the organ. Rabbi David Marx conducted the services, which lasted about two hours.

Today's services will begin at 10 o'clock this morning and will last all through the day. They will be even more elaborate than the initial service of yesterday.

Yom Kippur came last year on September 27th. The Jewish calender measures time by the revolutions of the moon about the earth and is entirely different to the calender generally used.

Last night's service was enjoyable to gentiles as well as Jews. The entire service was in English except a few prayers, which were in Hebrew.

None of the stores in Atlanta owned by Hebrews will be opened today.

The orthodox Jews will hold services today in their hall on Decatur street.

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

Al Field is certainly the "whole thing." He is a minstrel manager right.

If Atlanta has ever had a better minstrel show than that Al gave us last night it has not been my good fortune to witness it. There have been mammoth minstrel aggregations and conglomerations which spent a lot of money on the billboards in advertising high-priced stars, but my experience heretofore has been that the big aggregations sacrificed quality to quantity. It is not so with Field. He gives quality with quantity, saving nothing in haking his entertainment all it should be. He has the quantity equal to any of them, and while he does not, of course, monopolize all the talent in this line, he has the best.

The thermometer outside the Grand last night registered top figures. Inside there was a decided difference, for Manager DeGive's cooling apparatus kept pouring cool air through the house, and despite the fact that balcony and gallery were crowded to the limit and there were few vacant seats down stairs, the house was very comfortable. Under the circumstances the audience was one of the largest that has ever greeted any company here, and the enthusiasm manifested showed that every feature was enjoyed.

The bill is too long to be taken up in detail. There was Field, of course, one of the true princes of black-face comedy and a man who doesn't hesitate to do all kinds of hard work on the stage, though the proprietor of two big shows. He is always funny and he come this year with a lot of bright, new stuff. Then there was Dan Quinlan and Lew Sully, besides a number of less prominent people, to add to the comedy. Will Willing, Neil O'Brien and a number of other grood singers keep the vocal part of the performance to a high standard. Eddie Fox in his imitations and solos; Ollie Young, who is a wonderful club manipulator; a lot of good dancers, who do straight songs and dances as well as eccentric work; Bogart and O'Brien, who do a funny and clever musical act; Barber and Rollins in a unique bicycle act that is excellent; Harry Sheldon, the descriptive tenor; Frank Lamondue, with his pin on a clothes line; the Mahring brothers, who are wonderful head balancers, tumblers and dancers, and a lot of other people whom it is impossible to single out.

The baseball burlesque took the crowd by storm. There was not a dull minute from the time the curtain went up, and the show as a whole was thoroughly enjoyed by everybody.

Today there will be a special matinee. The engagement concludes tonight.

Coming Attractions.

A big scenic and electrical production of "Faust" will be the next attraction at the Grand.

Joseph Callahan, who will play the role of Mephisto Friday night, is said to be an actor of much ability, and a smooth performance may be expected. The same bill will be repeated at the Saturday matinee.

Saturday night Mr. Callahan will present Charles Frohman's great success, "The Lost Paradise," from the gifted pen of H. C. DeMille.

The New Orleans press has been most lavish in its praise of Mr. Callahan's Mephisto.

The famous Brothers Byrne, who have amused so many people by their grotesque acrobatic specialties, will be at the Lyceum tomorrow night and Saturday matinee and night in their nautical comedy, the new "Eight Bells." The scenery of "Eight Bells" is constructed especially for these agile brothers. The best scene is in the second act, when the staterooms on an ocean steamer are shown to the audience. The staterooms are occupied by the four Byrne brothers, and while the ship is rolling in the waves they introduce some of the best acrobatic turns.

You Are Dying

And you don't know what is the matter with you. Take Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy and you will feel like a new man within a short time. For sale everywhere.

OFF FOR EMORY COLLEGE.

Carload of Young Men Leave in Charge of Dr. Candler.

The special car for "the Emory boys," which left by the Geogia railroad Tuesday afternoon, was crowded to its fullest capacity.

Dr. Candler, who was in the city and went down with the boys, says the enrollment this year will exceed that of the past year, which was above three hundred.

The following young men from Atlanta are in attendance: Mr. John W. Hurt, Mr. J. A. Atkins, Mr. Ben Lee Crew, Mr. Joe Cole, Mr. A. B. Crusselle, Mr. J. J. Taylor Mr. Gulie Heidt, Mr. Eugene Johnson, Mr. C. H. Candler, Mr. A. G. Candler, Jr., Mr. Walter Moore, Mr. Harry Hare, Mr. Brooks Brown, Mr. William Mauldin, Mr. Garner M. Howard Muse, Mr. Robert Clark, Mr. J. G. Wilson and Mr. Keefer. Besides these were Messrs. Morton Turner, of Quitman; Pat Baldwin, of Macon; Frasier Cook and Ainsworth, of Thomasville; Henry Whitehead, of Macon; Harry Tindall, of Macon; Charles Thames, of Aberdeen, Miss.; Mixon and W. C. Armstrong, of Tennessee; Paul Irvin, Tucker Irvin and Alex Irvin, of Washington, Ga., and Lott and Domingos, of Waycross.

The plans for the new library building have been made and within the next few months the campus at Oxford will be adorned by one of the handsomest college buildings in the south.

MERCY FOR BILLINGS

Prisoner Who Told the Jailers of a Plot To Escape Is Rewarded.

WAS GIVEN A SHORT SENTENCE

He Refused To Join Delk and the Desperate Men in Their Plot To Escape.

Will Billings was rewarded in the superior court, yesterday, for his effort to save the life of the jailers at the county prison several weeks ago. He was given a short sentence upon being convicted of stabbing John Hoffman, whereas he might have got a long term in the penitentiary but for his act in defense of the jailers.

It will be remembered that several weeks ago a big plot to break jail was discovered just in time to prevent its accomplishment and the delivery of many of the most desperate prisoners in the institution. It was claimed that Tom Delk and other dangerous men were in the plot and that they intended to decoy the jailers into the prison department and then attack and kill them, if necessary, to escape.

Billings was confined in the prison at that time and he heard of the plot being formed. Instead of joining in the scheme to break jail, Billings held aloof and determined to inform the jail officers of what was going on. At the first opportunity he sent word to Mr. Eubanks and Assistant Jailer Cohen that Delk and others intended to assault them and escape at the first opportunity. The information confirmed the suspicion of the officers, which had already arisen, and the plot was frustrated in time. The jail officers and Sheriff Barnes felt grateful for the message sent them by Billings, and they determined to ask the court to extend him mercy when his case came to trial.

Yesterday Billings was put on trial in Judge Candler's court on a charge of assault to murder. John Hoffman, a Broad srteet saloon man, was the plaintiff in the case. The charge was reduced to one of stabbing, and Judge Candler reduced the usual sentence for that offense, sending Billings to the chaingang for only six months or fining him $50. The case was an interesting one and it occupied considerable time of the session. The alleged crime was committed in May, 1895, but Billings evaded arrest until a few weeks ago, when he was captured and lodged in jail.

THE PASSING THRONG.

"A friend of mine, who came through Lexington, Ky., early yesterday morning, told me," said Colonel T. R. Jones, of Dalton, last night, "that 1,000 persons were at the depot at 3 o'clock in the morning, just to see the train on which Mr. Bryan was asleep. My friend said that the people were enthusiastic. Many of them evidently had traveled a long distance to hear the democratic nominee."

The old Ashland district is counted on as sure for Bryan.

"Bill Howard made the best speech today I have heard in the campaign, and I have heard the best speeches on both sides," said Captain R. F. Wright, of Elberton, last night.

"Mr. Howard spoke in Elberton. He had a large audience, many of whom pere populists. His speech was magnificent. He made a man feel good that he was a democrat, and he won the populists. Mr. Howard ridiculed the statement that the Chicago convention stole the populist platform. The democratic party has always been a free coinage party, he said, and proved it. Mr. Howard has no opposition from any party. The populists have not made a nomination in the eighth, and probably will not make one."

Editor Adams, of The Eatonton Messenger, was in Atlanta yesterday. He said that Putnam would give Governor Atkinson a solid vote. There are only about fifty populists in the county. They have never been able to get a foothold in Putnam. Palmer and Buckner will not get over half a dozen votes in the entire county and four may be the outside number. When it comes to voting Putnam lines up with the straightout democrats.

Mr. J. R. Kennedy, of The Macon Telegraph, was in Atlanta yesterday. The expected trouble on the Nile reminds Mr. Kennedy of the summer, thirteen years ago, when the English bombarded Alexandria and followed it with the campaign up the Suez canal, which at Tel-el-Kebir overthrew Arabi and ended the rebellion. Mr. Kennedy was at the seige of Alexandria and participated in the campaign up to Cairo. The Moslems massacred all Europeans they could seize prior to the capture of Alexandria, and very few who were in the interior escaped. Alexandria was sacked before it was abandoned. Two thousand Europeans were slain by Arabi's men under the eyes of the British fleet, but at Tel-el-Kebir as many Egyptian soldiers were killed. After that battle the English cavalry marched on to Cairo, sixty-five miles, in two days, and in July at that. Arabi Pasha surrendered unconditionally when Major General Lowe arrived in front of Mars, or Cairo, as Europeans call it. Arabi was afterwards tried and sentenced to exile. "A peculiar thing about Arabi's court-martial," says Mr. Kennery, "was that everything was cut and dried before hand. It was arranged that Arabi was to plead guilty to rebellion, was to be sentenced to death and his sentence was to be commuted. All this was done and Arabi was sent away as an exile. The papers in his case were prepared before his case was heard in the court-martial."

Former Senator Milton Reese was up from Washington, Wilkes county.

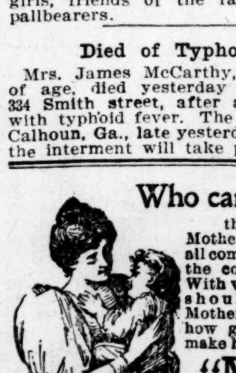
Colonel Ed Calloway, of the Kimball, says that he is in favor of electing presidents for eight years instead of four, if the country will begin the new deal with William J. Bryan in the white house. "But we have had presidents of whom it might be said that one year was too long for this country."

Little Girls as Pallbearers.

Little Ruby May Nunan, three months old, died at the home of her parents, 43 Gordon street, yesterday. The funeral will occur today at Decatur and four little girls, friends of the family, will act as pallbearers.

Died of Typhoid Fever.

Mrs. James McCarthy, thirty-two years of age, died yesterday at her residence, 334 Smith street, after a lingering illness with typhoid fever. The body was sent to Calhoun, Ga., late yesterday afternoon, and the interment will take place today.


Who can Measure the influence of the Mother—it lasts through all coming ages, and enters the confines of eternity. With what care therefore should the Expectant Mother be guarded and how great the effort to make her life happy.

"Mother's Friend"

makes child-birth easy, assists nature in its sublime effort, leaves the Mother stronger after than before confinement, and robs the hour of its terror. No Expectant Mother can afford to neglect its use.

"A customer whose wife used 'Mother's Friend' says that if she had to go through the ordeal again, and there were but four bottles to be obtained, and the cost was $100.00 per bottle, he would have them." GEO. LAYTON, Dayton, Ohio.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of price, $1.00 PER BOTTLE. Book "TO EXPECTANT MOTHERS" mailed free.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

INTO BRYAN'S STATE

Tom Watson Has Invaded the Native Heath of the Nebaskan.

WILL RETURN NEXT WEEK

John Temple Graves To Begin a Tour in South Georgia—Populists Plan for the Campaign.

Tom Watson is in the west. He has invaded the territory of Bryan. He has swapped stumps with the man from Nebraska and carried out his original plan of campaigning.

While Bryan is making his triumphant tour through the south, Tom Watson is alligning himself with the populists at the very hearth stone of the Nebraskan. National Committeeman Reed is pushing the Georgian through the heart of the silver section, and the effort is being made to coerce the democrats to withdraw Sewall from the ticket.

The populists are making a bold play for this and all other measures are lost sight of. The national committee has Mr. Watson in charge and it is in keeping with the wishes of this body that his stay in the west has been extended. To the regret of the state campaign managers, Mr. Watson has been taken altogether out of the fight in Georgia. It was his intention to give the state a thorough stumping, but the sudden change in plans has prevented his carrying out the programme. Mr. Watson will not return to Georgia until sometime next week. He is slated to speak at a big political gathering which will be held in Atlanta September 21st. From this time until the close of the state election Chairman Cunningham has him booked for speeches in various parts of the state. In the meantime Mr. Watson will prepare his letter of acceptance.

John Temple Graves Off.

Colonel John Temple Graves will leave today for a trip through south Georgia in the interest of the populist ticket. Mr. Graves was at populist headquarters yesterday afternoon in busy consultation with Chairman Cunningham upon the question of what places he should visit. He has been slated for a speech at Macon and will probably reach Valdosta.

Since his speech at Cartersville, where he announced that he would give his support to the populist ticket, Mr. Graves has remained at home.

He was asked yesterday afternoon what he thought of the notification letters to Bryan and Watson.

"To tell the truth," he replied, "I have not read them."

Populist Circulars.

The populists are deluging the state with pamphlets and circulars relative to the whisky question and to the regime of Governor Atkinson.

This literature is of a caustic nature when referring to the governor and flavored with a spirit of bitterness. Many of the circulars are illustrated and show crimes for which they claim men who are democrats have been pardoned and populists prosecuted. The literary department of the populist headquarters is the busiest agent of the campaign.

Rather a Roast.

The People's Party Paper, which will be issued today, contains but brief comment upon the letters of notification to Bryan and Watson. It gives a gentle roast to both letters. Referring to the Bryan letter it says: "Mr. Allen's letter to Mr. Bryan makes it very easy for him to say 'yes.'"

On the Watson letter it remarks: "The delay in notifying Mr. Watson was probably due to the length of the letter required."

Nothing further is said in reference to the notification letters.

NO RAIN IN THE SOUTH.

Charlotte, N. C., Reports the Only Shower in the Cotton Belt.

The barometer has fallen materially over the entire country east of the Rockies, and is below the normal in all sections.

It is lowest in Kansas, with the barometer 29.66 inches.

Very little rain has fallen during the past twelve hours except .68 of an inch at Charlotte, N. C., and light showers at Detroit, St. Louis, St. Paul and Huron, S. D.

Warm weather continues in the southern states, with no prospect of a change in the next twenty-four hours.

In the northern districts normal temperatures accompanied by partly cloudy and cloudy weather. It is clear elsewhere.

Local Report for Yesterday.

Daily mean temperature	82
Daily normal temperature	72
Highest temperature	93
Lowest temperature	72
Total rainfall during 12 hours	.00
Deficiency of precipitation	16.25

General Weather Report.

Daily report of the weather at selected stations as shown by observations taken at 8 o'clock last night:

Station and State of Weather.	Temperature at 8 p. m.	Highest temperature.	Precipitation in inches hundredths.
Atlanta, clear	86	94	.00
New York, clear	64	74	.00
Norfolk, cloudy	70	76	.00
Saannah, clear	80	94	.00
Jacksonville, pt. cl'dy	86	94	.00
GULF STATES—			
Tampa, clear	82	90	.00
Montgomery, clear	86	96	.00
Vicksburg, clear	88	96	.00
New Orleans, clear	78	90	T.
Port Eads, pt. cloudy	82	86	.00
Palestine, clear	90	98	.00
Galveston, clear	88	88	.00
Corpus Christi, clear	82	86	.00
OHIO VALLEY—			
Memphis, clear	90	94	.00
Knoxville, clear	82	88	.00
Cincinnati, clear	74	76	.00
LAKE REGION—			
Buffalo, part cloudy	62	68	.00
Detroit, raining	62	68	.02
Chicago, cloudy	70	72	T.
WESTERN—			
St. Paul, cloudy	60	66	.06
St. Louis, clear	78	86	.01
Kansas City, clear	86	94	.00
Omaha, cloudy	72	78	.00
Huron, S. D., cloudy	60	66	.01
Rapid City, pt. cloudy	56	66	.00
North Platte, clear	66	72	.00
Dodge City, clear	78	92	.00

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

Forecast for Thursday.

Washington, September 16.—North Carolina: Fair, preceded by showers in eastern portion early Thursday morning; northeasterly winds.

South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, western Florida, eastern Florida, Mississippi and Louisiana: Fair; variable winds.

Eastern Texas: Generally fair; southerly winds.

Tennessee and Kentucky: Generally fair.

CITY COLLECTS TAX MONEY.

Only Three More Days Left in Which To Pay Taxes Without Cost.

The city tax collector's office did a bank business yesterday, taking in a large sum of money in payment of city taxes. The total amount was $41,374.31. Only three more days remain for the payment of taxes without costs and the property owners are sending in their checks to Collector Payne. Saturday is the last day and checks dated later than that day will not be received and letters in which they are sent must show a Saturday postoffice stamp.

Located in Atlanta.

Dr. Charles M. Blackford, a talented physician of Lynchburg, Va., has been invited to accept an appointment in the Atlanta Medical college, which he has accepted. This will add a valuable citizen to Atlanta, and one who is an ornament to his profession in his native state of Virginia.

HELD UP THE SALE

Atlanta Attorneys Stop the Sale of Georgia Mining Bonds Yesterday.

INJUNCTION IN NEW YORK

Sale Booked There for Yesterday, but the Courts Interfered.

BIG FIGHT IS BEING MADE FOR PROPERTY

Metropolitan Trust Company Is Having Trouble in Disposing of Its Holdings in the Company.

The New York courts have taken a hand in the Georgia Mining, Manufacturing and Investment Company litigation. Where Judge Lumpkin left the case by his decision of Monday the New York courts have taken it up.

The stocks and bond holdings of the mining company in the hands of the Metropolitan Trust Company, of New York, were not sold at public or private sale there yesterday, as it was advertised they would be. Atlanta attorneys cast a die in the courts of the metropolis and an injunction preventing the sale was secured.

Just what grounds the Atlanta lawyers based their allegations on are not known, but it is supposed that the case is very similar to that up before Judge Lumpkin Monday. He declined to interfere in the matter and refused to grant a petition for injunction restraining the Metropolitan Trust Company from selling the securities. The Atlanta court decided that it had no jurisdiction in the matter and upon the announcement of Judge Lumpkin's decision, several attorneys started for New York to prevent the sale there if possible.

Telegrams were received yesterday from the metropolis stating that the case had been considered by a judge in New York and that a restraining order had been granted, preventing the sale of the securities by the Metropolitan Trust Company until the case could be heard. An injunction was granted and the sale was declared off. The case will be heard today and the important matter will be given direction by the New York courts.

The Case One of Wide Interest.

There are several important branch features of the big case involving all of the property of the Georgia Mining, Manufacturing and Investment Company. In the case of the Lowry Banking Company, the Bell-Armistead Company, the Sibley Manufacturing Company and many others are interested, the litigation being one of the most important matters now pending before the Fulton superior court. The Lowry Banking Company are bondholders and the bank was defendant in the case before Judge Lumpkin Monday. Some lively bills and crossbills are on record in the case, but it is said that the bill filed by Atlanta lawyers in New York yesterday is the most interesting document which has yet been evolved out of the litigation over the property.

Mr. Julius Brown and Mr. Clifford Anderson, of King & Anderson, are in New York looking after the interests they represent. Mr. Brown is receiver of the mining company and Mr. Anderson represents the Lowry Banking Company. Other attorneys are in the north in connection with the case.

It is charged that if the stock or holdings of the Metropolitan Trust Company are sold the interests of the creditors of the mining company will be injured and that the sale is a scheme on the part of certain bondholders to force a sale of the securities and then bid them in at a low price. Other allegations are made and the litigation is taking a lively legal turn. The outcome of the matter will be awaited with interest in the south, the interests being diversified.

DRILL COMPANY FILES SUIT.

Asks Judge Lumpkin To Hold Funds in the Hands of Venable Bros.

An attachment involving over $3,000 worth of property was considered by Judge Lumpkin, of the superior court, yesterday, on a petition of the Ingersoll Sergeant Drill Company, a West Virginia corporation with headquarters in New York.

The corporation mentioned petitioned Judge Lumpkin to grant an order restraining the Messrs. Venable Bros. from disposing of certain property or paying for the same, sold them by the Phillips & Wiggs Machinery Company, of Alabama, until an application for receiver of the property in issue can be heard. A temporary injunction was granted and the matter will be heard on Saturday, September 26th.

It seems that the Ingersoll Drill Company asserts that the Phillips company is indebted to the former in the sum of several thousand dollars. Venable Bros. owe the Phillips company money for motors and machinery bought from them, and the Ingersoll company attached the amount due Phillips by Venable Bros. The drill company hopes to secure an order requiring Venable Bros. to pay the amount due the Phillips company to the plaintiffs. Garrett & Neufville filed the petition. The case will be an interesting one.

KIMBALL

That "Nothing succeeds like success" is emphasized in the phenomenal popularity of the

KIMBALL PIANO

About ten years ago the "W. W. Kimball Co." began the manufacture of PIANOS, and today their annual output excels that of any other factory in the world.

What could create such a demand except the positive merit of the instrument? The world's greatest critics indorse them. Why then should you not select a KIMBALL?

Call and inspect the different styles in the warerooms of

PHILLIPS & CREW CO.

37 Peachtree Street.

THE KREMENTZ

ONE PIECE

PAT MAY 6 1884
KREMENTZ &

The above is the best collar button in the market, being made of one piece of gold. Should any of these buttons, sold by us, be mashed or broken we will replace it free of charge.

MAIER & BERKELE, JEWELERS,
31 Whitehall Street.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

REFORM FOR "BISCUIT."

Need of an Institution to Which He Can Be Sent.

The conviction of Biscuit has caused a large amount of comment in all parts of the city, and those who know the little fellow think that the chaingang is no place for him. All are of the opinion that the city should make provision for such criminals by building a reformatory.

"That boy," said Solicitor Hill yesterday, "is one of the very worst I ever knew. He has been up in court on various charges, and almost every time was discharged on account of his youth and small size. His last offense was so serious that he could not be turned loose. Something had to be done with him, and because there was no better place to send him, he was sent to the chaingang.

"I think that a reformatory should be erected for such characters, and they should be kept in it until they have been taught what is right and what is wrong. Judge Candler and myself both feel sorry for the many young boys brought before us on the charge of burglary, but the seriousness of their crimes makes it necessary for them to be sent somewhere. Were they turned loose, they would be up before us inside of a week.

"We have sent at least a dozen boys like Biscuit to the penitentiary for burglarizing stores and houses in the city. We want some place provided for these boys. They go to the chaingang and are punished for the crimes they commit, but they come back even worse than they were when sent away.

"The city never was so badly in need of any sort of institution as it is in need of a reformatory. These young boys who commit all sorts of crimes and do not hesitate to curse the judge when sentenced, should be sent to the reformatory and made men of. Every one of them is as bright as can be, but having never been taught that it is wrong to steal, they know no better, and think it is their special privilege."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

HONOR WHERE HONOR IS DUE.

Captain Dozier Corrects an Error Concerning Sea Girt Prize Winners.

The Army and Navy Journal, in giving a report of the carbine match at Sea Girt, incorrectly states that the Governor's Horse Guards, of Atlanta, won by a score of 282.

As a matter of fact the Georgia Hussars, of Savannah, won by a score of 282. The Essex Troup, of New Jersey, came second, with a score of 261, and the Governor's Horse Guards came last, with a score of 239.

Captain Dozier stated yesterday that he did not know how the mistake was made, but he desired to correct it in order to give the Savannah team credit for what it did. The Savannah men, he says, were a jolly lot of fellows. Captain Dozier feels proud of the Savannah team, and feels sure that at the shoot next year they will prove themselves to be far better shots than any other team in the United States.

Mr. John J. Woodsides has been elected a director in the Atlanta Trust and Banking Company. Mr. Woodsides is one of the ablest business men in the city. We congratulate the bank upon his accession.

$500 ON LUM WARREN'S HEAD.

Governor Atkinson Offers the Extreme Reward for the Cuthbert Negro.

Yesterday Governor Atkinson offered a reward of $500 for the capture of Lum Warren, who assaulted Mrs. Carrie Bass last Monday. The reward carries with it the condition that the captor has positive proof that the man is guilty of the crime with which he is charged.

The reward of $500 is very seldom offered, and it is only in extreme cases that the governor has ever offered it. It is the extreme limit and the largest reward that can be offered by the governor of this state.

The inhumanity of the crime was the cause of the governor placing such a large sum of money on the negro's head. The citizens of Randolph county were greatly wrought up over the affair, and the governor felt it his duty to offer such a reward as would cause the capture of the negro if he could be found.

WOULD RAISE INSURANCE RATE.

Mr. Maddox Objects to a Storeroom for a Cotton Warhouse.

Robert Maddox, Jr., represented by King & Anderson, filed a petition in the superior court yesterday afternoon asking that the Stillwell-Bierce-Smith Company be restrained from sub-letting a storeroom at 40 Forsyth street to be used for the storing of cotton. It is charged that if the place is made a cotton warehouse, the insurance rates of the property and that adjoining will be increased.

Judge Lumpkin read the paper and granted a temporary injunction preventing the sub-letting of the room until the case can be heard on Saturday next, September 26th.

Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite and gives refreshing sleep.

FOOTE'S TRUNK FACTORY,
17 E. Alabama St.

Examine our stock before buying. Save 25 per cent. Repairing. Phone 230.

Weak and Sickly,

System run down. Strength all gone. Sallow and don't care whether you live or die. You have dyspepsia. Take a few doses of Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy and it will cure you. It strengthens, and beautifies the complexion. For sale everywhere.

Dr. J. Harvey Moore.

will return October 1st and resume his practice on diseases of the eye, ear, throat and nose at his offices, 307 and 308 Norcross building, Atlanta. sep 6—10t sun tues thur

STILSON
JEWELRY,
55 Whitehall Street
Reliable Goods,
Fair Dealing,
Bottom Prices.

On account of Holiday the store will be closed Thursday, September 17th.

Warm Weather
Warm Clothing

Between now and snow-time a few hot days, of course. However, they can't divert us from the theme that interests and animates us and you—Autumn Clothing. Months of able contriving have brought our stock and facilities to the highest point of excellence. In spite of everything—politics, weather, and the general disjointedness of the times we've made immense preparations to do an immense Fall and Winter business.

Custom Tailoring.

Our new Suitings and Trouserings are superb. Never before have you been invited to see such rich qualities, such rich colorings and such rich patterns. Mr. Robert Sharpe, our cutter, is in prime trim to take your measure. Better come ahead of the rush-time. Prices are your way.

Ready-Made Suits.

We can praise our Ready-Made Suits without fear or risk. We know all about them, from cloth to finishing. Made in our own factory—no middleman's profit added to the retail ask. Straight from maker to wearer—33 per cent saved.

EISEMAN BROS.

15-17 Whitehall St.

NO BRANCH STORE IN ATLANTA.

COTTON DECLINED

After Opening Higher the Market Closed 13 to 16 Points Below Tuesday.

SOUTHERN SPOTS ARE FIRMER

Professional Element Brought About a Smart Decline in Stocks Yesterday.

The following were quotations for spot cotton at the places named yesterday:

Atlanta—Easy; middling 7 9-16.
Liverpool—Demand moderate; middling 4¾d.
New York—Quiet; middling 8¾c.
New Orleans—Steady; middling 7 13-16c.
Galveston—Firm; middling 7 13-16c.
Norfolk—Steady; middling 7 15-16c.
Savannah—Steady; middling 7 11-16c.
Mobile—Quiet; middling 7 11-16c.
Memphis—Steady; middling 7 11-16c.
Augusta—Quiet; middling 7⅞c.
Charleston—Firm; middling 7¾c.
Houston—Steady; middling 7 13-16c.
Macon—Firm; middling 7⅝c.

The following is the statement of the receipts, shipments and stock in Atlanta:

	RECEIPTS		SHIPM'TS		STOCKS.	
	1896	1895	1896	1895	1896	1895
Saturday	910	......	1700	......	4590	234
Monday	1138	......	675	......	5053	......
Tuesday	1097	......	200	......	5956	......
Wednesday	598	......	......	......	6554	......
Thursday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Friday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total	3145	......	2575	......		

Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, September 16.—(Special.)—Liverpool was not particularly enthusiastic in her response to our advance of yesterday. Neill is said to have issued a crop estimate of 7,800 bales minimum and 9,000,000 maximum, and this may have cooled the ardor of the British bulls. January opened here at 8.49, advanced to 8.51, and then gradually declined, closing at 8.32 with the tone easy. The decline was owing to the selling out of those who lately bought for a rise and was helped by hammering on the part of the German bears. Prices may be lower at the opening tomorrow, but if so, we favor buying.

The following is the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS.	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Today's Close	Yesterday's Close
September	8 21	8 21	8 09	8 08-10	8 23-25
October	8 28	8 31	8 12	8 12-13	8 28-30
November	8 31	8 31	8 12	8 12-13	8 28-30
December	8 43	8 44	8 24	8 24-25	8 39-40
January	8 49	8 51	8 32	8 32	8 46-47
February	8 53	8 55	8 35	8 35-37	8 50-51
March	8 57	8 58	8 39	8 40	8 53-55
April	8 62	8 62	8 42	8 42-44	8 56-57
May	8 65	8 61	8 47	8 46-48	8 59-61
June	......	......	......	......	......
July	......	......	......	......	......

Closed easy; sales 204,500 bales.

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS		STOCKS	
	1896	1895	1896	1895	1896	1895
Saturday	30829	11319	6675	......	366777	312198
Monday	55179	16869	11449	8586	402461	318502
Tuesday	45884	16515	24474	......	430091	333557
Wednesday	34948	17740	12638	5458	445759	342801
Thursday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Friday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total	167740	59943	55437	13994		

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

January	7 99	July	......
February	8 03	August	......
March	8 09	September	7 77
April	8 12	October	7 78
May	......	November	7 86
June	......	December	7 93

Closed steady; sales 48,900 bales.

Paine-Murphy Co.'s Cotton Letter.

Atlanta, September 16.—Early prices were slightly higher in sympathy with an advance in Liverpool, but subsequently the improvement was lost and prices declined 13 to 16 points, closing easy after sales of 204,500 bales. Liverpool reacted, New Orleans and Liverpool both sold rather freely and New York operators took profits. Some dispatches from the other side said that looms are gradually shutting down. Mr. Neill, of London, was quoted as saying that it is a question whether the crop will be 7,000,000, 8,000,000 or 9,000,000 bales. We advise purchases on the breaks for quick returns, as, in view of the magnitude of receipts and unsettled commercial, political and financial situation, we think there can be no sustained or permanent advance at the present time. Liverpool advanced ⅛d on spot with sales of 8,000 bales. Futures there advanced 6 points, but lost part of the improvement, closing barely steady at a net advance of 3 to 3½ points. New Orleans declined 17 to 18 points. Memphis received today 3,283 bales against 2,071 bales last week and 51 last year; Houston 9,920 bales against 5,833 last week and 5,709 last year. Houston expects tomorrow 7,500 to 8,500 bales against 8,481 bales last week and 7,123 bales last year. New Orleans expects 10,000 to 12,000 bales against 12,369 bales last week and 1,273 last year. Port receipts, 34,768 against 24,995 last week and 15,740 last year. Thus far this week 167,740 bales against 94,853 thus far last week. The exports from ports 12,639. Spots in New York were unchanged with sales of 454 bales for spinning and 100 bales delivered on contract; middling uplands 8¾c. Southern spots generally firmer.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, September 16.—Cables from Liverpool this morning reported that market to be somewhat in an unsettled condition due to the disturbed state in Constantinople. The advance was considered by the trade here as about commensurate with ours of yesterday, and after the execution of a few buying orders dullness ensued which was easily followed by a decline. Buying orders from prominent dealers again gave tone to prices, and apart from this but little of interest has developed. The disposition is to await some further development, and business generally is dull.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, September 16.—As the week progresses the contrast with last week in point of volume of business doing in the dry goods market is more pronounced there being a marked falling off in the demand for staple cotton goods, in which a liberal business was being transacted a week ago. Tomorrow is a strict Jewish holiday, and this means another quiet day, so that the whole week's business is not likely to compare with the last week's aggregate business. Sellers knew that the recent advances were likely to check buying to some extent, and were quite prepared to see buyers pause awhile; but they are secure in their position, carrying no stocks of a troublesome nature, with only a limited production coming forward, and with staple cottons still intrinsically cheap. The rumors current yesterday of further trouble in the market are altogether discredited today, and the disturbing effect of these has disappeared, whilst there are good grounds for believing in an eminently satisfactory issue of the Coffin, Altemus & Co. suspension. Printed cotton fabrics are very firm, with a hardening appearance in some directions. There is no change in the woolen goods division.

Liverpool and Port Markets.

Liverpool, September 16—12:15 p m—Cotton spot demand moderate with prices hardening; middling uplands 4¾; sales 8,000 bales; American 7,400; speculation and export 500; receipts 5,000; American 400; uplands low middling clause September delivery 4 40-64; September and October delivery 4 30-64; October and November delivery 4 32-64, 4 31-64; November and December delivery 4 30-64, 4 29-64; December and January delivery 4 30-64; January and February delivery 4 30-64, 4 29-64, 4 31-64, 4 30-64, 4 29-64; February and March delivery 4 31-64, 4 30-64; March and April delivery 4 32-64, 4 31-64; April and May delivery 4 33-64, 4 32-64; May and June delivery 4 34-64, 4 33-64; futures opened firm with demand fair.

Liverpool, September 16—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middlings clause September delivery 4 37-64, 4 38-64; September and October delivery 4 31-64, 4 32-64; October and November delivery 4 29-64, value; November and December delivery 4 27-64, buyers; December and January delivery 4 27-64, value; January and February delivery 4 27-64, value; February and March delivery 4 27-64, 4 28-64; March and April delivery 4 28-64, 4 29-64; April and May delivery 4 29-64, buyers; May and June delivery 4 30-64, sellers; futures closed barely steady.

New York, September 16—Cotton quiet; sales 554 bales; middling uplands 8¾; middling gulf 9; net receipts none bales; gross 3,353; stock 66,595.

Galveston, September 16 — Cotton firm; middling 7 13-16; net receipts 11,467 bales; gross 11,467; sales 2,224; stock 108,477; exports to continent 200; coastwise 2,005.

Norfolk, September 16—Cotton steady; middling 7 15-16; net receipts 3,534 bales; gross 3,534; sales 435; stock 15,496; exports coastwise 1,841.

Baltimore, September 16—Cotton nominal; middling 8⅛; net receipts none bales; gross 275; sales none; stock 2,737.

Boston, September 16—Cotton quiet; middling 8⅞; net receipts 286 bales; gross 2,300; sales none; stock none.

Wilmington, September 16—Cotton firm; middling 7¾; net receipts 1,816 bales; gross 1,816; sales none; stock 24,894.

Philadelphia, September 16—Cotton quiet; middling 9; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 5,472.

Savannah, September 16—Cotton steady; middling 7 11-16; net receipts 4,304 bales; gross 4,304; sales 3,256; stock 59,814; exports coastwise 2,745.

New Orleans, September 16—Cotton quiet; middling 7 13-16; net receipts 8,088 bales; gross 8,295; sales 4,500; stock 96,040; exports to Great Britain 3,100; to continent 400; coastwise 2,020.

Mobile, September 16—Cotton quiet; middling 7 11-16; net receipts 1,283 bales; gross 1,283; sales 800; stock 14,128; exports coastwise 708.

Memphis, September 16—Cotton steady; middling 7 11-16; net receipts 3,283 bales; shipments 1,804; sales 2,000; stock 34,363.

Augusta, September 16—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅞; net receipts 2,256 bales; shipments 1,207; sales 599; stock 18,175.

Charleston, September 16—Cotton firm; middling 7¾; net receipts 4,031 bales; gross 4,031; sales 100; stock 49,081; exports to continent 5,009.

Houston, September 16—Cotton steady; middling 7 13-16; net receipts 9,920 bales; shipments 11,218; sales 346; stock 57,365.

THE STOCK MARKET.

Firmness of Money and Activity of Bears Cause a Decline.

New York, September 16.—Lower prices were the rule at the stock exchange today. Professional operators were bearish to a man, and under offerings from this contingent the market gradually declined. There was little news afloat to affect values, and the decline brought about was due principally to the selling by the traders who have been predicting a reaction for some days past. Money on call was more difficult to obtain, and 8 per cent was paid in isolated cases. Bankers were inclined to refuse local borrowers on stock exchange collaterals for the reason that the demand from the west and south was more than enough to absorb their idle balances. The firmness of the money market, coupled with the activity of the bearish element, forced holders of stocks on slender margins to liquidate. The easier condition of discounts in the open market in London, and private cables to the effect that the bank of England directors may not advance the bank rate on Thursday was lost sight of, or at any rate ignored. Sugar was the most active stock on the list, figuring for 67,4000 shares in a total of 201,964 shares. The stock was hammered down from 111½ to 108⅛, ex-dividend of 3 per cent, and brokers alleged to be acting for lower Wall street interests were given up as the largest sellers. The stock had little support and closed at 109¼, a loss of nearly 2 per cent on the day. Other important declines follow: Tobacco sold down 1½ to 58⅞; Burlington and Quincy, 1¼ to 64⅝; Chicago Gas, 1¾ to 56⅝; St. Paul, 1¼ to 68½; Rhode Island, 1⅝ to 57; Manhattan, ⅞ to 81¼; Kansas and Texas, preferred, 1¼ to 20¼; Jersey Central, 1¼ to 98; Tennessee Coal, 1½ to 18¾, and Leather, preferred, 1 to 48⅜. In the inactive stocks Lackawanna dropped 6 to 152. Speculation closed barely steady. Net changes show losses of ¼@2⅞ per cent.

Bonds were dull and lower. Sales were $560,000.

Treasury balances: Coin, $123,091,468; currency, $67,304,490.

Following are the closing bids:

Am'n Cotton Oil	10½	Mobile & Ohio	16
do pref	44	Nash., Chat & St. L.	67½
Am'n Sugar Refin'g.	*109	U. S. Cordage	6
do pref	*98¾	do pref	7
Am'n Tobacco	58⅞	N. J. Central	98¼
do pref	95	N. Y. Central	91
Atch., T. & Santa Fe.	11⅛	N. Y. & N. E.	20
Baltimore & Ohio	13⅛	Norfolk & Western	12⅝
Canada Pacific	56	Northern Pacific	11
Chesapeake & Ohio	13⅝	do pref	18¾
Chicago & Alton	†153	Northwestern	96⅞
C., B. & Q.	64⅝	do pref	140
Chicago Gas	56⅝	Pacific Mail	17⅛
Del., Lack. & W.	*150	Reading	14⅛
Dis. & Cat. Feed	12½	Rock Island	57⅛
Erie	12⅛	St. Paul	68⅞
do pref	28	do pref	126
Ed. Gen. Electric	26⅝	Silver Certificates	68½
Illinois Central	87½	T. C. I.	19
Lake Erie & West.	14¾	do pref	90
do pref	63	Texas Pacific	6⅝
Lake Shore	*142½	Union Pacific	5½
Louis. & Nash	39⅞	Wabash, St. L & P.	5⅝
Louis., N. A. & Chic.	2	do pref	13⅛
Manhattan Consol.	*81⅝	Western Union	79¾
Memphis & Char	15	Wheeling & L. Erie.	5⅞
Michigan Central	87	do pref	23⅞
Missouri Pacific	17		

BONDS.

Alabama, Class A	101	Va. funded debt	56
do., Class B	101	U. S. 4s, registered	105⅛
do., Class C	93	do coupon	107
Louisiana stamped	90	do 2s	91
N. C. 4s	90	Southern Railway 5s	83½
N. C. 6s	110	do common	7
Tenn. new set'm't 3s.	70	do preferred	20⅛
Virginia 5s deferred	5	S. C. 4½s	90
do Trust rec'ts S.	4		

*Ex-dividend. †Asked. ‡Ex-interest.

Closing Stock Review.

New York, September 16.—New York News Bureau: The stock market today was under the hammer, the professional element working to bring about a lower level of values, and long holdings not strongly margined were liquidated.

A break of over 2 per cent in Sugar tended to demoralize trading sentiment, as it was interpreted as indicative of the attitude of important speculative intesests.

Chicago broke nearly 2 per cent and American Tobacco went off over 1 per cent.

The standard railway shares lost 1 per cent or over.

The news of the day was not startling, but there was evidence of new engagements of gold for import.

The market closed dull and heavy.

Early Morning Gossip.

New York, September 16.—(Over the Paine-Murphy Company's Private Wire.)—Some short interest created by yesterday's developments will probably make a rally before long. The market, however, is not expected to do very much either way.

Insiders in Louisville, New Albany and Chicago say the reorganization will not be so bearish on the junior securities as supposed.

St. Paul second week earnings are expected to show a decrease. The traffic officials say the grand army traffic is not likely to turn out very profitable.

Exchange was weaker. Considerable gold engagements are expected today. The money situation is still rather tense.

A portion of recent sales of iron by Tennessee Coal were made to the company's friends who were willing to buy it as a speculation.

Weil was thought to be the principal seller of Tobacco. It was estimated that between 10,000 and 15,000 shares long of St. Paul were sold during the forenoon yesterday. Part of the selling was put down to a lately active bull in the stock, but there was evidence late in the day that if this operator had sold St. Paul he still had considerable on hand. London was the principal forenoon buyer, but sold about noon. There are indications that some of the foreign houses which have been largely long of St. Paul in London and short here have been reducing their lines of long stock abroad on account of the rate for money in London.

On the decline in Tobacco Mr. Weil was credited with moderate buying, although quoted as talking bearish on the stock after the close. The cut in prices by Liggett & Myers was considered evidence either that a reduction in prices would be necessary in order to control business or that the company felt able to throw away some revenue in order to worry the Tobacco company. The fact that the Tobacco company met the reductions was evidence that it did not mean its St. Louis competitors to get business as the result of low prices even if a sacrifice of profits was required. A gentleman in the tobacco trade argues that the loss to opposition companies by the war in the trade has been $4,000,000.

Selling of stocks the last hour or more has for the first time had the appearance of Mr. Cammack's orders. Mr. Cammack up to this time has apparently been inactive, and brokers think he is testing the market.

The rally in the market is credited to buying interests which were prominent as sellers last week. On this buying some short stock has been covered. Traders think not a great deal of long stock has come out on the advance. There are rumors in the room of some new buying of importance, said to be the result of political information.

The decline in Sugar is thought in the room to have come to quite an extent from Boston. Traders sold on what they thought were realizing sales. There has been a rumor in the board of hostile action by the British fleet with reference to Constantinople.

STOCK.	Opening	High	Low	Today's Closing bids.	Yesterday's Closing bids.
Atchison	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
Am'n Sugar Refining	111⅛	111⅛	108⅛	*109	113⅞
C., C., C. and St. Louis	24½	24½	23	23	24
Bur. and Quincy	65⅞	65⅞	64⅝	64⅝	65⅞
Chicago Gas	58¼	58¼	56½	56⅝	58⅝
Canada Southern				43⅛	44⅛
D., L. and W.	152	152	150	150	151
Erie	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
Edison Gen. Elec	26½	26½	25⅞	26⅛	26⅛
American Tobacco	60	60⅜	58⅞	59⅛	60
Jersey Central	99⅛	99⅛	97	98⅛	99⅛
LakeShore				142½	143¼
National Lead				20	20⅛
Louisville and Nash	39⅞	39⅞	39⅛	39⅛	39⅞
Missouri Pacific				17	17⅛
Baltimore and Ohio	13⅛	13⅛	12⅝	12⅝	13⅛
Tenn. Coal and Iron	20	20	18⅛	19	20
Northwestern	97⅛	97⅛	96⅛	96⅞	97⅛
Southern Railway				7	7
do. pref	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
Northern Pac. pref				18⅞	19⅛
New York Central	91⅛	91⅛	91	91	91⅛
New England				20	20
Omaha	37	37	35	35	37
Pacific Mail	18	18	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
Reading	14⅛	14⅛	14	14⅛	14⅛
Rock Island	58⅛	58⅛	57	57⅛	58⅛
St. Paul	69½	69⅛	68⅛	68⅞	69⅛
Union Pacific				5⅛	5⅛
American Cotton Oil				10⅛	11
Western Union	79⅞	80	79⅛	79⅛	79⅞
American Spirits Co.				5⅛	5⅛
U.S. Leather pref.	49	49⅛	48⅞	48⅞	49
Manhattan	81⅛	82	81⅛	*81⅛	82⅞

*Ex-dividend 3 per cent. *Ex-dividend 1 per cent.

The Gold Reserve.

Washington, September 16.—The treasury gold reserve at the close of business today stood at $114,133,469. The days withdrawals at New York were $53,700.

LOCAL BONDS AND STOCKS.

The following are bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
Georgia 3½s, 27 to 30 years	101⅛	102⅛	Augusta 7s, L D	110	
Georgia 3½s, 25 to 40 years	101⅛	102⅛	Macon 6s	112	113½
Ga. 4½s, 1915	113	115	Columbus 5s	100	
Savannah 5s	107	109	Waterworks 6s.	105	
Atlanta 8s, 1902	115		Rome 5s	100	101
Atlanta 7s, 1904	112½		South Car. 4½s	102½	104
Atlanta 7s, 1899	103½		Newnan 6s, L D	100	103
Atlanta 6s, L D	115		Chattanooga 5s, 1921	100	
Atlanta 6s, S D	101		Col., S. C., gr'd 2s & 4s, 1810	72	
Atlanta 5s, L D	105		Ala., Class A	100	102
Atlanta 4½s	101				

RAILROAD BONDS.

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
Ga. 6s, 1897	100		C., C. & A. 1st 5s, 1909	100	103
Ga. 6s, 1910	110		Atlanta & Char. 1st 7s, 1907	109	
Ga. 6s, 1922	111		do income 6s, 1090	100	
Ga. Pac. 1st	103	105			
S. A. & M. c'tfs.	65	68			

RAILROAD STOCKS.

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
Georgia	150	155	Aug. & Sav	90	92
Southwestern	84	86	A. & W. P.	95	98
			do deben	90	95

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, September 16.—The wheat market toay was one of great strength and firmness, without particular animation in the trade.

The opening and first hour's trading was fairly steady, but from 10:30 a. m. until the close, the tendency was unmistakably higher. December wheat opened from 59½@58⅞c, sold between 59¼ and 60½, closing at 60¼@60⅜c—¾@⅞c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firm and ½@¾c higher per bushel higher.

Corn was a shade easier at the start, receiving strength from wheat later in the session, but not becoming active at any time. Whatever speculation there is in grain at the present time centers in wheat, and only unimportant dealings in corn or oats take place. May corn opened at 24¼c, advanced to 24½@24⅝c, where it closed ⅛@¼c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was firm and ¼c per bushel higher.

Oats—Firmness with indifference was the feature of the oat market today. May oats closed ⅛@¼c higher than yesterday. Cash oats were firm to ¼c per bushel higher.

Through smypathy with grain, provisions revived from the weakness which prevailed at the opening, prices recovering a moderate loss, but the market showing an almost totally neglected condition. The early absence of firmness reflected a similar feeling in the hog market at the yards. At the close January pork was 7½c higher than yesterday, January lard 5c higher and January ribs a shade higher.

The leading futures range as follows in Chicago:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
September	58⅝	59⅛	58⅛	59⅛
December	59½	60⅛	59⅛	60⅛
May	63⅞	64⅞	63⅞	64⅞
CORN—				
September	20⅛	20⅞	20⅛	20⅞
October	20¾	21⅛	20⅛	21⅛
December	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
May	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛
OATS—				
September	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
October	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
May	18⅛	19	18⅛	19
PORK—				
September	5 72½	5 72½	5 72½	5 72½
October	5 72½	5 80	5 72½	5 77½
January	6 72½	6 77½	6 72½	6 77½
LARD—				
September	3 35	3 35	3 35	3 35
October	3 30	3 37½	3 30	3 37½
January	3 67½	3 72½	3 67½	3 72½
SIDES—				
September	3 10	3 10	3 10	3 10
October	3 12½	3 12½	3 12½	3 12½
January	3 35	3 37½	3 35	3 37½

Paine-Murphy Co.'s Grain Letter.

Atlanta, September 16.—The market started off this morning in a rather weak manner. Trade seemed very light and there was nothing in the early news to suggest any strength. But Chicago bears apparently got short yesterday and went home in that position last night and were buyers around the opening this morning. Offerings, however, were scanty, and on reports from the seaboard that, notwithstanding the stiff ocean freights, engagements were large, there became a general good demand, resulting in a sharp advance. The strength was also helped by the firm closing of Liverpool cables, which were ¼@½d. higher; also on the strength in St. Louis, which led the advance. Cash wheat was very firm and clearances fair at 369,000 bushels. Northwest and primary receipts were again large. The strength of the speculative market in the face of this heavy movement somewhat puzzled traders, and clearly indicates, as mentioned before, that strong parties are buying quite freely on the soft spots, influenced no doubt by the good cash and export demand. Scalpers are inclined to the bear side, but take little punishment, and on any indication of strength their short lines are quickly covered. The strength in Liverpool is also becoming a factor, as that market is governed largely by the foreign situation. Bradstreet's made an increase of 750,000 bushels in the world's visible supply. Coarse grains and provisions have been slow, most of the interest being centered in wheat, which at present offers better inducements to traders. Prices, however, were firm in sympathy with wheat.

Prime on Conditions at the West.

From The New York Stockholder.

Dwight, Ill., September 12.—The whole country has enjoyed a week, in fact I might say, another week, almost perfect for the opening of the fall season of 1896. In fact, "Our Fall Opening" has given us lots of sunshine, dry weather and temperature high tnough for the maturity of the growing crop.

It is true in some sections of the country dry conditions have prevailed, but this is "a very big country," and often what is one man's meat is another man's poison.

It is sometimes almost overpowering to look back from one year to another and see the vast amount of permanent wealth that is added to the country, a natural outgrowth of the soil, dependent upon no political party or congressional laws. If the country had been left alone the last ten years to work out its own salvation we should never have been in the plight in which we are today.

The corn crop, I think, promises to be now as large, fully, as the one made in 1895, besides having between 50 and 60 per cent of the reserves of 1895 still unsold. Under these circumstances the price of corn seems to keep remarkably steady, as some reason that when corn is so cheap the uses to which it can be put are unlimited. There is no doubt a good deal of truth in that statement. There is a great demand at present for stock of all kinds to feed both the old and new crop to. We are just commencing the preparation of the ground for the seeding of the new winter wheat crop of 1896 and 1897. The great prevalency of insects the present season has been a menace this fall to putting out a full acreage. Still when the actual time comes for seeding farmers generally, irrespective of the situation or their surroundings, sow all they can. We are now finishing up the harvesting of the spring wheat in the far northwest. Late threshings are certainly very disappointing.

With the poverty of the winter wheat crop the disappointment of the final yield of the spring wheat and with the excellent foreign demand, it seems to me that the present advance in wheat is warranted, but whether, under all other existing circumstances and surroundings, wheat will be able to sustain itself is something I don't pretend to know. Further than this, the demand from millers still continues large and very few in the winter wheat districts have yet laid in their stocks for the coming season. So far, it has been purely a hand-to-mouth business.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, GA., September 16, 1896.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, September 16—Flour, first patent $4.65; second patent, $4.15; straight, $3.50; fancy, $3.40; extra family, $3.10. Corn, white, 39c; mixed, 38c. Oats, white, 34c; mixed, 29c. Rye, Georgia, 70c. Barley, Georgia raised, 80c. Hay, No. 1 timothy, large bales, 90c; small bales, 80c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 75c. Meal, plain, 42c; bolted, 38c. Wheat bran, large sacks, 55c, small sacks, 55c. Shorts, 80c. Stock meal, $1.00. Cotton seed meal, 95c. ⅌ 100 lbs.; hulls $6.00 ⅌ ton. Peas, 50c. ⅌ bushel. Grits, $2.50.

New York, September 16—Southern flour quiet; good to choice $2.60@2.90; common to fair extra $2.00@2.60. Wheat, spot quiet but firmer; options moderately active and firm at ⅞c advance; No. 2 red September 65⅛; October 65¾; December —. Corn, spot quiet but firm; No. 2 in elevator 26; afloat 27; options dull but steady at ⅛@¼c advance; September 26; October 26½. Oats, spot quiet but firmer; options dull but steady; September 19¾; October 19⅞; No. 2 spot 20; No. 2 white 24½; mixed western 18@21½.

St. Louis, September 16—Flour steady; patents $3.10@3.20; fancy $2.30@2.45; choice $2.10@2.20. Wheat higher; September 61⅛ bid; December 64⅞@64¼ bid. Corn higher; September 19½ bid; December 20@20⅛ bid. Oats higher; No. 2 September 19; May 19⅛.

Cincinnati, September 16—Flour steady; winter patents $3.15@3.60; fancy $3.10@3.30; spring patents $3.50@3.85. Wheat quiet but firm; No. 2 red 61@62. Corn quiet and easy; No. 2 mixed 22@22½; No. 2 white 24. Oats quiet; No. 2 mixed 17.

Chicago, September 16—Flour quiet but firm. No. 2 spring wheat 58@58⅜; No. 3 spring —; No. 2 red 61@62⅛. No. 2 corn 20⅞@21⅛. No. 2 oats 16.

Groceries.

Atlanta, September 16—Roasted coffee 17.60 ⅌ 100 lb cases. Green coffee choice 17½; fair 16½; prime 15¼. Sugar, standard granulated, 5.04c; New Orleans white, 4⅞c; do. yellow, 4½c. Syrup—New Orleans open kettle 25@40c; mixed 12½@20c; sugar-house 20@35c. Teas Black 30@65c; green 20@50c. Rice, head, 6c; choice 5½c. Salt, dairy, sacks, $1.35; do, bbls $2.25; ice cream 90c; common 65c. Cheese, full cream, 10@11c. Matches, 65s 50c; 200s $1.30@1.75; 300s $2.75. Soda, boxes, 6c. Crackers, soda, 5½c; cream 7c; ginger snaps 7. Candy, common stick, 6½c; fancy 12½@13½c; Oysters, F. W., $1.75; L. W., $1.25. Powder, rifle, $4.00; shot, $1.35.

New York, September 16—Coffee, options closed steady and unchanged to 5 points down; September 9.60@9.65; October —; December —; spot Rio firmer but quiet; No. 7 10¼@10½. Sugar, raw, dull but steady; fair refining 2¾; refined quiet and unchanged; off A 4 7-16@4½; standard A 4¾; cut loaf and crushed 5⅜; powdered —; granulated 4¾; cubes 4¾. Molasses, foreign nominal; New Orleans fairly active and firm; open kettle, good to choice 27@37. Rice fairly active and firm; domestic, fair to extra, 3½@5¾; Japan 4@4¼.

Provisions.

Atlanta, September 16—Clear rib sides boxed, 4c; clear sides, 4⅛c; ice-cured bellies, 7c. Sugar-cured hams, 11@12½c; California, 7¼; Breakfast bacon, 9@10c. Lard, best quality, 4⅝c; second quality, 4¼c; compound, 4c.

St. Louis, September 16—Pork standard mess $6.50. Lard prime steam 3.20@3.22½. Dry salt meats, shoulders 3.62½; long clear 3.50; clear ribs 3.62½; short clear 3.50. Bacon, boxed shoulders 4.00; long clear 4.00; clear ribs 4.12½; short clear 4.25.

New York, September 16—Pork steady and quiet; new mess $7.50@8.25. Middles nominal; short clear —. Lard quiet but firmer; western steam 3.67½; city steam 3.40; options, September 3.65.

Chicago, September 16—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $5.75@5.80. Lard $3.35@3.37½. Short ribs, loose, 3.12½@3.25. Dry salt shoulders boxed, 3.75@4.00; short, clear sides, boxed, 3.50@3.62½.

Cincinnati, September 16—Pork steady; family $7.50. Lard steady; prime steam 3.25 bid; kettle 3.62½@3.87½. Bacon steady; shoulders 4.12½; short ribs 4.10@4.12½; short clear sides 4.25@4.30.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, September 16—Turpentine firm at 22½ for regulars; sales 1,000 casks; receipts 1,100. Rosin firm; sales 2,000 bbls; receipts 2,968; A, B, C, D, $1.40; E, F $1.50; G, H, I $1.52½; K $1.55; M $1.60; N $1.80; windowglass $2.00; waterwhite $2.15.

Charleston, September 16—Turpentine firm at 20½@21½; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — bbls; A, B, C, D $1.30; E $1.35; F $1.35; G $1.40; H $1.45; I $1.50; K $1.55; M $1.60; N $1.65; windowglass $1.80; water white $1.90.

Wilmington, September 16—Rosin firm; strained $1.35; good strained $1.40; spirits turpentine firm; machine 22; irregulars 21½; tar steady at $1.05; crude turpentine firm; hard $1.20; soft $1.55; virgin $1.65.

Live Stock.

Chicago, September 16—Cattle weak and 10c lower; receipts 17,000; common to extra steers $3.00@5.10; stockers and feeders $2.60@3.80; cows and bulls $1.25@3.25; calves $3.50@5.90; Texans $2.20@2.90; western rangers $2.00@3.70. Hogs weak and 5@10c lower; receipts 28,000; heavy packing and shipping lots $2.65@3.20; common to choice mixed $2.75@3.30; choice assorted $3.25@3.80; light $2.90@3.35; pigs $2.00@3.25. Sheep barely steady; receipts 17,000; inferior to choice $1.75@3.00; lambs $2.50@4.00.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, September 16—Eggs 12½@13. Butter western creamery, 16@18c; fancy Tennessee, 12½@15c; choice, 10c; Georgia, 10@12½c. Live poultry—Turkeys, none; hens, 20@22½c; spring chickens, 12½@22½; ducks, 16@18. Irish potatoes—Burbank, $1.75@2.00 ⅌ bbl; 60@65c ⅌ bu.; Tennessee, 50@60c ⅌ bu. Sweet potatoes, new 60@65 ⅌ bushel. Honey, strained, 7@8c; in the comb, 9@10c. Onions, 60@75c ⅌ bu.; ⅌ bbl., $2.00@2.50. Cabbage, 1½@2c.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

Atlanta, September 16—Apples, $2.50@2.75. Lemons, Messina, $4.00@4.50. Oranges, Jamaica $4.00@4.50. Bananas, straights, 85c@$1.00; culls, 50@60c. Figs 11@11½c. Raisins, new California $1.10@1.25; ¼ boxes 50@60c. Currants 6½@7c. Leghorn citron 13c. Nuts, almonds, 13c; pecans, 7½@8c. Brazil, 7½@8c; filbers, 11½c; walnuts, 10@11c; mixed nuts, 8@10c. Peanuts, Virginia electric light, 5@6; fancy hand-picked, 3½@5c; North Carolina, 3@4; Georgia, 3@3½c.

Bagging and Ties.

Atlanta, September 16—Bagging—1¾ lb. 6c; 2 lb. 6½c; 2¼ lb. 7c. Ties—Arrow, $1.25.

Southern Pacific Co. "Sunset Route."

One fare to Dallas, Tex., and return, on account of the meeting of the sovereign grand lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, September 21, 1896. Tickets on sale September 17th, 18th and 19th, good until October 1st. Quickest time, superior service, via New Orleans and the Southern Pacific Company. For further particulars, write or call on

W. R. FAGAN, T. P. A.,
No. 18 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga.

Tickets will be extended to October 10th if deposited with ticket agent at Dallas prior to September 30th. aug30-19t

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Orders from city and country promptly filled at lowest market price. Terms cash.

Executrix's Sale.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—By virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of said county, granted at the September term, 1896, will be sold before the courthouse door of said county, on the first Tuesday in October, 1896, within the legal hours of sale, the following property of Margie A. Laird, to-wit: Parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, being the east half of a certain city lot, known in the plan of said city as the east half of city lots Nos. 178 and 179. Said halves of said city lots taken together have a front north of 100 feet, more or less, on Fillmore street, now Gilmer street, and extending back south 160 feet, more or less, and being a part of land lot No. 52, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, being the lot deeded on the 9th day of November, 1866, by Lemuel P. Grant to John M. Nace, trustee for Anna R. Nace and being the east half of said lot.

Sold for the purpose of the payment of the debts and division of said estate. Terms cash.

ELLEN O. HERBERT,
Executrix.

sept10 17 24 oct 1

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Nathan C. Carr, administrator of Florella S. Carr, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Amanda Mangum has applied for letters of administration on the estate of John Glass, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in October next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

FINANCIAL.

More Money

Can be made by speculation in stocks between now and the presidential election than can be made through the same or any other medium in five years' time, providing operations are not made recklessly. The issues in the coming political contest are of immense importance and speculators who are on the right side of the market will make fortunes. Take advantage of the opportunity, but

SPECULATE SYSTEMATICALLY

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5½ % MORTGAGES 7 %
No. 28 S. Broad St.

PAINE-MURPHY COMPANY, BROKERS,
J. C. KNOX, Manager

Orders executed over private wires for Cotton, Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions. Local securities bought and sold. Correspondence solicited. 2 South Pryor Street, Jackson Building. 'Phone 375.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—George K. Woodward has applied for letters of administration on the estate of James D. Williams, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in October next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

Georgia, Fulton County, Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1896.—O. C. Gill, administrator of John Morgan Jackson, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in November next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

aug13-3mo-thu

Georgia, Fulton County, Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1896.—J. P. Leach, administrator of Stanley E. Russell, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in November next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

aug13-3mo-thu

Georgia, Fulton County, Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1896.—M. M. Welch, administrator of Carrie L. Terrell, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in November next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

aug13-3mo-thu

Georgia, Fulton County, Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1896.—Maria Lynam, administratrix of Henry J. Lynan, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in November next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

aug13-3mo-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—S. B. Turman, administrator of M. E. Maher, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will then be granted said applicant as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—M. Hall, guardian of John H. Childress, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—J. Carroll Payne, administrator of W. R. Hill, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sep 10-3m thurs.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, September 9, 1896.—The appraisers appointed upon application of Annie E. Stephens, widow of John Stephens, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor children, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next October term of this court, why said application should not be granted.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Emma C. Pease, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in October next, unless valid objection is made thereto.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Algernon S. Robbins, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in October next, unless valid objection is made thereto.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that William Casey, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in October next, unless valid objection is made thereto.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Henry L. DeGive has applied for letters of guardianship of the person and property of Walter Beermann, minor, under the age of fourteen years. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard and letters granted therein on the first Monday in October next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Special Displays of Novelties in

Fancy Dress Goods
Black Dress Goods
Fancy and Black Silks
Parisian Trimmings
Autumn Gloves
Imported Handkerchiefs
Fine Hosiery
Beautiful Laces
Plain and Fancy Ribbons
Linens
Blankets
Women's Fall Waists
Misses' Fall Reefers
Furniture
Carpets
Rugs
Curtains
Draperies

Everything except Furniture on one floor, goods marked in plain figures, quickest facilities and best service.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Georgia, Fulton County, Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1896.—Rachel C. Miller as executrix of Julia M. Hutcheson represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in November next, why said executrix should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

aug13-3mo-thu

Georgia, Fulton County, Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1896.—Joel S. and James A. Reed, executors of Nathaniel Reed, represent that they have fully discharged the duties of their said trust, and pray for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in November next, why said executors should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

aug13-3mo-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—E. T. Hunnicutt, guardian of Ina Mary Perry and Clifford S. Hunnicutt, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next why said guardian should not be discharged from said trusts.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thurs.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, September 9, 1896.—To Mayme Haupt, heir-at-law of Charles Beermann, deceased, who resides out of said state: L. DeGive having as executor applied for probate in solemn form of the last will of said deceased, you are hereby cited to be and appear at the next October term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in October next, as said will of said deceased will then be offered for probate in solemn form.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—R. J. Griffin, administrator of George W. Sheridan, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sep 10-3m thurs.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—A. P. Stewart, administrator of Beverly Carter, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sep 10-3m thurs.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Isabella A. Plummer, administratrix of Elijah T. Plummer represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sep 10-3m thurs.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—A. J. Cooper, administrator of Ella M. Cooper, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sep 10-3m thurs.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Elizabeth J. Mitchell, administratrix of Wesley D. Mitchell, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sep 10-3m thurs.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Clifford L. Anderson, as administrator of Mrs. J. Lentell, John J. Harbuck, J. S. Wilson, A. Bolsius, Martha Callaway, Elizabeth Almand, Minnie H. Johnson, S. G. Cowsert, D. M. Ryle, George W. Smith, Mary J. Johnson and Julia Harris, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of said trusts and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trusts.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sep 10-3m thurs.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, September 9, 1896.—The appraisers appointed upon application of D. D. Wynn, next friend of the minor children of Anna Baskins, for a twelve months' support for said minor children, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next October term of this court, why said application should not be granted.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—J. E. Maddox has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Robert Derby, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in October next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Mrs. E. A. Murry has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Z. C. Murry, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in October next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

Georgia, Fulton County, Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1896.—M. Harralson, as executor of Francis H. Kimbell, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in November next, why said executor should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

aug13-3mo-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Charles V. Rainey has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Theodore K. Charter, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in October next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, September 9, 1896.—The appraisers appointed upon application of Fannie Matheison, widow of J. L. Mathieson, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor children, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next October term of this court, why said application should not be granted.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—A. R. Forsyth has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Charles C. Forsyth, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in October next.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, September 9, 1896.—The appraisers appointed upon application of Annie Johnson, widow of James Johnson, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor children, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next October term of this court, why said application should not be granted.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept 10-17-24 oct 1-thur.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1896.—Clyde Green, guardian of Jeff K. Barrett, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

sept. 10-17-24-oct 1st thur.

COTTON RATES CUT

Association Lines Have To Reduce To Meet the Seaboard.

14 CENTS OFF TO ALL PORTS

This Means a Loss of 70 Cents a Bale.

PERHAPS FARMERS MAY GET SOME OF IT

The War Runs On and It Is Hurting the Roads—Augusta Merchants Advised To Move Here.

Despite Judge Emory Speer's injunction the rate war runs merrily on. All the roads say they are going to observe it—after awhile.

At Tuesday's meeting of the executive board of the Southern railway it was decided to restore the old rates south of the Savannah river on September 28. The injunction was granted September 9th, the papers were served about September 14th, and the mandamus will produce results September 28th. Notice of the restoration will be filed in Washington today or tomorrow and the old tariff will go into effect in ten days.

But when the old rates are restored south of the Savennah river the war will still be on.

Judge Speer did not command the roads to put back the rates on freight going north. His injunction applied only to freight coming south.

Just now cotton is moving actively and the shipments will increase rapidly. At Tuesday's meeting it was ordered that the Seaboard's cut of 14 cents a hundred on cotton from Atlanta to Norfolk be met at all south Atlantic and gulf ports. The rate to Portsmouth was formerly 49 cents per 100 pounds on cotton from Atlanta; to Charleston, Port Royal, Savannah, and Brunswick it was 46, and to New Orleans it was 48 cents.

Now it is to be 35 cents to Portsmouth, 32 cents to Charleston, Port Royal, Savannah and Brunswick, and 34 cents to New Orleans. This means shipside delivery, too. Formerly an arbitrary of 3 cents was added for transfer at the wharf, but in the cut this is done away with at all the ports.

Roads Will Lose Heavily.

This cut of 14 cents per 100 pounds means 70 cents a bale loss to the railroads, or $700,000 on 1,000,000 bales. How great a total actual loss to the roads would be if the war were to continue through the cotton carrying season cannot well be approximated, but it would be an enormous sum. The planters may get the benefit of a part of this, for it is more than ⅛ of a cent a pound. Some of the roads will feel the loss severely if the war runs on, because cotton usually produces a large part of their revenue. To some of the shorter lines the cut on cotton might not mean more than $10,000 loss, while to the larger systems it would run up to $150,000, and possibly more. While on a large system like the Southern the cotton constitutes only about 4 per cent of the total tonnage, its revenue is a much larger proportion of the total.

The question is often asked, why did not Judge Speer enjoin the roads from cutting passenger rates and northbound freight rates? His injunction applied to nothing but reductions in rates on freight coming south.

The answer to this is that he was not asked to restrain the roads from cutting passenger rates or northbound freight rates. The injunction was applied for by Paul Mustin on behalf of the grocers of the city of Augusta. Augusta's grocers are not affected in any way by a cut in through northbound rates from Atlanta. This section does not sell groceries in the north or west. Therefore, it makes no difference to an Augusta grocer what the rate is on freight from here into the north and east. All that concerns him is the rates on groceries coming from the east down here.

Nor does it matter to the Augusta grocers what the passenger rates are from Atlanta to the north.

Good Advice Given.

There is one very interesting feature in Mr. Mustin's declaration or petition for injunction. He stated that if the rate war were to continue the grocery business in Augusta would be ruined. He goes on to say: "And he has been already advised by those familiar with railroad rates that the only way in which he can continue to do business is to remove to the city of Atlanta, open an office, have goods shipped there, and thence distribute the same. And that like advice has been given to other merchants in the city of Augusta."

All Atlantians admit that the advice given to Augusta merchants to move here was sound, and it is said that this is the first time an injunction was every granted to keep people from coming here to enter business.

Rates on Ties.

The board of managers of the Joint Traffic Association have approved the following amended recommendation of the Trunk Line and Central passenger committees:

"That for political gatherings during the present presidential campaign one first-class fare per capita for the round trip, with a minimum of 25 cents, may be named, irrespective of numbers, or distances within a radius of 100 miles. Tickets to be limited to continuous passage in both directions, to be good only on the day of sale and good for return journey prior to midnight of same date. Special train to be run only when there is no regular service to accommodate traffic. Fares to be quoted on application and immediate notice to be given to the commissioner of the local association and to competing lines.

"The managers recommend that, effective on legal notice, the following proportional rates be applied from Pittsburg, Pa., to the Atlantic seaboard cities named below on shipments of cotton ties (iron), in carloads, minimum weight as per official classification, destined to points in Mexico, via rail to the Atlantic seaboard, thence ocean:

"To New York, 12 cents; Philadelphia, 10 cents; Baltimore, 9 cents.

"The managers also recommend that proportional rates be applied upon the same traffic from the Mahoning and Shenango Valley districts, 2 cents per 100 pounds higher that the above mentioned proportional rates from Pittsburg to the Atlantic cities named.

From a Social Standpoint.

The earnest work of the Ladies' auxiliary of the Grady hospital has inspired universal interest in the erection of the children's ward, and a number of generous donations have been received this week. Mr. Simmons, of the Chattahoochee river car line, has tendered the proceeds of his line all day Saturday and Saturday night to the children's ward. The ride to the river is a very popular one these hot days, and the ladies of the auxiliary urge all their friends and those interested in the success of the hospital to join them in making the river line the popular rendezvous for Saturday. Tickets will be on sale at Phillips & Crew's, Harry Silverman's and Nunnally's, on Whitehall and Marietta streets. Then on the cars tickets will be sold by all conductors, and can be purchased at the corner of Marietta and Forsyth streets, from which point the car starts. The young ladies of the auxiliary are especially interested in Saturday's success, and from the hours of 5 o'clock in the evening until the return of the last car, they will have the line especially in their charge, although during the day many small parties have been arranged. This all-day ride for the benefit of the hospital will afford everybody the opportunity to contribute a small amount to the best of objects, and at the same time enjoy the ride to the river and back.

Saturday evening several special cars will be in readiness to convey the many young ladies of the auxiliary who have determined to add pleasure to the occasion by urging the attendance of their gentlemen friends. Ice cold drinks can be procured at the end of the line, and the ladies will make every effort to make the occasion a very pleasant one.

The school children will have every opportunity on Saturday to greatly add to the fund already raised by them for the children's ward, and a number of parties are being arranged for a jolly ride. Several teachers have volunteered to take charge of their little classes, and it is hoped that every encouragement will be accorded the much needed additions to the hospital. Besides the patronesses of the hospital and the auxiliary the following ladies and gentlemen will be among the party Saturday evening: Captain and Mrs. Lowry, Judge and Mrs. Newman, Captain and Mrs. English, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Peters, Mr. and Mrs. Ravenel, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Howell, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Angier, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Grady, Jr., and Mrs. Robert Maddox, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Meador, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Wiley, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sciple, Mr. and Mrs. Tanner, Dr. and Mrs. Pinckney and many others. Among the young ladies of the auxiliary interested in Saturday's enterprise, and to be of the party Saturday night, are Misses Jennie English, Julia Wilkins, Evelyn Orme, Lillian Lochrane, Lulu and Mattie Slaton, Belle Newman, Emily English, Lucy Peel, Ruth Hallman, Ruth Cunningham, Lizzie Venable, Marion May, Isma Dooly, Louise Todd, Nellie Hayden, Mary Draper, Kathleen Jones, Mary Barnett, Lulu Kingsbery, Janie and Mary Kingsbery, Iza Glenn, Katie Stocking, Nellie Wright, Nellie Black, Isabel Black, Leila Morris, Mary Burt Howard, Minnie Cabaniss, Julia Wilkins, Julia Collier, Martha Brown, Callie Jackson, Carrie Johnson, Rosalind Howell, Dee Murphy, Annie May Hall, Lily Orme, Mamie and Lillie Goldsmith, Virginia Arnold, Daisy Arnold, Julia Clark, Annie Laurie Hill, Sallie Ray, Laura Adair, Avis Bates, Ella Hillyer, Myrtle Everett, Elizabeth Powell, Coribel Venable, Emmie May Burden, Annie Howard and others.

PRESS WOMEN TO MEET.

On the morning of September the 24th at 10 o'clock, the Woman's Press Club of Georgia will meet at Warm Springs, Ga. They will combine with the business objects calling the meeting all the pleasures of that charming resort and a delightful visit is being anticipated by the women to assemble there. Their recent meeting at Elberton and excursion to Halifax has renewed interest in the organization, and it was on this trip they determined to hold next week's meeting at Warm Springs. Mrs. Leonora Beck-Ellis, the president, will preside, and many of the most prominent and clever women of the Georgia press will be present.

Mrs. William King, of Atlanta, and Mrs. Myrick, of Americus, the first and second vice presidents, and Miss Ellen Dortch, the popular secretary, will be present. The business meetings of the club necessarily introduce charming social features and the assembling of so many talented women will be a very brilliant occasion. Among the well-known literary and newspaper women of Georgia that are members of the club and that will be present at the meeting at Warm Springs will be Mrs. Dollie Higbee Geppart, Mrs. Mary E. Bryan, Mrs. L. T. Hodges, Mrs. Emma Moffet Tyng, Mrs. Byington, Mrs. Myrtle Sockett Avary, Miss Meta McClaws, Miss Josephine Hill, Miss Mildred Rutherford, Mrs. M. A. Lipscomb, Miss Rosa Woodberry, Mrs. A. A. Smith, Miss Beulah Moseley, Mrs. Lollie Belle Wylie, Mrs. Thaddeus E. Horton, Miss Mary L. Jackson, Miss Elizabeth Debell, Mrs. Ethel Hillyer Harris, Miss L. O. Thomas, Mrs. Loulie M. Gordon, Miss Leonora Sheehan, Mrs. Penn, Miss June McKinley and many others.

JUNIOR CONFEDERACY MEETS.

Yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock the Children of the Confederacy held a large and enthusiastic meeting in the parlors of the Young Men's Christian Association. Miss Gale, the president, was in the chair, and Miss Annie D. Howell, the secretary, read the minutes of the last meeting, containing many interesting facts pertaining to the business of the organization. The well-known historian, Professor Derry, was present, and encouraged the children greatly in their prospective course of historical study. He read several interesting passages from histories and related to them many interesting personal experiences. Mrs. Albert Howell, Sr., the organizer of the children's association, was present, and is making every effort to interest the children in the study of southern literature and history.

This afternoon the Daughters of the American Revolution will meet at Craigie house and celebrate the one hundredth anniversary of George Washington's farewell address to the continental congress. The meeting will be one of great interest and the programme replete with appropriate features. Mrs. Albert Cox has been invited to read the address and has accepted. Few women could have been selected so worthy of the honor. Independent of her illustrious ancestry, she is possessed of the womanly spirit and strength of character that make her a representative type of American womanhood. She was for two years vice president of the organization, and one of the most prominent of the charter members.

***

Yesterday morning Mrs. T. H. Williams entertained a party of her friends at an informal "sewing" party. About twenty ladies came with their sewing, and engaged in a hemming contest. The judges appointed decided in favor of Mrs. Aldridge, who won the first prize, a silver sewing set.

Delicious refreshments were served at noon, and music added to the pleasure of the morning.

Mrs. William Reynolds and Mrs. Alonzo Richardson sang charming ballads, and Miss Haynes played several artistic instrumental solos.

Among those present were: Mrs. Thomas Peters, Mrs. Aldridge, Mrs. Reynolds, Mrs. Richardson, Mrs. Charles Hopkins, Mrs. Morgan, Mrs. Peter Clarke, Mrs. Lovejoy, Mrs. Wyatt, Mrs. Betts, Mrs. Fitzhugh Knox, Mrs. William Thompson, and Misses Haynes, Crozier, Thompson and Williams.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Barbour Thompson, who have as guests in their private car Mr. and Mrs. J. W. English and Messrs Clarence and Marion Knowles, are expected home Monday.

***

Major Scully and family leave for New Orleans in October.

***

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Steele are visiting in southern Georgia.

***

Miss Mamie Williams is the guest of Mrs. Andrew Calhoun.

***

Mrs. James N. Ellis, nee Miss Leila Venable, and Miss Perkins, of Richmond; Misses Elizabeth and Coribel Venable arrive in the city at noon, and will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Porter.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Corrigan have returned home.

***

Mrs. Strong has returned from Virginia.

***

Mrs. Amelia B. Dunn has returned to her home in Chattanooga.

***

Miss Bennie Fontaine, who has been the guest of Miss Carrie Johnson for two weeks past, returned to her home in Columbus yesterday. Miss Fontaine is one of the most charming and popular of the Georgia young ladies who visit Atlanta, and while here she was the recipient of many pleasing attentions.

***

Dr. K. C. Divine has returned from Tallulah, where he has been the past few weeks.

***

J. N. Bateman left the city last night for a two weeks' vacation in New York, Boston and other places of interest. He will return about October 1st.

***

Miss Margarette Howard Crawford has returned to 78 Forrest avenue from Greenville, S. C., where she has been the guest of Miss Williams.

***

The friends of Rev. J. N. McCormick, rector of St. Luke's church, will be gratified to know that he is rapidly regaining strength at Annandale, Cement, Ga., where he now is with his family.

***

The many friends of Miss Eva Bell will be delighted to learn of her expected return home from California. Miss Bell will arrive some time this week, after having spent ten months in visiting relatives, friends and points of interest. Miss Bell was prevented from prolonging her visit on account of the serious illness of her father.

ST. JOHN CALLED ON HAINES.

But the Visit Had No Relation to the Seaboard's War.

Vice President St. John, of the Seaboard Air-Line, spent yesterday forenoon in Atlanta and left at midday for Norfolk.

During the morning he called on Commissioner Haines, of the Southern States Freight Association. The call seems to have been purely personal and without reference to the Seaboard re-entering the association at any early date. The personal relations between the vice president and the commissioner have always been friendly. Mr. Haines was Mr. St. John's first choice for commissioner when Commissioner Stahlman retired, and the Seaboard was one of the first roads, if not the very first, to announce for him.

Mr. St. John would not talk yesterday concerning the Seaboard's future policy. It can be stated, though, that the Seaboard will comply with Judge Speer's injunction, which applies only to the southbound freight traffic and has no effect at all on northbound traffic.

Judge Speer's order directed the roads enjoined to renew the rate on interstate commerce shipped to Atlanta "as they were of force and had been recognized and approved by the interstate commerce commission as reasonable on and before September 5, 1896." On September 5th the Seaboard and the Southern had in cut rates. Before September 5th the old established rate was in force. Hence, according to the wording of the order, the roads were ordered to do two conflicting things. There is no doubt, though, about what Judge Speer intended to do, and the Seaboard's management, it is said, will comply with the injunction as it was intended.

It is presumed that the Seaboard will move for a hearing in the case, but Mr. St. John would not say when that would be done. It appears to be his purpose to let things run on as they are at present for a little time. The rate situation is badly demoralized still. Yesterday some of the roads were quoting a cut rate on cotton out of Atlanta to Charleston and Savannah, while other lines were waiting for the new tariff to go into effect.

FINLEY'S ELECTION ANNOUNCED

President Spencer Issues a Formal Circular Making It Public.

The formal announcement of the election of Mr. W. W. Finley, second vice president of the Southern railway, has been made in the form of an executive order by President Samuel Spencer.

The order bears the date of September 15th, and states simply that on April 4th the board of directors of the Southern elected Mr. W. W. Finley second vice president of the Southern, vice W. H. Baldwin, Jr., resigned.

The election of Mr. Finley was effective Tuesday. Mr. Finley was in Atlanta Monday. He has already assumed his new duties.

Mr. Finley will have charge of the traffic, and it is believed that General Superintendent Greene and Chief Engineer Hudson will direct the operating department of the great system. Whether there will be any change in the present form of the organization is not known.

Mr. Baldwin is at Flat Rock, N. C., taking a rest preparatory to assuming the presidency of the Long Island road on October 1st.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria destroys worms, allays feverishness, cures diarrhoea and wind colic, relieves teething troubles, and cures constipation. Castoria contains no paregoric, morphine, or opium in any form.

"For several years I have recommended Castoria, and shall always continue to do so, as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D.,
125th Street and 7th Avenue,
New York City.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M.D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of Castoria is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."

CARLOS MARTYN, D. D.,
New York City.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

NO TRIAL IN SIGHT

McCullough Will Probably Stay in Jail Until March.

HIS ATTORNEYS ARE AT SEA

They Don't Know Whether They Want a Hasty Trial or Not.

JUDGE CANDLER SEES NO NEED FOR IT

The Prisoner Still Gloomy, but Hopeful—His Boys To Visit Him at the Jail.

John McCullough, the alleged Clayton county murderer, is still confined in his cell at the station house, and if present indications count for anything, he will remain in the prison until next March, when court meets again in Jonesboro.

It has been rumored that Judge Candler would call a special term of court for the trial, but it is not probable that such action will be taken.

The attorneys for the defense have not asked for a special term of the court and it is doubtful if they will. Attorney C. J. Haden stated last night that while no regular line of action has been mapped out, it was probable that no special term would be asked for.

Judge Candler was seen last night and stated that he saw no special reason why McCullough should be tried again before the next regular term. The business at this last session, both criminal and civil, had been completed, and he saw no reason why the case should come up again in the near future.

This places the prisoner in a rather unenviable position. Before he was taken to Jonesboro for trial so confident was he that he would be freed that he even gave his bed and his cell furniture away. He fully expected to be with his children by this time and entirely exhonorated of the charge of murdering his wife.

The blow is necessarily a hard one. He is not the same man who was taken out for trial a week ago this morning. He has lost his former cheerful expression and spends the hours in the prison grieving over his ill luck.

While McCullough is very much disappointed at the result of the trial, yet he is not discouraged. He stated last night he was hopeful of the final result, and fully expects to be cleared at the next trial.

Will See His Children.

The prisoner has come to the point where he says he exists no longer without seeing his children. It has been many months since he has been with them, he declares, and at the trial he was not allowed to even speak to his little boy, who was in the same room with him.

The prisoner stated last night he would have his boys brought to Atlanta to visit him. The date has not been fixed, but the dramatic meeting will occur in the near future.

McCullough says he abhors the idea of having his boys see him in jail, and the meeting will probably take place either in the chief's office at the station house or in the offices of Haden & Denson in Temple Court.

THE KIMBALL HOUSE.

One of the Finest and Best Equipped Hotels in the South.

The Kimball house has lately been overhauled from top to bottom and is one of the most inviting hostelries in the southern states. The new skylight, which has just been put in, lights up in splendor its unequalled and spacious arcade.

Its suites of rooms are equal to modern flats for families who may have therewith private dining rooms or table d'hote or access to the cafe, which is complete in every particular.

The rooms now, since they have been repainted and refurnished with new porcelain baths and all other modern conveniences, are well ventilated, cool, ideal for either permanent or transient guests.

SPINKS SAYS HE'S STILL SINGLE.

Denies That the Report That He Was Married Is True.

Mr. Paul W. Spinks, a young man connected with the Kimball house, called at The Constitution office to deny the very complimentary report that he was married Monday.

The report referred to appeared in The Atlanta Journal yesterday and is a matter of surprise and consternation to Mr. Spinks. The notice states:

"A home wedding of beauty and solemnity was that of Miss Laura McCullom and Mr. Paul W. Spink, which occurred at the residence of the bride's father, Major McCullom, in Marietta September 14th. The bride is one of the most popular and accomplished young ladies of Marietta and the groom a prominent young business man of Atlanta. Mr. and Mrs. Spink are at home to their friends at the Kimball.

"I was never more surprised in my life than when I read that," said Mr. Spink last night. "I can't imagine where it originated or for what purpose it was started. I suppose that some friend of mine did it for a practical joke. I wish The Constitution would deny it for me, both in justice to myself and the young lady."

Syrup of Figs

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

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Prejudice: An adverse opinion formed without proper grounds or knowledge.

Some of you are prejudiced against ready-made clothing; you don't know why. Many of you have never knowingly seen the best kind.

We say knowingly, for some of your "well dressed" friends are probably wearing it.

It's time you should know.

No better time than now.

Our fall stock is ready.

EISEMAN & WEIL,

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

3 Whitehall Street.

Store closed Thursday, September 17th.

LUCKY YOU

May be in not having any disease, but you do not want to trust to luck if you are afflicted with disease in any form. It is better to employ skillful physicians at once, as by so doing expense, time and suffering may be avoided. Undoubtedly the best and most skillful physicians in the treatment of chronic and delicate diseases of both sexes are Dr. Hathaway & Co. Consult with them first and you will be safe.

SPECIALTIES.

Syphilis, specific blood poisoning, nervous debility, kidney and urinary difficulties, hydrocele, stricture, gleet, pimples, piles, rheumatism, skin and blood diseases of all forms, catarrh and diseases of call on DR. HATHAWAY & CO, 22½ S. Broad st., Atlanta, Ga. Mail treatment given by sending for symptom blank. No. 1, for men; No. 2, for women; No. 3, for skin diseases; No. 4, for catarrh. Hours: 9 a. m. to 12 m. and 2 to 5 p. m., 6 to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 1 only.

Teeth Extracted Positively Without Pain

By the use of Vitalized Air, the latest and best anaesthetic known to the Medical profession. EVERYBODY can take it. Painless extracting, 50c. Warranted first-class Crowns, Bridges, Fillings and Plates.

Philadelphia Dental Parlors,
36 Whitehall Street.

RAILWAY:-: SCHEDULES.

Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Standard Time.

Southern Railway.

No. ARRIVE FROM		No. DEPART TO	
†35 Washington	5 20 am	†30 Columbus, Ga	5 25 am
†13 Jacksonville	5 50 am	†35 Greenville	6 00 am
† 8 Chattanooga	7 00 am	† 8 Brunswick	7 20 am
†26 Tallapoosa	8 20 am	†13 Chattanooga	7 30 am
17 Mt. Airy	8 30 am	†12 Richmond	7 50 am
†27 Columbus	10 30 am	†38 Washington	12 00 n'n
†19 Fort Valley	10 35 am	† 9 Chattanooga	1 20 pm
† 9 Macon	11 30 am	†20 Fort Valley	4 05 pm
†38 Birmingham	11 40 am	†10 Macon	4 06 pm
†10 Chattanooga	1 30 pm	†37 Birmingham	4 15 pm
†37 Washington	3 55 pm	†28 Columbus	4 25 pm
† 7 Brunswick	8 15 pm	18 Mt. Airy	4 35 pm
†14 Chattanooga	8 15 pm	†25 Tallapoosa	6 20 pm
†11 Richmond	9 30 pm	†14 Jacksonville	8 35 pm
†20 Columbus, Ga.	9 45 pm	† 7 Chattanooga	1000pm
†36 Gr'nv'le, Miss	10 30 pm	†36 Washington	1115pm

Central of Georgia Railway.

No. ARRIVE FROM		No. DEPAT TO	
101 Hapeville	6 45 am	100 Hapeville	5 40 am
† 3 Savannah	7 45 am	102 Hapeville	7 00 am
103 Hapeville	8 05 am	† 2 Savannah	7 30 am
11 Macon	10 45 am	104 Hapeville	8 30 am
105 Hapeville	9 50 am	108 Hapeville	12 15 pm
109 Hapeville	2 00 pm	110 Hapeville	2 45 pm
111 Hapeville	4 00 pm	† 12 Macon	4 10 pm
113 Hapeville	6 05 pm	112 Hapeville	4 35 pm
115 Hapeville	7 20 pm	114 Hapeville	6 10 pm
† 1 Savannah	8 05 pm	† 4 Savannah	7 50 pm
†117 Hapeville	10 40 am	†116 Hapeville	9 00 am
†119 Hapeville	2 45 pm	†118 Hapeville	12 50 pm

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No. ARRIVE FROM		No. DEPART TO	
† 3 Nashville	7 00 am	† 2 Nashville	8 05 am
73 Rome	8 30 am	† 6 Chattanooga	3 00 pm
† 5 Chattanooga	12 10 pm	72 Rome	5 30 pm
† 1 Nashville	7 30 pm	† 4 Nashville	8 20 pm

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

No. ARRIVE FROM		No. DEPART TO	
12 Newnan	7 35 am	†35 Montgomery	5 35 am
14 College Park	10 00 am	11 College Park	8 10 am
†38 Montgomery	11 40 am	13 Palmetto	11 45 am
16 Palmetto	2 15 pm	†33 Montgomery	1 30 pm
18 College Park	3 50 pm	15 College Park	2 30 pm
†34 Selma	7 00 pm	†37 Selma	4 20 pm
20 Palmetto	8 20 pm	17 Palmetto	5 45 pm
†36 Selma	11 05 pm	19 Newnan	11 00 pm
Fol. train Sunday only:		Fol. train Sunday only:	
†26 Newnan	10 20 am	27 Newnan	1 00 pm

Georgia Railroad.

No. ARRIVE FROM		No. DEPART TO	
† 3 Augusta	5 00 am	† 2 Augusta	7 15 am
9 Covington	7 45 am	†28 Augusta	2 55 pm
†27 Augusta	12 15 pm	10 Covington	6 15 pm
† 1 Augusta	6 10 pm	† 4 Augusta	11 10 pm

Seaboard Air-Line.

No. ARRIVE FROM		No. DEPART TO	
† 41 Norfolk	5 20 am	†402 Washington	11 45 am
†403 Washington	6 45 pm	† 38 Norfolk	8 10 pm

Middle Georgia and Atlantic Ry. Co.

Lv Atlanta	7:15 a. m.,	*11:10 p. m
Ar Milledgeville	*4:15 a. m.,	1:00 p. m
Lv Milledgeville	6:30 a. m.,	1:30 p. m
*Ar Atlanta	12:15 p. m.,	6:10 p. m

Daily. ‡Sunday only. Other trains daily except Sunda

DE POTTER'S TOURS.

JAPAN Season 1896-97. Select parties will leave New York as follows: For a Tour to JAPAN and AROUND THE WORLD, Oct. 5. For tour to Spain, Algeria and Southern France, Oct. 3. For tour to the MEDITERRANEAN, RIVIERA ITALY, Nov. 7. Tour to the MEDITERRANEAN, ORIENT, ITALY, &c., &c., in January and February. Superior escort; unequaled arrangements; inclusive cost; illustrated programmes free.

A. DE POTTER,
1466 Broadway, New York. SPAIN

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AMERICAN LINE.

NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON. [London-Paris.]
Sailing at 10 a. m.

NEW YORK	Sept. 19	PARIS	Oct. 7
ST. LOUIS	Sept. 23	ST. LOUIS	Oct. 14
ST. PAUL	Sept. 30	ST. PAUL	Oct. 21

RED STAR LINE.

NEW YORK TO ANTWERP.

WESTERNLAND,	Wednesday, Sept. 23, noon
SOUTHWARK	Wednesday, Sept. 30, 10 a. m
NOORDLAND	Wednesday, Oct. 7, noon
FRIESLAND	Wednesday, Oct. 14, noon

International Navigation Co.

Piers 14 and 15, North river. Office, 6 Bowling Green, N. Y.

ED. E. KIRBY, Agent, 12 Kimball House.

THE SUMMER DAYS ARE OVER.

Your thoughts should turn to Fall attire. This is an invitation to look at our new Fall Clothes, Hats and Furnishings. We'll be really glad to have you look—because the looker of today is tomorrow's buyer. Only the best of things are here, but at LOWEST PRICES.

Geo. Muse Clothing Co

Men's and Boys' Outfitters,

38 Whitehall.

THE GRAND

MATINEE TODAY.

LAST PERFORMANCE TONIGHT.

AL. G. FIELD MINSTRELS

AND

UTOPIA

Largest Musical Company in America,

Using an Entire Train of Palace Cars.

70 PEOPLE IN ALL. 70

The Grand crowded, packed and jammed last night to see Al Field's great minstrels.

FAUST AND THE LOST PARADISE.

Friday Eve, September 18th, and Saturday matinee, September 19th.

Joseph Callahan

America's greatest Mephisto, and a superb acting company in a great scenic and electrical production of

FAUST.

Saturday evening only, September 19th.

Joseph Callahan

In Charles Frohman's great New York success,

THE LOST PARADISE.

By H. C. DeMille, Esq.

Special scenery for both plays; wonderful electrical and mechanical effects.

Usual prices.

Special Notice.

The Georgia railroad train, No. 4, will not leave Atlanta tonight until 11:30 o'clock. Those who desire to attend the theater will have ample time.

JOE W. WHITE, T. P. A.
J. W. KIRKLAND, P. A.
A. G. JACKSON, G. P. A.
September 17, 1896.

'PHONE 176.

HARRISON & HERREN

FOR ALL KINDS OF FINE

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DAY OR NIGHT.

Special Attention Given to Wedding and Opera Calls.

STABLE, 37 IVY STREET.

A. E. BOWEN,

◆FINE PORTRAITS◆

68 Whitehall.

TAX LEVY.

Office Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Fulton County, Ga. Atlanta, September 2, 1896.—It is ordered that there be collected by the tax collector for Fulton county, or his successor in office, the following tax for county purposes for the fiscal year 1896, to-wit: Fifteen and five-tenths cents for public works, two and three-tenths cents for roads and bridges, eighteen and five-tenths cents for public buildings, seven and eight-tenths cents for expenses of the superior court, two and six-tenths cents for the expenses of the city court, two and six-tenths cents for the expenses of the criminal court, two and two-tenths cents for the fees of the jailer and all other expenses of the jail, eight-tenths cents for the fees of the coroner, per diem of the coroner's jurors, and salary of the county physician; one and six-tenths cents for the commissions of the tax collector, receiver, and salaries of the commissioners and their clerk; two and four-tenths cents for the support of the almshouse and for paupers, three and one-tenth cents for any other lawful charges against the county, making a total of fifty-nine and four-tenths cents on the one hundred dollars, which is hereby levied for the year 1896.

A true extract from the minutes of the commissioners of roads and revenues.

A. L. KONTZ,
Clerk Commissioners of Roads and Revenues.
sept10 17 24 oct1

Locomotives and Flat Cars

FOR SALE OR RENT

Twenty first-class standard gauge freight and passenger locomotives, 20 to 35 tons, cylinders 13, 14, 15 and 16 inches diameter by 20 and 24 inches stroke. Four standard 40,000 pounds capacity flat cars. Address McDonough & Co., Savannah, Ga.

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LYCEUM THEATRE

September 18th and 19th, Saturday matinee.

The........ World..... Famed..... Brothers BYRNE

In their enormously successful spectacular production

THE NEW EIGHT BELLS

SEE The wonderful revolving ship.
SEE The amusing carriage ride.
SEE The famous Byrne troupe of acrobats.
SEE The beautiful octopus.
SEE The bewildering trick scenery.
SEE The wonderful mechanical effects.

GIGANTIC PRODUCTION

FULL OF NOVELTIES.

Monday and Tuesday, September 21 and 22.

BERT COOTE

LATE NEW BOY, AND

NICK LONG

Aided by a company of Comedians, under the management of Edward C. White, in a Screaming Comedy, adapted from the French

THE OTHER MAN'S WIFE.

TO BE PRECEDED BY

JAMES A. HERNE'S

Delightful One Act Play,

A SOLDIER OF FRANCE.

Tickets on sale at Phillips & Crew's, theater and Kimball house news stand. Telephone 1549.

EDUCATIONAL.

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Business College

AND SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND.

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Big demand for graduates—more than 3000 in positions Awarded Silver Metal by Atlanta Exposition. Catalogue Free. SULLIVAN & CRICHTON, Atlanta, Ga.

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(13 YEARS IN ATLANTA.)

REDUCED RATES FOR SUMMER MONTHS.

SOUTHERN SHORTHAND AND BUSINESS UNIVERSITY.

ATLANTA, GA.

$25—Business Course, unlimited—$25

Shorthand and Telegraphy also taught.

Awarded Highest Medal by C. S. & I. Exposition. Now is the time to enter. Catalogue free.

ST. JOHNS college, Annapolis, Md. One hundred and eighth session begins 16th September. President Thomas Fell, Ph. D., LL. D. aug 4 36-t tues thur sat mon

FAUQUEIR INSTITUTE For Young Ladies Warrenton, Va.

The 36th year begins Sept. 17th, 1896. Situated in Piedmont region of Va., on Southern R. R., 54 miles from Washington. Number limited. For catalogues address GEO. G. BUTLER, A. M., Prin.

July 18-26t sat tu thur

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The Standard Printing Ink Co.,

NO. 108 CANAL ST.,

CINCINNATI, O

ESTABLISHED 1857.

MASS MEETING

Of National Democracy of Fulton County.

At a mass meeting this night held at the Kimball house by the Fulton County National Democratic League, organized for the purpose of promoting the cause of sound money in Georgia, it was decided to call a mass meeting at the courthouse on Saturday night next to select delegates from Fulton county to the state convention, called to assemble in Atlanta this month, to nominate an electoral ticket for Georgia, and the undersigned were appointed a committee to issue the call.

We, therefore, the undersigned committee, by the authority aforesaid, hereby call a mass meeting of Fulton county sound money democrats to assemble in the courthouse basement at 8 p. m. Saturday, September 19th. At this meeting delegates will be chosen to the state convention for the nomination of an electoral ticket for Georgia. We earnestly request all democrats of Fulton county who agree with our views and purposes to assemble at the time and place named.

Atlanta, Ga., September 15th, 1896.

Marshall J. Clarke, Chairman.
Joseph Jacobs.
Geo. R. DeSaussure
Jacob Haas.
Paul Romare.
A. V. Gude.
J. Frank Beck.
Otto Schwab.
F. M. Scott.
G. V. Gress.
J. J. Knott.
J. R. Nutting.

Hugh T. Inman.
W. W. Draper.
A. L. Holbrook.
Hooper Alexander.
Thos. F. Corrigan.
V. H. Kreigshaber.
O. Pappenheimer.
W. S. Thomson.
W. A. Russell.
W. R. Hammond.
L. Cohen.
W. A. Mathews.
Joseph F. Burke.

wed thur fri sat

the best

remedy for kidney complaint, internal disorders and "the blues" is

"phosphate gin."

it's a sure thing.
has never failed to cure—stacks of voluntary testimonials prove its worth. you need it—don't wait—it braces from the start—hits the spot.

all drug stores and bars.

the genuine in round bottles, bearing name of

gin phosphate remedy co.,
atlanta.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 104½ Whitehall St.

PLUMBING GOODS.

I have opened a plumbers' supply house, and can sell anything you want at wholesale prices. A. R. BUTCHER, 17 South Forsyth Street.
july9-1y-last page, 1st col

SAM JONES
—AT—
Cureton Springs
—ON—
Atlanta and West Pt. R. R.

A GRAND CAMP MEETING WILL BE HELD AT THE ABOVE PLACE

SEPTEMBER 16th To 20th

By Rev. Sam Jones, assisted by Rev. George Stewart and Professor Charles Tillman, the famous singer.

Cureton Springs is only a short distance from Newnan, Moreland or Grantville, Ga., on the Atlanta and West Point railroad. Conveyances can be had at either of the above places at moderate prices.

Tickets Will Be Sold

SEPTEMBER 15th To 20th

From all stations between Atlanta and Opelika to Newnan, Moreland or Grantville, at one fare for round trip, good to return at close of meetings, September 21st.

Dont' miss this opportunity.

For further information apply to any agent of these lines. GEO. C. SMITH, President and General Manager. JNO. A. GEE, General Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

E&W
MADAWASKA
TRADE MARK

Receiver's Sale of The Atlanta Dairy Company.

In accordance with an order of the Hon. J. H. Lumpkin, judge of the superior court of the Atlanta circuit, made in the case of S. H. Phelan et al., plaintiffs, against the Atlanta Dairy Company, defendant, pending in said court, the undersigned as receiver in said case will, on Saturday, September 19, 1896, between 10 o'clock a. m. and 1 o'clock p. m. sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, on the premises where the said Atlanta Dairy Company has its chief business place, to-wit, the corner of Bartow and Luckie streets, in the city of Atlanta, Ga., the following property of said defendant, to-wit: All the dairy implements, apparatus and fixtures, refrigerators, pumps, vats, milk testers, cans and all other dairy vessels and belongings; all milk and butter on hand at the time; all horses, wagons, harnesses, fodder and feed; all office furniture and fixtures, cash register and safe; all household goods and furniture and all eatables; the lease of the defendant on the said buildings and premises on the corner of Luckie and Bartow streets; all the routes, the good will and the business of the defendant; all notes and accounts owing to said defendant except notes given for real estate; and all other personal property and choses in action of said defendant excepting its stock in the Marietta Creamery Company; and all other property set out in the inventory of the effects of the said defendant. All of the above mentioned property and assets, and the business, the routes and the good will of said defendant, will be sold together as a whole and as a going concern. Sale will be subject to confirmation or rejection by the court in chambers at 8:30 o'clock a. m. on Monday, September 21, 1896. Terms cash on acceptance of bid. Property and inventory open to inspection. This September 9, 1896. EDMOND SCOTT, Receiver.
sept10-9t

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

THOMAS W. LATHAM,
Attorney at Law, Atlanta, Ga.
220 and 222 Temple Court. Phone 238.

R. T. Dorsey, P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell
DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL,
LAWYERS.
Offices—1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Lowe building, 39½ Whitehall. Telephone 520.

HOTEL ARAGON, ATLANTA.

The Palace Hotel of the South.

American and European Plan.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Hotel Aragon invites the patronage of permanent as well as transient guests. Special inducements and rates to guests engaging rooms for the fall and winter. Every room has steam heat, electric lights and electric call service. Location of hotel the most central and in the most fashionable residence portion of the city. Adjoins Grand opera house. Only three blocks from union depot. Cuisine superior to any in the south.

Free 'bus meets all trains.

We cordially invite the patronage of the best Business and Commercial Men and Tourists.

SURE CURE FOR PILES
Itching and Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles yield at once to DR. BO-SAN-KO'S PILE REMEDY. Stops itching, absorbs tumors. A positive cure. Circulars sent free. Price 50c. Druggists or mail. DR. BOSANKO, Phila., Pa.

BARNES MADE A RAID

Took Up a Collection of Railroad Maps and Folder Stands.

NOW A TRAVELERS' GUIDE

Railroad Advertising Company Property Seized by the Sheriff—Gay Stock To Be Sold.

Sheriff Barnes is now prepared to select routes by land and sea for tourists, emigrants, pleasure seekers, drummers, travelers and lecturers, having come into possession of hundreds of railroad and steamship maps and folders yesterday. He can point out the best and quickest means of getting to any point in the world from Atlanta or elsewhere and can tell the traveling public just what advantages are possessed by any transportation line.

Mr. Barnes turned his office and a part of the courthouse into a railroad and steamship line bureau of information yesterday morning. He started out and took up a collection of stands and receptacles for maps and folders and prospectuses of all kinds. He found half a dozen or more big stands such as are generally seen in hotels and public buildings and depots, all containing dozens of the latest folders and maps. The several outfits were levied on by the sheriff and they are now distributed about the courthouse.

Visitors to that public place noted the presence of the maps yesterday and it was necessary to expltin that none of the officials intended to travel, but that the maps and folders were levied upon to satisfy an attachment sworn out against the owners of the outfit.

The map stands were the property of the Southern Railway, Steamship and Hotel Advertising Company, and they were taken charge of by the sheriff to satisfy a paper issued in favor of J. C. Slorah, formerly in the service of the company in Atlanta and elsewehere. The plaintiff asserts thtt the company owes him a considerable sum and all the property that could be found was levied upon by the sheriff.

As a result of the raid of Mr. Barnes, the map and folder stands at the Kimball, Aragon, Weinmeister and several other places were removed and the traveling public is now searching elsewhere for information commonly found in the maps and folders placed about at convenient places by the railroad companies.

Gay Stock To Be Sold.

Sheriff Barnes will sell the stock of furnishings and fixtures of A. O. M. Gay & Son, commencing Monday next. The store is now closed by direction of the superior court and the sheriff is under directions to dispose of the stock and goods for the benefit of the creditors of the firm.

Gay & Son failed several days ago and the place at 10 Whitehall street has since been closed. The shreiff has posted a notice on the door announcing that the sale will be made to the highest bidder, in bulk or lots, as may seem best, Monday. Quite a number of creditors are interested in the outcome of the cale.

Intelligent people, who realize the important part the blood holds in keeping the body in a normal condition, find nothing strange in the number of diseases that Hood's Sarsaparilla is able to cure.

AGAINST MRS. BERGSTROM.

Jury Decides Against Her in the Suit Involving a House and Lot.

In the case of Mrs. M. W. Bergstrom against her husband, A. M. Bergstrom, and the Fidelity Banking and Trust Company, which has been pending in the Fulton superior court for some time, a verdict was reached yesterday. The jury decides against Mrs. Bergstrom.

The litigation grew out of a transaction between Bergstrom and the bank. It was charged that Bergstrom borrowed money from the bank, giving a mortgage on a house and lot as security. Mrs. Bergstrom claimed ownership in the property, and she sued for a judgment setting aside the transaction. The bank got possession of the property.

The jury decided that Mrs. Bergstrom had no interest in the property, having paid no money toward the purchase of it. It was also decided by the jury that Mrs. Bergstrom had no right or title to the house and lot, and her suit was accordingly denied.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

ON ACCOUNT OF LINDEN AVENUE

City Opened the Street and Mrs. Knox Now Asks for Damages.

Mrs. Della J. Knox has filed suit against the city of Atlanta for $5,000 damages for the condemnation of certain property through which a street was opened. The bill was filed in the superior court yesterday morning by P. F. Smith and W. W. Gaines, representing Mrs. Knox.

The property in question, about 374 feet long and 70 feet wide, was used by the city in opening Linden avenue, between North avenue and Morgan avenue. Mrs. Knox asserts that she was damaged to the extent of the amount named, and the courts will have to settle the matter. The plaintiff alleges that the city has persistently refused to give her claim consideration.

For Sick Headache

Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

TAK EHORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE
It removes the cause by stimulating the action of the stomach, promoting digestion and quieting the nerves.

PERSONAL.

C. J. Daniel. Handsome stock new wall paper. Beautiful designs; blended friezes, low prices. Send for samples.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

New and Secondhand,

And all kinds of school supplies. A useful present presented with each purchase, at JOHN M. MILLER'S, 39 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.
sept4-tf

A Sure Remedy for Mosquitoes.

One of Rhodes, Snook & Haverty's large nets, $1.50 put up. 3t

New Pullman Sleeping Car Line Via Southern Railway.

In addition to the through Pullman service between Atlanta and New York, and in order to accommodate the rapidly increasing passenger business, the Southern railway has inaugurated a new Pullman sleeping car line between Birmingham and Charlotte. This sleeper leaves Atlanta at 11:15 p. m., city time, arrives Charlotte, 8:33 a. m. Returning, sleeper leaves Charlotte, 10:55 p. m.; arrives Atlanta, 5:20 a. m.

Ample accommodations are now assured for all and reservations may be made in advance upon application at the city ticket office, Southern railway, Kimball house corner.

A. A. Vernoy, Passenger Agent.
C. E. Sergeant, City Ticket and Passenger Agent.
W. D. Allen, District Passenger Agent.
sept11 1w.

A Mother's Meeting at Trinity.

Mrs. J. M. Orme will conduct a mother's meeting of the Atlanta South Side Woman's Christian Temperance Union this afternoon beginning at 4 o'clock. The meeting will, as usual, be held in the steward's room of Trinity church, and every mother in Atlanta is cordially invited to be present.

The King of Pills is Beecham's—BEECHAM'S.

GRANTED TWO DIVORCES.

Charles S. Bentley and Porter Freeman Were Defendants in the Cases.

Nannie L. Bentley was granted a divorce from her husband, Charles S. Bentley, in the Fulton superior court yesterday. She was represented by Colonel T. W. Rucker. The plaintiff alleged mistreatment and desertion.

Sophia Freeman petitioned for a divorce from her husband, Porter Freeman, on the ground that he deserted her, and a jury in Judge Lumpkin's court reached a verdict giving the woman a divorce.

SILVER OR GOLD.

Better than either is a healthy liver. If the liver is O. K. the man is O. K. His blood is kept pure, his digestion perfect, and he can enjoy life and act intelligently and patiently upon the questions of the day. You all know what to take. You have known it for years. It is

Simmons Liver Regulator.

For years you and your fathers have found it of sterling worth. It is and always has been put up only by J. H. Zeilin & Co. Take none but the genuine. It has the Red Z on the front of wrapper, and nothing else is the same, and nothing so good.

If you will call a Messenger from the Southern Messenger Service he will take your advertisement to the Constitution office free of charge. Phone 1814.

CHEAP SPECTACLES

Like slow poison may not show their bad effects today, tomorrow, or even next month, but eventually they destroy the sight, and then the best glasses in the world will do no good. Come and see us.

Julius R. Watts & Co.
Opticians.
57 Whitehall.
Cash Paid for Old Gold & Silver

SECURITY WAREHOUSE CO.

Railway, merchandise and general storage. Low rate. BONDED and issues negotiable receipts. FOUNDRY STREET and W. & A. R. R. Telephone 318.

MONEY can always be had on good notes and collaterals. Checks and Drafts on city and out-of-town Banks cashed after regular banking hours. TOLLESON'S BANK, 21 and 22, SECOND FLOOR INMAN BUILDING, ATLANTA, GA.

For Rent by C. H. Girardeau, 8 Wall Street.

Choice 9-r. h., Capitol avenue	$35 00
Choice 8-r. h., 26 Orange street	37 50
Choice 8-r. h., Piedmont avenue	34 00
Choice 8-r. h., 66 Highland avenue	32 00
Newly renovated 8-r. h., Trinty ave.	30 00
Newly renovated 8-r. h., Washington	35 00
Choice 8-r. h., Forrest avenue	33 33
7-r. h., Piedmont avenue	20 00
7-r. h., Woodward avenue	20 00
6-r. h., E. Cain street	21 00
6-r. h., 92 Orange st (g. w. and b.)	17 50
6-r. h., Woodward ave	22 50
5-r. h., East Harris st	25 00
5-r. h., Pulliam st. (shaded lot)	12 50
5-r. h., 18 Brotherton st	15 00
4-r. h., Spring st	12 50
38-r. hotel, Trinity and Forsyth	125 00
7,200 square feet, upper floor 10½ W. Mitchell, suitable for light manufacturing	50 00

A number of central stores.
New and well ventilated offices in Ellis building, Pryor street.

For Rent by Haynes & Harwell, 14 Walton St.

7-r. h., Capitol avenue	$35 00
11-r. h., Washington street	40 00
7-r. h., West Peachtree street	35 00
7-r. h., East Ellis street	35 00
10-r. h., West Peachtree street	40 00
6-r. h., East Ellis street	22 50
8-r. h., Forrest avenue	30 00
7-r. h., Angier avenue	25 00
7-r. h., Gartrell street	18 00

Three stores from $100 to $125. Halls for lodgerooms cheap. List your property with us.

FOR RENT

WE CAN offer for rent to an acceptable tenant on lease of 12 months a large storeroom and basement situated at 36 Peachtree st. This is very centrally and most excellently located for almost any line of business. To a suitable tenant we will make the right price. For further particulars, etc., address P. O. box 83, city.

FOR RENT

By John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, 50 North Broad, Corner Walton.

7-r. h., 19 Welbourne, West End	$7 00
6-r. h., 216 Angier avenue	22 50
10-r. h., 15 Highland avenue	35 00
7-r. h., 95 East Ellis	30 00
5-r. h., 60 Fairlie	25 00
9-r. h., 233 Courtland avenue	32 50
9-r. h., 62 North Forsyth	40 00
7-r. h., 260 East Cain	20 00
6-r. h., 40 W. Linden, Sept. 30	20 00
6-r. h., 106 W. Pine (new)	12 00
9-r. h., 91 Park street, West End	25 00
8-r. h., McKinlock place, Edgewood	18 00
6-r. h., 80 West Pine	15 00
5-r. h., 114 Gilmer	13 00
7-r. h., 180 S. Forsyth, Oct 1	25 00
7-r. h., 254 Forrest avenue	33 35

We move tenants free. See notice.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—Two first-class coat makers; steady employment. E. A. Scott, merchant tailor, Selma, Ala.

WANTED—A good sawyer to go to Guatemala to run 40-horse power saw mill; good pay. Address DeLoach Mill Manufacturing Company.

WANTED—Barber, none but first-class workman need apply. Address Dave Harris, Elberton, Ga.

AGENTS and branch managers. Salary or commission. Hunter Tailoring and Shirt Company, Cincinnati, O.
july 14 4m tues thur sat m n

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; thoroughly competent in eight weeks, plenty of practice; good instructions; position guaranteed. Catalogue free. Barber school, 923 Arch street, Philadelphia.
sept15-3t.

WANTED—Good men to place Equitable Building and Loan Association stock in Georgia; loans promptly made; salary and commission; reference. George A. Smith, general manager, Exchange Bank building, Macon, Ga. sept5—14t

WANTED—An idea. Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write John Wedderburn & Co., dept. A 12, patent attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of inventions wanted. May 31-12m

HELP WANTED—Female.

LADIES—I pay good wages for light, easy work that can be done at home; no experience necessary. For particulars, address Ruth Goldsmith, box 707, Chicago, Ill.
sept6-156t sun tues thur

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

A SALESMAN with 12 years' eastern and western experiences, both wholesale and retail, is open for a permanent engagement. Add F. H., Constitution office.

Give the.... Matter....... Thought...

Time works wonders. Ten years ago there existed a vast difference between Ready-made and made-to-measure Clothing. Since then science and skill have developed and improved the former; the latter remains unchanged. Take our new Autumn styles, for instance. The expert judges cannot distinguish them from the highest custom-tailor productions. The principal variance is in the price—appearance, quality, finish, grace are identical. From $10 to $25 cheaper when you buy from

Eads-Neel Co

ATLANTA. MACON.

FURNITURE.

BARGAINS—$150 sideboard for $60; $65 hat rack for $25; used a short time. Rhodes, Snook & Haverty. sept15-3t

BOARDERS WANTED.

WANTED—Boarders, in pleasant home on South Pryor street, near in; young men preferred. Address Northern Family, care

BOARDERS WANTED—Large, pleasant rooms and excellent table fare; rates reasonable. 93 Auburn ave., corner Courtland.
sep 16-5t

BEST ROOMS and board for the least money; close to Calhoun school; take Courtland car. 64 Forrest avenue.
sept15-7t

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A good bicycle and wish to pay for it in painting or wall papering. Atlanta Paint and Wall Paper Co.

PERSONAL.

BRYAN and Watson buttons—the ones you have been looking for but could not find—sent postpaid for 10 cents stamps or silver. Campaign B. and B. Co., box 84, Atlanta.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.

FINEST second-hand typewriters for sale to be found at No. 13 E. Alabama street, cheap for cash. Telephone No. 224. W. T. Crenshaw.

FINEST typewriter repairing done in America at No. 13 E. Alabama street. Telephone No. 224. W. T. Crenshaw. 1m

FINEST typewriters for rent at No. 13 E. Alabama street in perfect order. Telephone No. 224. W. T. Crenshaw. 1m

REMINGTON No. 6 is the most perfect of all writing machines. Telephone No. 224. No. 13 E. Alabama street. W. T. Crenshaw. 1m

FINEST typewriter supplies to be found in America sold at No. 13 E. Alabama st. We don't deal in cheap, common stuff. Telephone No. 224. W. T. Crenshaw. 1m

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

ONE BILLIARD and one pool table, nearly new, for sale. 123 Whitehall street.
sep-12-sun tues thur

VERY CHEAP—$350; very fine billiard table complete at a big bargain. Rhodes, Snook & Haverty. sept15-3t.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.,

FOR RENT—Handsome Peachtree residence, large, beautifully shaded corner lot, moderate rent to acceptable party. Apply to F. M. Farley, Gould building.

FOR RENT—One block from Peachtree, a 7-room cottage in good condition; possession immediately. Apply 36 West Baker.
sept15-tues-thur

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

STORE, 49 Whitehall; possession October 1st. Apply to E. C. Crichton, Kiser building. sept13—tf

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE,
E. S. McCandless,
No. 9 E. Alabama St.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"NO CROSS of Gold, No Crown of Thorns," the one truly beautiful button of the campaign, suitable for all Bryan supporters, can be had for 10 cents in stamps or silver. Campaign B. and B. Co., box 84, Atlanta.

LOST.

LOST—Circular diamond pin, between corner Peachtree and Linden streets and Chamberlin & Johnson's store. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same to 478 Peachtree.

STOLEN—On the night of September 5th one black horse, five years old, slender build, mane on left side, hair sunburned, shoes very heavy; liberal reward if returned to Dr. D. N. Johnson, Easton, Ga.

LOST—Sunday afternoon one black billbook containing money. If returned to George F. Glaskin, 54 North Broad street, finder will be rewarded. sept15-3t

BIDS FOR CONTRACTS, ETC.

BIDS FOR CONTRACT—For six-story, modern office building, Jacksonville, Fla., will be received by Henry Ivis Cobb, Chicago, on or before October 1st, 1896. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of J. W. Archibald, Jacksonville, Fla.
sep 9 12 13 16 19 20

FOR SALE—Bicycles.

LADY'S BICYCLE, 1896 model, new, never used, in perfect order; $65 cash. Address M. E. L., Constitution.
sept-17-thur-fri-sat-sun

WANTED—Salesmen.

SALESMAN wanted for western Georgia; salary and expenses paid. Address 403 Greenwich street, New York city.
sept-17-4t

$60 TO $150 and expenses paid salesmen for cigars; experience unnecessary; extra inducements to customers. Charles C. Bishop & Co., St. Louis. sep 8 13-t tues thur sun

MEDICAL.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand), are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c, stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies" in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Company, Philadelphia, Pa.
june21-156t sun tues thur

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

A YOUNG lady graduate of the Maryland State Normal school and having seven years' experience, desires position in school or as governess; can give instructions on piano or organ. Address Miss Ada V. Bond, 620 W. Lafayette avenue, Baltimore, Md.

WANTED—Agents.

CAMPAIGN portraits—McKinley, Bryan, Palmer; 22x28; two colors, $3.25 per 100. Buttons, badges very cheap. Barclay & Co., Cincinnati, O. sept15-6t—tues-thur-sat

WANTED—Active agents for the Equitable Benefit Fraternity, pays sick, accident and death benefits. Liberal contract. Apply 330 Equitable building, Atlanta, Ga.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$15,000—Local money to lend on real estate; purchase money notes bought. T. F. Scott, 841 Equitable building. sept11 2t

5 TO 8 per cent loans made on real estate bonds and stocks. Purchase money and other good notes, building and loan stock (especially delinquent stock) wanted. W. A. Foster, No. 2 N. Broad. sep 12-tf.

GEORGE S. MAY, private banker, 706 Temple court. Loans on collateral and Atlanta real estate; principals only; apply direct to me; lowest rates; best terms.
july2-tf.

WEYMAN & CONNORS negotiate loans on city property at 6 to 7 per cent. Money ready for parties wanting quick loans. Call in person. No. 825 Equitable building.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate loans on Atlanta real estate and Georgia farm lands. Gould building, Atlanta.

SAMUEL BARNETT, No. 537 Equitable building, negotiates real estate mortgage loans on property in or near Atlanta. Borrower can pay back any way he pleases.
apr 19-6m.

SHORT and long loans on easy terms; notes bought; money on hand; no delay. Sam C. Dean, attorney at law, rooms 11-13, 37½ Whitehall street.

STRAIGHT LOANS at lowest rates on improved Atlanta real estate, without commission; money in bank; no delay. Apply direct to E. S. McCandless, No. 9 East Alabama street.

LOANS made on real estate at low rates of interest, without commission, and repayable in monthly installments; purchase money notes bought. Edward S. McCandless, cashier Southern Loan and Banking Co., No. 9 East Alabama street.
sept13-tf

W. T. CRENSHAW, No. 13 East Alabama street, does fire insurance, accident insurance, employers liability insurance, plate glass insurance, fidelity bonds insurance and lends money. Also sells the Remington Standard Typewriter and supplies. Telephone No. 224. sep 16-1m

WITHOUT REAL ESTATE you can borrow what money you want from Atlanta Discount Company. Office fifth floor Temple Court. Joseph N. Moody, president.
sep 13—4t sun tues thur

SEVERAL thousand dollars to loan at 7 and 8 per cent straight; no commission; no delay. P. O. box 631, Atlanta, Ga.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IMPORTANT to speculators: Before investing ascertain financial standing of your broker free. Write Investors' Protective Bureau, New York.
sept6—71—sun-wed b c

FIVE PER CENT a week profits is the average return on my "Fluctuation System. Send for pamphlet, free. W. E. Forest, 50 Broadway, New York.
sep13-1m

DO YOU SPECULATE? "Guide to Successful Speculation," mailed free. Wheat, provision, cotton and stock speculation on limited margin thoroughly explained; correspondence solicited. Warren, Ford & Co., 11 Wall street, New York.
apr 30 104t thur sun

EDUCATIONAL.

ASCHAM HALL—Boarding and day school for girls, 4568 Oakenwald avenue, Chicago, Ill. College preparation; examinations for the University of Chicago given quarterly at the school. Fourteenth year begins September 25th. Address Miss Kate Bryan Martin, principal. sept-17-6t-thur-sun-tu

Supreme Court of Georgia.

Clerk's Office, Atlanta, September 15, 1896—It appears from the dockets of the Supreme Court of the State of Georgia, for the October term, 1896, that the order of business at said term is as follows:

CRIMINAL CASES.. 25
(The hearing of these cases will begin Monday, October 5, 1896, and continue until all have been heard.)

CIVIL DOCKET.

SOUTHWESTERN CIRCUIT.
Dooly 6, Lee 1, Macon 2, Schley 1, Stewart 2, Sumter 8..........20

ALBANY CIRCUIT.
Baker 1, Decatur 1, Dougherty 2, Worth 1.. 5

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.
Brooks 1, City court of Lowndes county 1.. 2

OCONEE CIRCUIT.
Dodge 4, Pulaski 1, Twiggs 3, Wilcox 1.. 9

BRUNSWICK CIRCUIT.
Appling 6, Clinch 1, Coffee 1, Glynn 10, Ware 3, Wayne 1, city court of Brunswick 2..........24

ATLANTA CIRCUIT.
Fulton 26, city court of Atlanta 31.. 57

STONE MOUNTAIN CIRCUIT.
Clayton 1, DeKalb 4, Newton 1, Rockdale 1, city court of DeKalb county 1.. 8

MIDDLE CIRCUIT.
Bulloch 3, Jefferson 1, Tattnall 2, Washington 1.. 7

AUGUSTA CIRCUIT.
Burke 3, Columbia 1, McDuffie 1, Richmond 14, city court of Richmond county 3.. 22

EASTERN CIRCUIT.
Bryan 1, Chatham 8, Effingham 3, McIntosh 2, city court of Savannah 6....20

MACON CIRCUIT.
Bibb 33, Crawford 2, city court of Macon 8..43

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.
Elbert 7, Hancock 2, Hart [illegible] [illegible]ison 2, Oglethorpe 1, Taliaferro [illegible] [illegible]ren 3, city court of Elbert coun[illegible] 25

WESTERN CIRCUIT.
Banks 1, Clarke 6, Gwinnett 4, Oconee 1, Walton 1, city court of Athens 1.. 14

NORTHEASTERN CIRCUIT.
Dawson 1, Habersham 2, Hall 5, Rabun 2, White 1..........11

BLUE RIDGE CIRCUIT.
Cobb 4, Fannin 1, Forsyth 2, Milton 1, Pickens 1..........9

CHEROKEE CIRCUIT.
Bartow 2, Catoosa 3, Dade 1, Gordon 1, Murray 2, Whitfield 1.. 10

ROME CIRCUIT.
Floyd 4, Walker 3, city court of Floyd county 7.. 14

TALLAPOOSA CIRCUIT.
Douglas, Haralson 2, Paulding, 1, Polk 2..........6

COWETA CIRCUIT.
Campbell 1, Heard 1, Meriwether 1, Troup 1.. 4

FLINT CIRCUIT.
Monroe 2, Pike 1, Spalding 1, Upson 1.... 5

OCMULGEE CIRCUIT.
Baldwin 7, Greene 2, Jasper 3, Jones 1, Laurens 7, Putnam 1..........21

CHATTAHOOCHEE CIRCUIT.
Chattahoochee 2, Harris 1, Marion 1, Muscogee 14, Talbot 7, Taylor 2, city court of Columbus 1..........28

PATAULA CIRCUIT.
Early 4, Randolph 2, Terrell 1.. 7

Total.. 396

Z. D. HARRISON,
Clerk Supreme Court.

Fall 1896 — New Tailoring Novelties — New Men's Suits — New Boys' Suits — New Children's Suits — Fall 1896

—New Suits— —New Hats— —New Collars and Cuffs—

We open the season with every Department filled with reliable Merchandise, at reliable prices—Male attire from head to foot.

HIRSCH BROS.
Everybody's Clothiers. 44 Whitehall.

—New Overcoats— —New Hosiery— —New Handkerchiefs—

Fall 1896 — New Neckwear — New Underwear — New Macintoshes — New Umbrellas — Fall 1896

R. F. MADDOX, President. J. W. RUCKER, W. L. PEEL, } Vice Presidents. T. J. PEEPLES, Cashier. G. A. NICOLSON, Asst. Cashier.

MADDOX-RUCKER BANKING CO.

Capital and Surplus $200,000. : : : : : Stockholders' Liability $320,000

Solicit accounts of individuals, firms, corporations and banks, upon favorable terms. No interest allowed on open accounts subject to check. In our Savings Department we furnish books and receive amounts from $1.00 up to $5,000, on which interest is allowed at the rate of 4 per cent per annum. For out of town customers we issue certificates of deposit, bearing interest at 4 per cent. Withdrawals can be made only on presentation of the book or certificate.

We have bought out the stock of the Southern Trunk & Bag Co. We will sell all Trunks and Traveling Bags at prime cost for next 30 days.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

L. LIEBERMAN,
92 WHITEHALL ST.

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.
THE BROWN & KING SUPPLY CO
ATLANTA, GA.
BELTING, HOSE, PACKING, PIPE COVERING, SHAFTING, HANGERS, COUPLINGS.
PIPE, FITTINGS, BRASS GOODS, STEAM PUMPS, ENGINE BOILERS.
ETC.

The Tripod Paint Co. PAINTS AND ARTISTS MATERIALS GET OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING 41 & 43 EAST ALABAMA ST.

BEFORE - AFTER

VIGOR OF MEN MAGNETIC NERVINE

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored. Sold with a Written Guarantee to cure Lost Vitality, Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Failing Memory, and all Wasting Diseases and all Weaknesses resulting from early or later excesses. $1 per box, 6 for $5. Mailed to any address on receipt of price. The Rust Medicine Co., St. Paul, Minn.

HAMMACK, LUCAS & CO., Cor. Peachtree and Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

We Lead the Procession.

Have us do your Plumbing, Gas Fitting, Sewer Pipe Work, Steam Fitting, Hot Air Furnaces, Hot Water Heating, Ornamental, Galvanized Iron Work, Tin and Slate Roofing.

We will do more work and furnish more material than any firm in the state, and for less money. We employ mechanics that are up in their profession—pride themselves on their work. We furnished and put up complete seventy-one water closets ready for use in the last seven days. Who can equal it?

We carry from 300 to 500 in stock all the time, and can put them in on short notice. You don't have to wait for your goods. We have always got them. Our prices on Mantels, Tile, Grates and Gas Fixtures speak for themselves. Nobody can sell them as cheap. Give us a call.

We do the Plumbing for the people; our price gets it.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH CO

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE

Lea & Perrins

is now printed in BLUE, diagonally across the OUTSIDE wrapper of every bottle of

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

The Original and Genuine WORCESTERSHIRE, as a further protection against all imitations.

Agents for the United States, JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.